

Enugu-P4-Lit-w26-30-stage-Faw√.indd 1 9/6/16 2:29 PM

Literacy lesson plans Primary 4, term 3, weeks 26—30 Writing recounts, reports and debating

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#### Introduction

The literacy and numeracy lesson plans arising from the School Improvement Programme (SIP) are part of efforts to improve teaching and learning in response to the baseline surveys and classroom observations in 2010. These indicated that teachers had challenges with lesson delivery, which in turn negatively affected children's learning.

To improve children's learning, ESSPIN (Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria) supported the State to provide lesson plans to primary 1—3 teachers in all 1,223 public primary schools during the 2014/15 school year.

In the 2015/16 school year, we are glad to extend the lesson plans to primary 4—5 teachers to enable more children to benefit from the innovation.

Nneka Onuora
Executive Chairman,
Enugu State Universal
Basic Education Board

#### **Foreword**

Quality education comes about as a mix of factors. The teacher is the most important element in ensuring that a child acquires the right kind of education to meet acceptable learning outcome benchmarks. It takes a lot to bring a teacher to exhibit the right mix of attitudes, aptitudes and skills, which is why the state has partnered with ESSPIN to develop literacy and numeracy lesson plans.

I hope the lesson plans will empower our teachers to equip our children with the literacy and numeracy skills they need to succeed in both school and society. Finally, I commend all who have worked hard to develop and produce the lesson plans, especially the Enugu State Universal Basic Education Board, the UK Department for International Development (DFID) and the DFID-funded Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN).

**Professor Uche Eze** 

Honourable Commissioner for Education Enugu State

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The literacy lesson plans help you teach reading, writing, grammar, speaking and listening. Each week focuses on either reading or writing.

How

How?

This section illustrates a key concept through simple instructions and photographs. A sign at the top of the column shows you which part of the lesson uses this resource.

### **Learning expectations**

Every pupil in the class will be at a different stage of understanding in literacy. The first page of each week lists learning expectations for the week. These learning expectations are broken into three levels:

What **all** pupils will be able to do.

What **most** pupils will be able to do.

What **some** pupils will be able to do.

#### **Assessment**

Weeks 27 and 29 include an assessment task (on the weekly page) for you to carry out with five pupils at the end of the week. This will help you find out whether they have met the learning expectations.

Next to the task, there is an example of a pupil's work, which shows what a pupil can do if they have met the learning expectations.

If most pupils have not met the learning expectations, you may have to teach some of the week again.

For reading tasks, ask pupils to write answers in their exercise books so you can see what they can do.

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### **Spelling**

Each lesson starts with a spelling section. Pupils need to identify sounds in words in order to spell them. Tell pupils to try to sound out words before they spell them.

#### **Grammar**

Pupils will be taught different types of grammar to help them improve their writing and reading.

### Comprehension

Pupils will do activities to help them understand the passage they have been reading. Activities might be questions, role plays or drawing pictures.

### Reading

Arrange the class into groups of eight or fewer for supported group activities. There are four activities, A, B, C and D, which each group will complete during the week.

If you have a very large class, you may have more than one group for each letter.

### **Shared writing**

Take ideas for writing from the whole class. Write their ideas on the chalkboard and ask questions to develop their ideas and produce a piece of writing.

### **Guided writing**

Take ideas for writing from a group of pupils. Guide them to write by explaining and showing examples of good writing. Work with the group to produce one piece of writing.

### **Independent writing**

Pupils practise good writing using the skills learned during the week. This should be their own ideas and writing, not copied from the chalkboard.

### **Brainstorm**

Gather ideas for writing by collecting words and phrases that pupils can use during independent writing. Write the title in the middle of the chalkboard. Ask questions, and as pupils reply, write their answers around the title to make a spider diagram.

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# Weekly page Primary 4, literacy lesson plans

# Week 26: Yankari Game Reserve

### **Words/phrases**

## Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

game reserve chalet thatched roofs baboon restaurant barbecued shallow end antelope crocodile hippopotamus guide picnic

### **Learning expectations**

### By the end of the week:

### All pupils will be able to:

Read and answer questions about a recount.

## Most pupils will be able to:

Say the rules for writing a recount.

### Some pupils will be able to:

Add extra information, using commas, to make sentences more interesting.

### A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve part 1

My name is Selfi, and my two brothers are Bala and Ibrahim. Last year, Father took us to the Yankari Game Reserve.

When we arrived, a guide took us to our chalets. They were round huts with thatched roofs. We saw baboons walking around nearby. The guide told us not to feed them. We should also remember to lock the doors of our chalets and our car all the time. If we didn't, the baboons might steal our food and clothes.

Mother packed lots of food and drinks for us. The restaurant didn't have enough food because there were lots of people. In the evenings, they had barbecued meat in the outdoor eating place.

The next morning, we were standing in front of our hut and our door was open. Suddenly, a big baboon came around the back of the hut, ran inside. picked up our loaf of bread and ran off with it We all shouted. My brothers ran after it but it got away. At first, it was frightening when the baboon ran into the hut, but it was funny when we saw it running away with our bread. We laughed and laughed, but we never left our door open again.

#### Part 2

On the first day, at around noon, Father took us to Wikki Warm Springs. We had to walk down many steps to reach the water and the beach. It was beautiful. There were lots of people swimming. The water was warm. Father made sure that the younger children swam in the shallow end. The older children enjoyed playing in the water with balls and rubber rings and swimming boards.

On the second day, Father booked us on the game reserve jeep that would take us to the animal area. We started the tour at about 5pm. We saw some elephants and later we saw a group of antelopes.

When we got to the Gaji River area, we saw crocodiles and hippopotamuses. We did not see any lions but the guide pointed to the spots where lions could be found. We saw many beautiful birds as we rode along.

After the long tour, we were tired. When we returned to our chalet we ate our meal and went straight to bed.

#### Part 3

The third day was a celebration. There was music and a disco in the outdoor restaurant. Many more people came for picnics. Some were dancing and singing. Some spent the day swimming at the warm springs. Father booked us on a second tour of the game reserve. On that tour, we saw a lion. It was almost hidden by the dry trees and brown leaves. We also saw more elephants and antelopes moving to the riverside to drink.

On the fourth day, after lunch, we left and began our journey home to Jos. We had all enjoyed the visit to Yankari Game Reserve very much.

Sentences

### **Week 26:**

### **Yankari Game** A recount Reserve

### Day 1:

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Make longer words from root words.

Read and answer questions about a recount.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Write these sentences on the chalkboard: 'Tola a kind girl often helps me.', 'Last Monday I went to a party.', 'Suddenly we had to go home.', 'Bayo my little brother goes to school.', 'After a long journey we arrived at Yankari.'

Read How? Commas for extra information, as shown below.

### How? Commas for extra information



Ask the pupils to circle the commas in the passage on the chalkboard.



Look at this simple sentence. Ask for extra information, eg: 'When did Kande go?'



Add the extra information and separate it with a comma.



Ask for descriptive information about Kande.



Separate the extra information – use two commas when in the middle of a sentence.

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### **Spelling**

### Reading

#### Grammar

### **Group task**

Ask the groups what they need to do to make words mean the opposite, ie: add a prefix such as 'un' or 'dis'.

Remind the class that they can also change the way words are used by adding a suffix such as 'ly', 'ing' or 'ful'.

Write, 'love' on the chalkboard and ask the groups to use it to make longer words by adding a suffix.

Choose one group to write their new words, eg: 'lovely', 'loving', 'loved'.

Repeat with 'kind', 'help' and 'happy'.

### Whole class teaching

Read all of the words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the first three word/phrase cards and explain their meaning.

Read and explain sections 1 and 2 of 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve' from the chalkboard with the pupils.

Remind the class that this type of writing this is called a 'recount', because it retells something that happened.

Ask the class some questions about the text, eg: Where were the family going? Why did Mr Hassan book so early?

### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that commas are used to separate each item in a list, except for the last item where we use 'and'.

Explain that we also use commas to separate extra information in a sentence.

Teach How? Commas for extra information, as shown left.

Ask the pupils to look at the sentences on the chalkboard.

