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Literacy
lesson plans Primary 1

Term 3
Assessment for
learning

Weeks
26-30

## Literacy lesson plans Primary 1 Term 3 <br> > Assessment for learning



## Introduction

Good teaching can help learners achieve positive outcomes, even in difficult circumstances. But learners have little chance of making progress where the teaching is poor.

Throughout 2010 in Kaduna State, the Ministry of Education carried out baseline surveys to assess classroom teachers, headteachers and pupil learning outcomes. Sadly, the findings were alarmingly poor. It was clear that despite substantial inputs into education, the majority of teachers were themselves victims of an education system that was in a serious downward spiral.

Following this research, the State Ministry of Education, the State Universal Basic Education Board and local government education authorities, supported by the Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN), embarked on a series of reforms to strengthen schools.
To improve the teaching of basic literacy and numeracy in primary schools, Kaduna is introducing a carefully designed series of literacy and numeracy lesson plans for primary 1-3 teachers. These provide a step-bystep guide to teachers, while ensuring that teaching and learning become more exciting and children become active learners.

Alongside the lesson plans, structures and processes have been put in place so that teachers are continuously supported by the State School Improvement Team and specially-trained school support officers.
I am confident that these lesson plans will raise standards in our schools. commend all those who have worked hard to produce these plans and train our teachers to use them, and I offer thanks to the UK Department for International Development (DFID) for its ongoing support for education reform in Kaduna State through its ESSPIN programme.

## Professor Andrew

 Jonathan NokDSc, PhD, OON, FAS, NNOM


Honourable Commissioner of Education, Science and Technology Kaduna State

Primary 1
Term 3
Assessment for
learning

## Weeks

26-30

## Introduction

Assessment for learning

## Assessment for learning

Effective assessment supports learning, giving all pupils the chance to be successful learners.

Assessment in the classroom happens all the time, it is an ongoing process. It helps you to find out:

What your pupils have learned.
How well you are teaching.
How to plan your next steps of teaching.

What your pupils are doing well and what they need to practise.

In every lesson you should walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If they do not, then you should help by explaining the idea to them again - maybe in a different way or with another example, or you could ask another pupil to help them.

Assessment used each day in the classroom gives you a much broader picture of your pupils' ability and progress. It also helps to give your pupils a sense of achievement, helping them to understand what they can do well and what they still need to practise.

There are many ways that you can assess your pupils' knowledge and understanding:

By observing.
Using careful questioning.
Through discussion with individuals, pairs or groups of pupils.

When marking work produced by individual pupils.
Looking at exams at the end of a term.

In every classroom there will always be some pupils who learn faster than others. When you read the learning outcomes for each day