Ask them to find the extra information in each one and point to where the commas should go.

### Reading

### Supported group activities

### **Group A:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to draw a picture of their favourite part of the recount in their exercise books.

### **Group B:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap.

#### **Groups C and D:**

Tell these groups to copy the sentences on the chalkboard into their exercise books, putting in the missing commas.

### Plenary

### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say some of the things that happened at Yankari Game Reserve.

Choose some pupils to role play the baboon stealing the bread.

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Sentences

### **Week 26:**

## Reserve

### Day 2:

## Yankari Game Extra information

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Count the syllables in two-syllable words.

Use commas to separate extra information in sentences.

#### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Write the sentences from Week 26, Day 1 (yesterday) on the chalkboard.

Read How? Chin bumps for syllables, as shown below.

### How? Chin bumps for syllables



Write, 'unkind' and explain that it has two syllables or beats.



Tell the pupils to say 'unkind' and clap the beats.



Tell the pupils to rest their chin on the back of their hand.



Tell them to slowly say 'unkind' and feel their chin go down each time they say a vowel sound.



Sav other twosyllable words and ask the pupils to count the syllables using chin bumps.

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15 minutes Sentences

minutes

Sentences/Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

### **Spelling**

### Reading

#### Grammar

#### Reading

#### Plenary

### Whole class teaching

Ask a pupil to write the vowels on the chalkboard, ie: a, e, i, o and u.

Explain that words are made up of units of sound called 'syllables' and that each syllable contains a yowel sound

Teach How? Chin bumps for syllables, as shown left.

Choose some pupils to separate the following words into syllables on the chalkboard: mother, jumping, table, baby.

### Whole class teaching

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the next three word/phrase cards and explain their meaning.

Ask the class, 'What type of writing did we read yesterday?'

Choose some pupils to say where Selfi went and what he did.

Read and explain section 3 of 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve' from the chalkboard with the pupils.

Read and explain part 2 of 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve'.

### Pair task

Ask the groups to say where commas are used for extra information in the passage.

Explain that commas are often used to separate time connectives, eg: 'On the first day,'.

Ask the groups to say any other time connectives that they know, eg: 'suddenly', 'at first', 'next'.

Ask the pupils to look at the sentences on the chalkboard.

Ask them to point to where the commas should go to separate the extra information.

### **Supported group activities**

### **Groups A and B:**

Tell these groups to copy the sentences on the chalkboard into their exercise books, putting in the missing commas.

#### **Group C:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to draw a picture of their favourite part of the recount in their exercise books.

### **Group D:**

Tell this group to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap.

### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say some of the things that happened at Yankari Game Reserve.

Ask them to say some of the time connectives used in the recount.

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**Animal pictures** 

### **Week 26:**

### Yankari Game Interesting Reserve

## Day 3:

## sentences

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Split longer words into syllables in order to read and spell them.

Add extra information, using commas, to make sentences more interesting.

### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Draw pictures of an elephant, antelope, crocodile, hippopotamus and lion on paper.

Read How? Making interesting sentences, as shown below.

### How? **Making interesting** sentences



Look at the pictures and ask the pupils what they know about the animals.



Choose some pupils to role play simple sentences about the animals.



Ask the class: 'What did they look like?', 'What else were they doing?'



Ask a pupil to add the extra information to the sentence.



Ask another pupil to add extra information to the next sentence.

Enugu-P4-Lit-w26-30-stage-Faw√.indd 12 9/6/16 2:30 PM minutes

Word/phrase cards

minutes



minutes

Animal pictures/ Matching game/Snap game

minutes

### **Spelling**

Whole class teaching

Tell the class that we

reading and spelling.

and 'unimportant' on

Ask the pupils to count

Ask the pupils, in turn, to

'elephant' with you, count

Repeat with 'understand'

say their first name and clap

the chin bumps as

eg: dis-a-gree = 3.

each syllable.

they say each word,

Ask the pupils to say

write the word in their

the syllables and

exercise books.

and 'finishing'.

the chalkboard.

can split longer words

into syllables to help with

Write, 'disagree', 'seventeen'

### Reading

### Whole class teaching

Ask the class the meaning of the first six words/ phrases on the chalkboard.

> Show the next three word/ phrase cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

Read and explain the fourth section of 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve'. from the chalkboard with the pupils.

Ask the class some questions about the text, eg: What did the quide warn the children about?

Grammar

### Whole class teaching

Explain that adding extra information makes sentences more interesting.

**Teach How? Making** interesting sentences. as shown left.

Remind the pupils to use commas to separate the extra information.

### Reading

### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and D:**

Ask these groups to write sentences about the animal pictures in their exercise books. Ask them to include extra information and use commas.

### **Group B:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to draw a picture of their favourite part of the recount in their exercise books.

### **Group C:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books. then play the matching game/snap.

### **Plenary**

### **Group task**

Ask groups A and D to read some of their sentences.

Ask the other groups to notice any extra information that makes the sentences interesting.

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### **Week 26:**

### **Yankari Game** Recount rules Reserve

### Day 4:

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Split the months of the year into syllables in order to read and spell them.

Say the rules for writing a recount.

### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Have ready the animal pictures from Week 26, Day 3 (yesterday).

Read How? Syllables for the months of the year, as shown below.

### How? Syllables for the months of the year



Write the months of the year on the chalkboard.



Ask pupils to read them slowly, feeling each chin bump.



Ask the pupils to clap each syllable and mark them on the months.



Ask the pupils to write the months of the year in their exercise books.

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10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes

15 minutes Matching game/Snap game/ Animal pictures

5 minutes

### **Spelling**

### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Syllables for the months of the year, as shown left.

### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read and explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase cards, read and explain them.

Look at 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve' on the chalkboard with the pupils and ask, 'What do we call this type of writing?'

Remind the pupils of the rules for recount writing, ie: use the past tense, write in paragraphs in the order that events happened, use speech if possible and include descriptions.

#### Grammar

### Whole class teaching

Explain that using time connectives with a comma helps to keep the events in order.

Remind pupils that they can make the descriptions more interesting by adding extra information with commas.

Teach How? Making interesting sentences as shown in Week 26, Day 3 (yesterday).

Use different sentences, eg: 'The elephant stamped.' could become, 'The elephant, feeling cross, stamped noisily.'

**Supported group activities** 

### **Group A:**

Reading

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap.

### **Groups B and C:**

Ask these groups to write sentences about the animal pictures in their exercise books. Ask them to include extra information and use commas.

#### **Group D:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading.
After reading, ask them to draw a picture of their favourite part of the recount in their exercise books.

### Plenary

### Whole class teaching

Look at 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to explain why this writing is a recount, eg: it is written in the past tense, it has time connectives

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Word/phrase cards/ Questions

### **Week 26:**

### **Yankari Game** Role playing Reserve

### Day 5:

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Split longer words into syllables in order to read and spell them.

**Answer questions about** a recount.

### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Prepare a set of word/phrase cards for each group.

Write the questions from the comprehension task, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Group role play, as shown below.

### How? Group role play



Driving to Yankari and arriving at the chalet.



The baboon in the chalet and swimming at Wikki Warm Springs.



The game reserve tour.



The dancing, picnics and second tour of the game reserve.



Ask each group to say sentences to describe what happened.

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5 minutes

### **Spelling**

### Reading

### Comprehension

#### Plenary

#### Pair task

Write the following words on the chalkboard: sleeping yesterday nineteen hopeful goalkeeper playtime underground

Ask the pairs to write the words in their exercise books and split them into syllables, eg: sleeping = slee-ping.

Choose some pairs to read and say the number of syllables in each word and ask the class if they agree.

Dictate this sentence for the pupils to write in their exercise books: 'Seventeen pupils are listening.'

### **Group task**

Give each group a set of word/phrase cards.

Read out some of the words and ask the groups to hold up the matching card.

Look at 'A visit to the Yankari Game Reserve' on the chalkboard.

Read the whole passage with the pupils.

### Whole class teaching

Ask each group to role play a different section of the recount, as shown left in How? Group role play.

Ask each group to perform their role play for the class.

### **Group task**

Read the following questions on the chalkboard:
'What did the guide warn the children about?'

'What did the children do at Wikki Warm Springs?' 'What did they see on the first game reserve tour?'

'What did the children do on the third day?'

Ask the groups to discuss the questions.

Choose pupils from each group to answer the questions.

### Whole class teaching

Choose some pairs to answer the following questions:

'What does a full stop do?'
'What else can you put
at the end of a sentence?'
'When can you use
a comma?'

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Grade/ Type of lesson plan

Lesson title

Weekly page
Primary 4,
literacy
lesson plans

Week 27: My home

**Words/phrases** 

**Wow! words** 

Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week.

Make two flash cards for each word.

travelled
visit
village
city
hotel
welcome
environment
neighbour
animals
electricity
games
crops

peaceful busy noisy dusty cheerful friendly **Learning expectations** 

By the end of the week:

All pupils will be able to: Write some sentences about where they live.

Most pupils will be able to: Write a simple recount in the past tense.

Some pupils will be able to: Write a recount with paragraphs and interesting openers for sentences.

#### **Assessment task**

### Example of a pupil's work

#### **Instructions:**

Ask an individual pupil to:

1

Read their recount from Day 5 to you.

2

Ask two pupils to read each other's recount and answer the following questions:

'What takes place in the recount?'

'Who is the recount about?'

'What happened on the last day?'

### This pupil can:

Write a recount following the rules for recount writing.

Include wow! words to make their report writing more interesting.

Use punctuation correctly.

### my home

One day, my friend Joseph came to spend a week in my house with me. Joseph who is my best friend, is a lovely, funny, friendly person.

The first day, after he had dropped his overnight bag in my house, we went out for shopping. At the end of my street ther are some local shops. We bought rice, meat, tomatoes, salt, pepper, juice and yam.

Later, in the evening, we prepared our own food. It was great fun and Joseph told lots of jokes while we cooked. Sadly, the meal was not as good as my mums meals are, but we did have a good time.

The last day, before Yoseph had to go back, we played football behind my house. "Goal, goal, goal!" shouted Yoseph every time he hicked the ball. He is so funny, my sweet friend Yoseph.

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Paper/ Sentences

# Week 27: My home

# Day 1: Openers

### Learning outcomes

### Preparation

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read words with silent 'k', 'b' and 'r'.

Use adverbs as openers in a recount.

### Before the lesson:

Have ready a large piece of paper.

Write these sentences on the chalkboard: 'We drove to the hotel.', 'Bayo greeted us.', 'I held the baby.', 'Joseph prepared a meal.', 'It was time to go out.'

Read How? Shared writing: a visit, as shown below.

### How? Shared writing: a visit



Draw a village, town or city you have visited on a large piece of paper.



Ask the class to help you write the introduction.



Ask the pupils to help you write a new paragraph to describe the place.



Ask, 'What were the houses like?' and write a new paragraph.



Ask, 'What was the environment like?'

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'Silent "b" comes after an "m" or before a "t". 'Silent "w" often comes before "r" in a word.

Ask the pairs to write the words with silent letters in their exercise books.

for recount writing?'

Remind the class that recounts are written in the past tense, in the order that events happened, include descriptions and sometimes contain speech.

next day.

'Suddenly', 'Carefully', 'Quickly'.

Ask the pairs to say one of these adverbs as an opener for each sentence.

Ask the pairs to use the adverbs to complete the sentences in their exercise books.

pupils' ideas on the wow! words wall.

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Shared writing/Wow! words wall/ Picture

## Week 27: My home

# Day 2: Shared writing

### Learning outcomes

### Preparation

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Identify silent letters in words.

Contribute ideas to a written recount.

### Before the lesson:

Have ready the shared writing and wow! words wall from Week 27, Day 1 (yesterday).

Draw a picture of a house that you have visited.

Read How? Silent letters, as shown below.

### How? Silent letters



Write these silent letter words on the chalkboard and draw a picture for each one.



Ask the groups to take turns reading each word and pointing to the silent letter.



Ask the other groups to check that they read the word correctly.



Count the sounds in each word.



Ask each group to say and write sentences for two of the words.

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20 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Shared writing/Picture 15 minutes 10 minutes

### **Spelling**

### **Shared writing**

#### Grammar

### Plenary

### **Group task**

Teach How? Silent letters, as shown left.

### Whole class teaching

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard with the pupils.

Show the next three word/phrase cards and make sure the pupils understand them.

Read the shared writing you did with the class on Week 27, Day 1 (yesterday).

Show the class the picture of a house and ask them to help you write a paragraph to describe it.

Ask the pupils to help you describe what happened on your visit, eg: where you went, what you saw, who you met.

Ask the pupils to help you complete your recount.

Ask them to say the rules for writing a recount.

Choose some pupils to point to past tense verbs you have used.

Ask the class to check that it is written in the correct order and ask pupils to point to any time connectives you have used.

Read the recount to the class and ask them to say what each paragraph is about.

### **Group task**

Write the following recount on the chalkboard and read it out:
'the next day tunde woke up late after breakfast segun took him for a drive driving slowly segun showed him many interesting things that is ahmadu bello stadium he said'

Ask the groups to say what is wrong with this recount.

Ask the groups to copy this recount into their exercise books, putting in the missing capital letters and punctuation marks.

Remind them to use full stops, commas and speech marks.

### Whole class teaching

Ask each group to put some of the missing capital letters and punctuation marks in the recount.

Ask the groups to say when capital letters are needed, eg: at the beginning of a sentence, for names of places and people.

Tell the class to look at the shared writing and ask some pupils to check that capital letters and punctuation marks have been used correctly.

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Paper/ Wow! words wall

# Week 27: My home

# Day 3: Where I live

### **Learning outcomes**

### Preparation

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read words with a silent 'h'.

Write some sentences about where they live.

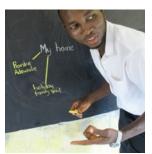
### Before the lesson:

Have ready two large pieces of paper.

Have ready the wow! words wall from Week 27, Day 2 (yesterday).

Read How? Brainstorm: my home, as shown below.

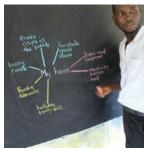
### How? Brainstorm: my home



Ask the pupils,
'What was the name
of the friend?, Why
did the friend visit?'



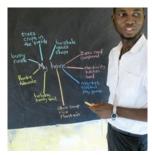
Ask, 'What can you see in your village/town/city?'



Ask the pupils to describe their homes.



Ask, 'What meals did the friend eat?'



Ask, 'What did you do?, Where did you go?'

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next day.

to visit where they live.

Explain that they are

describing what the

friend saw and did.

going to write a recount

Ask the pupils to say

where else it is silent, ie:

when it comes after 'g'

and sometimes after 'c'.

Ask the class to count the sounds in each word, eq: ch-a-r-a-c-t-er = 7.

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title

Lesson

Words/Brainstorm/Drawing/ Wow! words wall

### **Week 27:** My home

## Day 4: A recount

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read words with a silent 'g'.

Write a recount independently.

### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Write the following silent 'h' words on the chalkboard: 'what', 'character', 'choir', 'ghost'.

Have ready the brainstorm, drawing and wow! words wall from Week 27, Day 3 (yesterday).

Read How? Role play, as shown below.

### How? **Role play**



Role play meeting the friend and taking him or her home.



Role play meeting the family.



Role play showing the friend around the home.



Role play playing a game with the friend.



Role play having a meal and going to bed.

Enugu-P4-Lit-w26-30-stage-Faw√.indd 26 9/6/16 2:30 PM 15 Words minutes

minutes

Word/phrase cards/ Drawing



minutes

Brainstorm/ Wow! words wall

Independent writing

minutes

**Plenary** 

### **Spelling**

### **Guided writing**

### **Group task**

Ask each group to say two words they know that have silent letters

Ask each group to read one of the silent 'h' words on the chalkboard.

Write the following words on the chalkboard and read and explain them: 'anash', 'gnat', 'sign', 'resign'.

Ask the groups to notice the silent letter and where it comes in the word.

Explain that 'a' is often silent when it comes before 'n'.

Ask the groups to write the silent 'g' words in their exercise books and draw a picture for each word.

### Whole class teaching

Read the first nine words/ phrases on the chalkboard and choose some pupils to explain them.

Show the last three word/ phrase cards, read them and explain their meaning.

Choose some pupils to come and write the words on the chalkboard.

Remind the pupils that they are going to write their own recount called 'My home'.

Ask the class to look at the drawing and say some sentences about where they live.

### **Group task**

Ask the groups to take turns role playing, as shown left in How? Role play.

Encourage the pupils to use speech and do actions.

On the chalkboard, write:

'Last year. came to .'

'I took \_\_\_\_\_ to my home and showed

Ask the groups to think about the role plays and suggest ideas to complete these sentences.

#### Individual task

Tell the pupils to write 'My home' in their exercise books.

Ask them to complete the sentences on the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to write in the name of a friend and the name of the place where they live.

Ask the pupils to try to write four more sentences.

Encourage them to use some of the words/phrases, the brainstorm and the wow! words wall.

### Whole class teaching

Ask the class to say the rules for writing a recount.

Ask the pupils to check that they have written their recount in the past tense and in the correct order.

Ask the pupils to say any time connectives they have used.

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Silent letter cards/Brainstorm/ Drawing/Wow! words wall

### Week 27: My home

## Day 5: Role play

### Learning outcomes

### Preparation

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with silent letters.

Write recount paragraphs independently.

### Before the lesson:

Make a set of 'k', 'w', 'b', 'h', 'g' silent letter cards for each group.

Have ready the brainstorm, drawing and wow! words wall from Week 27, Day 3 (earlier this week).

Read How? Role play 2, as shown below.

### How? Role play 2



Ask some pupils to role play the friend getting up and walking around.



Ask the pupils to draw places of interest and role play going there.



Ask the pupils to role play going to the market.



Ask the pupils to role play showing the friend the school.



Discuss ideas from the role plays to complete the next two paragraphs.

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15 minutes Silent letter cards

minutes

Brainstorm/Wow! words wall/Drawing



15 minutes minutes

### **Spelling**

### **Guided writing**

### **Group task**

Ask each group to say and write three words with silent letters on the chalkboard.

Give each group a set of silent letter cards.

Read out the following words and ask the groups to hold up the silent letter in each word: 'comb', 'wrist', 'sign', 'what', 'character', 'ghost', 'white', 'lamb', 'kneel', 'write', 'echo', 'anash', 'climb', 'knead'.

Dictate some of the words for the pupils to write in their exercise books.

### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to write the words/phrases on the chalkboard as you say them.

Remind the class that they have been writing a recount.

Explain that they need to include interesting words to make their writing interesting.

Ask them to say some openers they could use (include adverbs and time connectives).

Read out the brainstorm and the wow! words wall and look at the drawing with the class

Teach How? Role play 2, as shown left.

Remind the pupils that recounts are divided into paragraphs (sections).

Tell them to put new ideas or events into a new paragraph.

### **Independent writing**

#### Individual task

Ask the pupils to open their exercise books and find the recount writing from Week 27, Day 4 (yesterday).

Ask them to complete the following paragraphs: 'The next day, \_\_\_\_.' 'On the last day, \_\_\_\_.

Encourage the pupils to use all of the ideas they have been collecting this week.

### **Plenary**

### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read their recounts to the class.

Ask the pupils to say some of the rules for recount writing.

Ask the pupils to give examples of openers that make writing more interestina.

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# Weekly page Primary 4, literacy lesson plans

# Week 28: The Super Eagles

### **Words/phrases**

## Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

memorable
referee
filed
accurate
rewarded
spectators
stadium
celebration
goal
equalised
determine
penalty shoot-out

### **Learning expectations**

### By the end of the week:

### All pupils will be able to:

Answer questions about a report.

## Most pupils will be able to:

Use different paragraphs to describe the information in a report.

## Some pupils will be able to:

Say the rules for writing a report.

#### A memorable football match

The football match
I remember best was the
one between the Super
Eagles of Nigeria and
the Indomitable Lions of
Cameroon

It was the final to decide the winner of the Africa Cup of Nations. It seems that the whole of Nigeria watched the game on television! Everyone was very excited.

It was nearly 4 o'clock on that Sunday 27th February 2000 when both teams filed out and lined up on the field. There were shouts and cheers from spectators for both teams. The referee blew his whistle at exactly 4.30pm and the game began.

In the eleventh minute, the Indomitable Lions scored their first goal! The Super Eagles did not give up and they fought hard to score themselves, but it was very difficult.

By half time, the Lions had scored their second goal, bringing the score to two-nil. Everyone was sad and the spectators were quiet – but we never lost hope.

During the second half, the Super Eagles played fast and accurate football and they were rewarded with their first goal. The Nigerian spectators were so happy and we all stood up round the television and cheered with our hands in the air. The spectators in the stadium sang our popular song, 'All we are saying is give us more goals'.

There was an even louder celebration when the Eagles scored their second goal in the dying minutes of the second half, bringing the score to two-all. The Super Eagles had equalised with the Indomitable Lions! The referee blew his whistle.

To determine the winner, the match went into extra time but neither the Eagles nor the Lions managed to score. According to the rules, if there is no winner after extra time, the winner is decided through a penalty shoot-out.

The Lions lost one penalty kick but the Eagles lost two. And so the Indomitable Lions won the cup. It was a sad day for Nigeria, although the Super Eagles did win the silver medal. All the players said they would try very hard to win the Africa Cup of Nations the next time.

Sentences

### Week 28:

# The Super Eagles

# Day 1: Either and neither

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell the homophones 'right' and 'write'.

Use 'either' and 'neither' correctly.

### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard: 'Neither Funmi \_\_\_\_\_
Grace were late for school.',
'I can use \_\_\_\_\_ a pen or a pencil.',
'We can be \_\_\_\_ well or ill.',
'Snails can \_\_\_\_ talk \_\_\_\_ sing.'

Read How? Either or neither, as shown below.

### How? Either or neither



Choose some pairs to role play: 'I want either an orange or a mango.'



'I want neither an orange nor a mango.'



Tell the pairs to either stand or jump.



Tell the pairs to neither stand nor jump.



Ask some pairs to give you either a pen or a book.

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10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes How

Sentences 15

15 minutes Matching game/ Snap game/Sentences 5 minutes

### **Spelling**

### Reading

#### Grammar

### Reading

#### Plenary

### **Group task**

Remind the class that 'homophones' are words that have the same sound but different spellings and meanings.

Write on the chalkboard, 'I know a bee is here.'

Choose some groups to say the homophones and write the different spellings on the chalkboard (no, be, hear).

Say, 'I write with my right hand.'

Ask the groups to help you spell 'write' and 'right'.

Ask the groups to write sentences with 'right' and 'write' in their exercise books.

### Whole class teaching

Read all of the words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the first three word/ phrase cards, read them and explain their meaning.

Ask the pupils if they have ever watched a football match and if they know any rules for playing football.

Read and explain the first two paragraphs of 'A memorable football match'.

### Whole class teaching

Explain that we use 'either' to mean 'one or the other' of two things, and 'neither' to mean 'not one and not the other' of two things.

Explain that 'either' is used with 'or' and 'neither' is used with 'nor'.

Teach How? Either or neither, as shown left.

Read and explain the sentences on the chalk-board and ask the pairs to say the missing words.

Ask the pairs to say some sentences using 'either' and 'or' and 'neither' and 'nor'.

### **Supported group activities**

### **Group A:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to draw one of the Super Eagles in their exercise books and write words to describe how he felt during the match.

### **Group B:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

### **Groups C and D:**

Tell these groups to complete the sentences on the chalkboard in their exercise books and try to write their own either and neither sentences.

### Whole class teaching

Ask the class to say what happened in 'A memorable football match'.

Explain that this type of writing is called a 'report'.

Say, 'A report gives you information about a subject or something that happened.'

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Homophone cards

### **Week 28:**

# The Super Eagles

# Day 2: A report

### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the different spellings for some common homophones.

Read and discuss a report.

### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Make homophone flash cards of the following words for each group: 'meet', 'meat', 'bee', 'be', 'know', 'no', 'knew', 'new', 'hear', 'here', 'right', 'write', 'for', 'four'.

Read How? Homophone pairs, as shown below.

### How? Homophone pairs



Give each pupil a homophone flash card and tell them to walk around the classroom.



Ask them to look for a pupil with a matching homophone.



Choose some pairs to write their homophones in sentences on the chalkboard.



Collect the flash cards, shuffle them and repeat this process two more times.



Choose some pairs to write their homophones in sentences on the chalkboard.

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15 minutes low

Homophone cards

10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes Sentences

15 minutes

Reading

Sentences/ Matching game/Snap game

5 minutes

**Spelling** 

to win.'

Choose some groups

to spell 'for' and 'four'

different meanings.

pairs, as shown left.

flash cards

using the homophone

on the chalkboard and

ask them to explain the

Teach How? Homophone

**Group task** 

### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Dictate the following
sentences for the
groups to write in their
exercise books:

Read the first three words/
phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to
say them with you.

'I want to play for a team.'

'We need four goals

Read and explain the next three word/phrase cards.

Ask the class, 'What type of writing did we read yesterday?'

Read and explain the last three paragraphs of 'A memorable football match'.

Ask some pupils to explain why the Super Eagles lost.

Choose a pupil to find 'neither' in the report and read the sentence to the class

**Grammar** 

### Pair task

Ask the pairs to say the rules for using 'either' and 'neither'.

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'At the start of the match
\_\_\_\_\_ the Eagles \_\_\_\_\_ the
Lions could win.'

'Neither the Eagles \_\_\_\_ the Lions managed to score.'

'At the end of the second half \_\_\_\_\_ the Eagles \_\_\_\_ the Lions had won.'

Ask the pairs to say the missing words.

Remind the pairs that 'either' is used with 'or' and neither' is used with 'nor'.

### Supported group activities

### **Groups A and B:**

Tell these groups to complete the sentences on the chalkboard in their exercise books and try to write their own either and neither sentences.

### **Group C:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading.
After reading, ask them to draw one of the Super Eagles in their exercise books and write words to describe how he felt during the match.

### **Group D:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

### Plenary

### Whole class teaching

Explain the meaning of 'indomitable' (impossible to beat).

Ask, 'Why do you think the Nigerian team chose to be called the Eagles?'

Ask, 'Why do you think the Cameroon team chose to be called the Lions?'

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Homophone cards

### **Week 28:**

## The Super Eagles

## Day 3:

## The manager

### **Learning outcomes**

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Explain the meaning of some common homophones.

Say some speech sentences.

### **Preparation**

### Before the lesson:

Have ready the homophone flash cards from Week 28, Day 2 (yesterday).

Read How? The manager, as shown below.

### How? The manager



Ask the groups to role play the manager talking to the Eagles at half time.



Ask the groups to write what the manager says in speech bubbles.



Ask the groups to say other words for 'said' and write them on the chalkboard.



Remind the groups how to write speech in sentences.



Ask the groups to write speech sentences for the manager on the chalkboard.

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Give each group some

homophone flash cards

and ask them to choose

Tell the groups to hold up

each homophone as they

their sentences are correct.

Write, 'threw' and 'through'

three homophones.

say a sentence for it.

on the chalkboard.

meanings.

Ask the other groups if

Read and explain their

Dictate the following

pupils to write in their

'I went through the door.'

sentences for the

exercise books:

'He threw the ball.'

10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes



15 minutes

Reading

Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes Words

#### Plenary

#### **Spelling**

**Group task** 

#### Reading

#### .

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils the meaning of the first six words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Read the next three word/phrase cards with the pupils, discussing what they mean.

Look at 'A memorable football match' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say what they remember about the passage.

Explain, 'Reports are different from recounts. Reports do not have to be written in order but all the details must be correct.'

Say, 'Newspapers include reports about the news and sport.'

#### **Group task**

**Grammar** 

Teach How? The manager, as shown left.

Remind the groups to use speech marks and a comma between the speech and the speaker.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and D:**

Ask these groups to write sentences describing what the manager said to the Eagles.

#### **Group B:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading.
After reading, ask them to draw one of the Super Eagles in their exercise books and write words to describe how he felt during the match.

#### **Group C:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Group task**

Ask groups A and D to read their sentences to the class.

Ask the other groups to notice any words they use for 'said'.

Write the 'said' words on the chalkboard and keep them for the next day.

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Words

### **Week 28:**

## The Super Eagles

## Day 4: Paragraphs

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Use homophones correctly when writing.

Understand how to organise ideas into paragraphs.

#### Before the lesson:

**Preparation** 

Have ready the 'said' words from Day 3 (yesterday).

Read How? Paragraphs, as shown below.

#### How? Paragraphs



Ask each group to role play the following paragraphs from the passage:



The referee blowing the whistle and the Lions scoring two goals.



The Eagles scoring and the spectators singing.



The Eagles scoring the second goal.



Extra time, the penalty shoot-out and the Lions winning the cup.

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minutes



Word/phrase cards

minutes

Words

minutes

Reading

Matching game/ Snap game

minutes

**Plenary** 

Write 'write', 'for' and 'threw' on the chalkboard.

Choose some pairs to write the different spellings under each word.

Ask the pairs to say sentences with both words.

Write the following on the chalkboard:

'He \_\_\_\_ the seeds in

'I need food my snack.'

'I \_\_\_\_ with a pen.'

'The doa ran \_\_\_\_ the trees.'

Ask the pairs to say the missing words and complete the sentences in their exercise books.

#### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read and explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Read and explain the next three word/ phrase cards.

Read through the passage 'A memorable football match' with the pupils.

Remind the groups that we use paragraphs in writing to introduce new sections.

Teach How? Paragraphs, as shown left.

#### Pair task

**Grammar** 

Explain that reports often contain speech.

Ask the pairs to say some of the rules for writing speech.

Read the 'said' words and ask the pairs if they can suggest any others.

Ask the pairs to take turns role playing the manager and one of the Eagles.

Ask them to think of auestions and answers the manager and the player might say.

Choose some pairs to show their role play to the class.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Group A:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books. then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups B and C:**

Ask these groups to write sentences describing what the manager said to the Eagles.

#### Group D:

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to draw one of the Super Egales in their exercise books and write words to describe how he felt during the match.

### Whole class teaching

Explain that reports have paragraphs for different parts of the information.

Ask the pupils to look at the first paragraph in 'A memorable football match' and say what it is about, ie: an introduction to the match between the Eagles and the Lions.

Repeat this process for each paragraph.

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Word search/ Word/phrase cards

### **Week 28:**

## The Super Eagles

## **Day 5:**

## **Understanding** a report

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Use common homophones correctly in sentences.

Answer questions about a report.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the word search, shown opposite, on to the chalkboard have ready a set of word/phrase cards for each group.

Write the sentences from today's comprehension task, shown opposite, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Rules for report writing, as shown below.

#### How? Rules for report writing



Reports have a title to explain what the writing is about.



The first paragraph introduces the topic.



Each paragraph contains new information.



The facts and information must be explained clearly.



Use interesting openers for each paragraph.

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Word search

10 minutes

Reading



Word/phrase cards

30 minutes

5 minutes

**Plenary** 

#### **Spelling**

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say some homophones and explain their different meanings.

Write 'not' on the chalkboard and ask the class if they know another spelling for this word.

Write 'knot' and explain its meaning.

Choose some pupils to point to the homophones in the word search.

#### Word search

r	m	t	k	t	m	t
W	q	У	h	h	Т	U
r	r	f	0	r	t	S
i	i	f	0	0	е	g
t	g	а	n	U	U	W
е	h	k	0	g	r	n
U	t	Τ	t	h	С	g

Write each homophone as the pupils find them ('not', 'knot', 'right', 'write', 'for', 'four', 'threw', 'through').

Ask the pupils to say each homophone in a sentence.

#### **Group task**

Give each group a set of word/phrase cards.

Read out some of the words/phrases and ask the groups to hold up the matching card.

Ask the groups to say the type of writing they have been reading this week.

Teach How? Rules for report writing, as shown left.

Ask the groups to read through 'A memorable football match' and check each rule in the passage.

#### **Group task**

Comprehension

Read the following questions and ask the groups to discuss the answers:

'Which two teams were playing?'

'Where did Nigerians watch the match?'

'Why were Nigerians sad?'

'When did the Eagles score their goals?'

Choose some groups to say the answers and ask the class if they are correct.

Tell pupils to complete the questions in their exercise books.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the class to say the rules for writing a report.

Ask the pupils if they have heard of any other famous football matches or know the names of any football players.

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Weekly page
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lesson plans

Week 29:
The football match

**Words/phrases** 

**Wow! words** 

Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week.

Make two flash cards for each word.

defender attacker head the ball goalkeeper shoot possession whistle throw-in corner kick half time final score champions dribbled swerved dodged tackled dived Learning expectations

By the end of the week:

All pupils will be able to: Write some sentences about a football match.

Most pupils will be able to: Write a simple report with paragraphs.

Some pupils will be able to: Write some sentences with subordinate clauses.

#### **Assessment task**

#### Example of a pupil's work

#### **Instructions:**

Ask an individual pupil to:

1

Read their report written on Day 5 of Week 29.

2

Explain the rules for report writing.

3

Answer questions, such as:

'Which team scored the most?'

'What was the manager's view on the match?'

'Who was the star player of the match?'

#### This pupil can:

Use the rules for report writing.

Include wow! words to make their report writing more interesting.

Use punctuation correctly.

#### Getting close to a score!

After a short break, in which all players restored their energy, the two teams returned back on the field. Both teams, only scoring one goal in the first half, were eager to start the second half.

The players, on both the red and the blue team had equal possession of the ball. The blue team nearly scored twice but both times the ball disappeared behind the goal into the bush.

Close to the end of the match, the goalkeeper kicked the ball far over the field. One of the strikers on the red team received the ball, dribbled a little and kicked the ball over the goalkeeper, into the left corner.

"Goaaaaall!!" shouted the spectators excitedly.

After the match the coach of the blue team analysed their loss, "We really did the best we could and tried to defend aur goal but in the end we did not score and they did."

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Pitch/Football/Whistle/ Wow! words wall/Paper

### **Week 29:**

### The football match

## Day 1:

## The football teams

#### Learning outcomes

#### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with the long 'a' sound.

Talk about a football game, using interesting verbs and adverbs.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Mark out a football pitch with goal areas outside and find a football and a whistle.

Make a wow! words wall.

Read How? Football match first half, as shown below, and have ready a large piece of paper.

#### How? Football match first half



Choose some pupils to demonstrate run on to the foothow to dribble with, and head, the ball.



Tell the teams to ball pitch.



Tell the referee to blow the whistle and the teams to play.



Tell the managers to shout advice and the spectators to cheer and sing.



Tell the referee to blow the whistle for half time after 10 minutes.

Enugu-P4-Lit-w26-30-stage-Faw√.indd 44 9/6/16 2:31 PM the long 'a' sound at the end of a word is usually spelled 'ay'.

Ask, 'Can anyone spell eighteen and weight?'

Explain that 'eigh' also makes the long 'a' sound.

Dictate this sentence for the pupils to write in their exercise books: 'After eighteen days, the rain came again.

Tell the class that they are going to play their own football match and write a football report this week.

Choose some pupils to be players in two teams and ask the class to make up team names.

Choose some pupils to be the managers, a referee and spectators.

Discuss the rules for playing football.

pass the ball, kick, run.

Write their ideas on the large piece of paper and keep it for the next day.

Read and explain the words in the wow! words wall.

Ask the pairs to say adverbs to describe the verbs and write these on the wow! words wall. eg: quickly, cleverly.

Sav. 'Subordinate clauses give extra information. They do not make sense on their own.'

Explain that we can use 'who' with commas to add a subordinate clause to a sentence.

Ask the pairs to add subordinate clauses to this sentence: 'Ayo, who \_\_\_\_, cheered her team.'

#### Whole class teaching

Discuss the score so far and discuss what each team

Ask the pupils who were football players to describe how they felt when they were playing the game.

Discuss any goals they scored and ask the class who they think will win when they play the second half tomorrow.

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Wow! words wall/Paper/
Pitch/Football/Whistle/Sentences

### **Week 29:**

## The football match

## **Day 2:**

## **Final score**

### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with the long 'i' sound.

Say sentences with subordinate clauses about a football game.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the wow! words wall, the piece of paper, the football pitch, football and whistle from Week 29, Day 1 (yesterday).

Write the grammar sentences, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Football match second half, as shown below.

## How? Football match second half



Tell the teams to run on to the football pitch and ask the spectators to cheer.



Tell the referee to blow the whistle and the teams to play the second half.



Encourage the players to tackle each other to get the ball.



Try to ensure that the teams score goals, take corner kicks and have throw-ins.



After 10 minutes, tell the referee to blow the whistle and say the final score.

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10 minutes

minutes

Word/phrase cards



shown left.

Pitch/Football/Whistle/ Wow! words wall/Paper minutes

minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Shared writing

## Whole class teaching

Ask some pupils to write the following words on the chalkboard: 'try', 'my', 'nine', 'smile', 'pie', 'die', 'night', 'light'.

Choose some pupils to underline the letters that make the long 'i' sound.

Explain that some words have a different spelling and ask the pupils to help you write the following words on the chalkboard: 'wild', 'child', 'kind', 'find'.

Dictate this sentence for the pupils to write in their exercise books: 'A star shines high in the sky.'

#### Whole class teaching

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Make sure they understand their meaning.

Read and explain the next three word/phrase cards.

Choose some pupils to explain what happened in the football match on Week 29, Day 1 (yesterday).

#### Take the pupils outside and teach How? Football match second half, as

Ask the pairs to say some words to describe the players, eq: brave, quick, clever, skilful.

Write their ideas on the wow! words wall.

Ask the pairs to suggest some speech for the referee, eq: 'Give him the ball.', 'That is a free kick.'

Ask the pairs to suggest some speech for the spectators, eg: 'Come on! You can score a goal.'

Write their ideas on the large piece of paper and keep it for the next day.

### Pair task

**Grammar** 

Remind the pupils that they have been learning about subordinate clauses.

Explain that if the information is about a person then we use 'who', but if it is about an animal or a thing we use 'which'.

Read the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'Tade, \_\_\_\_ is a skilful player, scored two goals'.

'The whistle, \_\_\_\_ was old, did not work.'

Ask the pairs to complete the sentences in their exercise books using 'who' or 'which'.

### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pairs to read out their sentences and ask the class to say if they are correct.

Tell the pupils to check that they have used commas to separate the subordinate clause

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Word search/Microphone/Paper/ Ideas/Wow! words wall

### **Week 29:**

## The football match

## Day 3:

## **Interviews**

#### **Learning outcomes**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with the long 'o' sound.

Ask and answer questions in an interview.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the word search, shown right, on to the chalkboard.

Have ready a large piece of paper, the wow! words wall and the ideas paper from Week 29, Day 2 (yesterday).

Make a microphone from cardboard and read How? Interviews, as shown below.

#### How? Interviews



Ask some of the players from one team to sit at the front of the classroom.



Choose a pupil to be the reporter and to hold the microphone.



Tell the reporter to ask the players questions and tell the players to reply.



Repeat with players from the other team and a different reporter.



Choose some pupils to interview the managers.

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#### **Spelling**

#### Whole class teaching

Write 'goat', 'stone' and 'show' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to read the words and underline the long 'o' sound in each word.

Ask the pupils to find the long 'o' words in the word search and write them on the chalkboard (arrow, yellow, goal, hope, road, nose, cone, slow, woke, so, go).

#### Word search

r	٧	У	g	h	n
0	а	е	i	0	0
i	r	T	S	р	S
S	r	Т	х	е	е
Τ	0	0	х	n	С
0	W	w	0	j	у
W	S	С	0	g	Х
g	0	а	Τ	k	i
r	0	а	d	0	е

#### **Shared writing**

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils the meaning of the first six words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Read out the next three word/phrase cards with the pupils, discussing what they mean.

Remind the class that they are going to write a football report.

Ask the pairs to say some things they remember about the football match.

### Brainstorm

#### Whole class teaching

Write 'The football match', in the middle of the piece of paper and ask the class to write the main parts of the game around it.

Read out the ideas from yesterday on the piece of paper to remind the pupils what happened.

Ask the pupils the following questions:

'What were the teams called?'

'What happened in the first half?'

'What happened in the second half?'

'What were the spectators saying?'

Say: 'Football games are often reported on television.

The reporter interviews

The reporter interviews the players and the manager for more information.'

Ask the pairs to think of some questions to ask the managers and players about the football game they have just played.

Write some of the questions on the chalkboard, eg:
'Which position do you like to play best?'
'How did you feel when you were playing?'

Teach How? Interviews, as shown left.

#### Plenary

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to write some of the players' and managers' answers on the chalkboard.

Remind them to use speech marks, eg: The manager said, 'The other team kept possession of the ball. We need to tackle more.'

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Flash cards/Brainstorm/ Wow! words wall

### **Week 29:**

## The football match

## Day 4: The first half

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with the long 'e' sound.

Write a report independently.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Make a set of flash cards for each group with the following words: 'field', 'chief', 'sleep', 'green', 'teach', 'steal'.

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from Week 29, Day 3 (yesterday).

Read How? Role play, as shown below.

#### How? Role play



The spectators cheering the teams.



The referee and the start of the game.



Scoring a goal.



Tackling a player.



The manager and the players talking at half time.

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15 minutes

Flash cards

minutes



Word/phrase cards

Brainstorm/ Wow! words wall 15 minutes minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### **Guided writing**

### **Group task**

Give each group a set of flash cards.

Ask them to read the words and notice the long 'e' sound.

Tell them to sort the words into different spellings of the long 'e' sound.

Ask each group to write a different spelling for the long 'e' sound on the chalkboard, ie: 'ee', 'ea', 'ie'.

Ask the groups to say more words with the long 'e' sound and write them under the correct long 'e' spelling on the chalkboard.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read and explain the first six words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Read out and explain the next three word/ phrase cards.

Explain the meaning of the last three words.

Remind the pupils that they are going to write a report about a football match.

Choose some pupils to role play parts of the first half of the match as described in How? Role play, shown left.

#### **Group task**

Write on the chalkboard: 'The teams \_\_\_\_\_.

Ask, 'What were they called?', 'What did they do in the first half?'

Write 'The referee

Ask, 'What did he or she do?'

Write 'The managers

Ask, 'What did they say to the players at half time?'

Ask the groups to complete the sentences, using ideas from the role plays and the brainstorm.

Ask them to use words from the wow! words wall to describe the actions of the players, eq: tackled, dribbled the ball.

### Individual task

Independent writing

Remind the class of the rules for writing a report, ie: include an introduction, paragraphs, clear information and interesting sentence openers.

Tell the pupils to write 'The football match' in their exercise books.

Ask them to complete the sentences on the chalkboard in their books.

Ask the pupils to try to write more sentences of their own about the first half of the match.

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Choose two or three pupils to read their reports and ask the class to notice if they use any wow! words or interesting openers.

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Brainstorm/Wow! words wall/ Sentences

### **Week 29:**

## The football match

## Day 5:

## A football report

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and write words with the long 'u' sound.

Learning outcomes

Write a report with paragraphs.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from Week 29, Day 4 (yesterday).

Read How? Longer sentences, as shown below, and write the sentences on the chalkboard.

## How? Longer sentences



Sabo, who looked fierce, tackled the other team bravely.



Musa, who was trying hard, swerved the ball around the defenders.



Nura, who dodged past Musa, kicked the ball back to his team.



The goalkeeper, who dived to the right, made a great save.



The spectators, who were very excited, danced and sang loudly.

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25 minutes



Sentences

**Brainstorm** 

15 minutes minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### **Guided writing**

#### Pair task

Say the long 'u' sound and ask the pairs to say some words with this sound.

Help some pairs to write the words on the chalkboard.

Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'new', 'threw', 'rule', 'blue', 'glue', 'argue', 'continue', 'value'.

Choose some pairs to read out the words and underline the long 'u' sound.

Explain the meaning of the words and ask the pairs to write sentences for the last three words in their exercise books.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to write the words/phrases on the chalkboard as you say them.

Tell the class that they are going to finish writing their football report.

Remind the pupils that they have learned to make sentences longer by using subordinate clauses.

Ask them to role play the sentences in How? Longer sentences, as shown left.

Choose some pupils to underline the subordinate clauses in the sentences.

#### **Group task**

Read out the ideas about the second half on the brainstorm.

Write on the chalkboard: 'The teams ran back

Ask the groups to describe what the referee and spectators did and which team got possession of the ball.

Write, 'The players

Ask the groups to describe what happened in the second half.

Ask the groups to discuss the final score and what happened next.

#### Individual task

**Independent writing** 

Ask the pupils to open their exercise books and complete the first sentence on the chalkboard underneath the writing they did on Week 29, Day 4 (yesterday).

Ask the pupils to try to write more sentences about the beginning of the second half.

Tell them to complete the second sentence in a new paragraph and then write more sentences.

Tell the pupils to complete the third sentence in a final paragraph.

Encourage the pupils to use longer sentences and help them with speech marks.

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Choose two or three pupils to read their reports.

Write some of their sentences on the chalkboard and ask the class how they could improve them, eq: add some wow! words, put in a subordinate clause.

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# Weekly page Primary 4, literacy lesson plans

## Week 30: Debate

#### Words/phrases

## Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

relaxation centres commercial areas factories industries chemicals pollute argument chairperson representative proposer opposer

environment

#### **Learning expectations**

#### By the end of the week:

## All pupils will be able to:

Say whether they are for or against a motion in a debate.

## Most pupils will be able to:

Give reasons for their choice.

## Some pupils will be able to:

Take part in a debate, using words such as 'I think', 'although' and 'however'.

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Write this **passage** on the chalkboard and leave it there for the week.

Passage adapted from Nigeria Primary English 4, page 155, copyright Learn Africa Plc.

#### How people change the environment

People do many things to change our environment. They cut down trees to provide land for houses. They burn bushes for farmland. Sometimes, people turn parks and relaxation centres into commercial areas.

In some cities, like Lagos, the lagoon is sand-filled to extend the land space on the island. Houses, factories and industries are built on this land space.

These changes are sometimes good but they can destroy a place. For example, factories and industries provide the things we need. They produce the cars we drive, radios, batteries, soap, tinned food and the clothes we wear.

At the same time, chemicals and smoke from the factories and industries pollute the water we drink and the air we breathe. When we burn bushes to provide land for farming, we may ruin the quality of the soil and drive away the animals that give us meat.

#### **Debate rules**

Write the following on the chalkboard and leave it there for the week:

The chairperson tells everyone to keep to the rules.

The group for the motion chooses a representative called the 'proposer'.

The group against the motion chooses a representative called the 'opposer'.

The proposer and the opposer speak for one minute each.

Afterwards, anyone can put up their hand and speak for or against the motion when the chairperson calls their name.

The debate lasts 15 minutes.

At the end, the proposer and the opposer have one minute each to give their best reasons.

Everyone then votes.

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Pictures/ Sentence cards

### Week 30:

### **Debate**

## Day 1:

### How we change the environment

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write the spellings of some common homophones.

Give some reasons for and against changing the environment.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read How? Homophone quiz, as shown below, and draw the pictures.

Make sets of the following sentence cards for each group:

'Cutting trees makes land for houses.'
'Factories make cars.'

'The homes of animals are destroyed.'

'Factories can pollute our water.'

## How? Homophone quiz



Ask each group to guess the homophones shown in the pictures.



Ask the groups to write the correct spellings for each picture.



Ask the groups to write another way to spell each word.



Ask them to say sentences for these new words.



Write their sentences on the chalkboard.

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10 15 Sentence cards minutes minutes minutes minutes minutes Writing Debate **Spelling** Reading **Plenary Group task** Whole class teaching **Group task Group task Group task** Remind the class that Read and explain the Ask the groups to say Write on the chalkboard: Ask each group to say homophones are words first four words/phrases some of the reasons why 'Burning bushes can one reason why it is on the chalkboard that have the same it is good to change the make land for farming. good to change the sound but different and ask the pupils to say However, it can also environment and one environment, eq: to make reason why it is bad. spellings and meanings. them with you. ruin the soil.' more space. **Teach How? Homophone** Read and explain the Write 'For' on the chalk-Explain that we use Encourage them to quiz, as shown left. 'How people change board and write their ideas 'however' to give informthink of their own ideas the environment' passage in a list underneath. ation that contrasts with as well as the ones Ask the groups to on the chalkboard. the last thing we said. in the passage. say other homophones Ask the groups to say they have learned some of the reasons Give each group a set and write them on the why it is bad to change of sentence cards chalkboard. the environment. and ask them to say a sentence explaining Write 'Against' on the a different thought or chalkboard and write their reason about each one. ideas in a list underneath. Tell the groups to use Explain the meaning of 'However' to start the the word 'debate' second sentence. Say, 'Before a debate Ask them to write we need to list all the the sentences in their reasons why something

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is good and why

it is bad.

exercise books.

Paper

## Week 30: Debate

## Day 2: For and against

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the meaning of some homophones with the long 'a' sound.

Give an opposing reason in a debate.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read How? Role play, as shown below.

Have ready a small piece of paper for each pupil.

#### How? Role play



Choose some pupils to role play cutting down trees and building houses.



Discuss the good reasons for this and write them on the chalkboard.



Role play burning bushes to make farmland. Discuss and write the good reasons for this.



Choose some pupils to role play building factories and working in them.



Discuss the good reasons for this and write them on the chalkboard.

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10 minutes 30 minutes How

minutes

Paper

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Debate

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Say the long 'a' sound and ask the pupils to write the different spellings for it, ie: 'ai', 'ay', 'eigh', 'a-e'.

Write 'maid' on the chalkboard and explain its meaning.

Ask, 'How else can we spell this word?' and write 'made' on the chalkboard.

Repeat with 'sail' and 'eight'. Explain the meanings and ask the pupils to say another spelling and meaning for each word, ie: sale and ate

Ask the pupils to write sentences with 'maid' and 'sale' in their exercise books.

#### Whole class teaching

Read and explain the first seven words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Read the passage 'How people change the environment' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils, 'What type of writing is this?'

Explain that it is a report because it gives us information.

Ask the pupils questions to make sure they understand the information, eg: 'Why is the lagoon sand-filled?'

#### Whole class teaching

Say, 'In a debate, two groups present the reasons for and against a topic. Each group tries to prove that the other group's reasons are wrong.'

Explain that the topic of a debate is called the 'motion'.

Write on the chalkboard: 'Should we change the environment?' Explain that this is the motion for debate.

Teach How? Role play,

Ask the pupils to read the good reasons on the chalkboard.

#### **Group task**

Ask each group to discuss some reasons why we should not change our environment.

Tell them to look at the good reasons and say why they think they are wrong.

Explain that they can use 'Although' to start their sentences, eg: 'Although cutting down trees means more houses can be built, I think \_\_\_\_.'

Ask each group to say their reasons to the class.

#### Whole class teaching

Explain that when everyone has listened to the reasons for and against the motion there is a vote.

Give each pupil a small piece of paper.

Tell the pupils to think about all the reasons they have heard and write 'yes' on the paper if they agree that we should change our environment and 'no' if they disagree.

Collect the papers and ask some pupils to count the votes.

Tell the class the result.

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Rules/ Paper

## Week 30: Debate

## Day 3: Debate rules

#### Learning outcomes

## Preparation

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the meaning of some homophones with the long 'e' sound.

Explain arguments for a motion.

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the debate rules from this week's weekly page on to the chalkboard.

Read How? Proposers, as shown below, and have ready a large piece of paper for each group.

#### How? Proposers



Write the motion on the chalkboard.



Ask the class if they know any men or boys who can cook meals.



Tell the groups to be proposers and write reasons for the motion on their paper.



Ask each group to read out one of their reasons.



Keep the papers for the next day.

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15 minutes

10 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Rules 25 minutes



10 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Debate

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Say the long 'e' sound and ask the pupils to write the different spellings for it, ie: 'ee', 'ea',' ie'.

Write 'sea' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to explain its meaning.

Ask, 'How else can we spell this word?' and write 'see' on the chalkboard.

Repeat with 'weak' and 'deer', explaining the meanings and asking the pupils to say another spelling and meaning for each word, ie: 'week' and 'dear'.

#### Whole class teaching

Read the first seven words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the next five word/ phrase cards and explain their meaning.

Read and explain the debate rules carefully.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the class to say some ideas for motions for debates, eg: Should people learn another language?, Should pupils wear school uniform?

Tell the class that 'Should boys be taught how to cook?' is the motion for their debate.

Teach How? Proposers, as shown left.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the class to think about the reasons they have heard.

Ask the class if anyone disagrees and, if so, ask them to explain why.

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Papers/ Paper

## Week 30: Debate

# Day 4: Should boys learn how to cook?

#### **Learning outcomes**

#### **Preparation**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the meaning of some homophones with the long 'o' sound.

Say sentences for and against a motion.

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the papers from Week 30, Day 3 (yesterday) and a large piece of paper.

Read How? Opposers, as shown below.

#### How? Opposers



Ask a pupil to write the motion on the chalkboard.



Give out the papers from yesterday and ask the groups to re-read their reasons for the motion.



Ask the pupils to write their reasons against.



Choose pupils to read them out.



Write their ideas for and against the motion on the large piece of paper.

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'grown' on the chalkboard.

'nose', explain the meanings

Repeat with 'rode' and

and asking the pupils to

say another spelling and

meaning for each word,

ie 'road' and 'knows'

Read out the debate rules

to the class.

Ask the groups to complete

Tell the groups to complete

the second sentence

should not be taught

the sentences in their

how to cook.

exercise books.

with a reason why boys

Keep the 'For and against'

paper for the next day.

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Paper/Timer/ Papers

## Week 30: Debate

## Day 5: The debate

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Identify homophones in a story.

Take part in a debate.

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the For and against paper from Day 4 (yesterday).

Read How? The debate, as shown below, and have ready a timer for the chair-person and a piece of paper for each pupil to vote with.

## How? The debate



The chairperson says the motion.



The proposer and the opposer each have one minute to say their reasons for and against.



The chairperson tells the class to put their hands up to speak.



After 15 minutes the proposer and the opposer have another minute to speak.



Ask the pupils to vote on their piece of paper and collect the votes.

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15 Rules/ 30 minutes minutes minutes minutes Paper Debate **Spelling** Reading **Plenary** Whole class teaching Whole class teaching **Group task** Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Remind the class that Write the following on the Choose two groups Choose a pupil to be Count the votes and to think of reasons for the chairperson and let him chalkboard: 'The girl they are going to debate announce the result. has grown tall. Last week 'Should boys be taught the motion or her sit at your desk. Praise the pupils for how to cook?' she ate all her meat. Give the chairperson Appoint one pupil taking part and mention She hopes to sail a boat Ask the class to say some to be the proposer for the timer. any good reasons for on the sea one day.' rules for debates. and against the motion these groups. Teach How? The debate. Choose some pupils that you heard. Read and explain the Choose two groups to as shown left. to read out the sentences debate rules to the class. think of reasons against and underline the the motion. Read out the for and homophones. against paper and ask Appoint one pupil Ask some pupils to the pupils if they can to be the opposer for write other spellings for say any other reasons. these groups. the homophones and explain their meanings, Ask the groups to think of sentences that they can eg: groan, weak. say in the debate. Ask the pupils to count the sounds in some of the Encourage them to start some of their sentences words, eg: g-r-oa-n. with 'I think'. 'However' and 'Although'. Help the proposer and

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the opposer to prepare

their speeches.

#### **Credits**

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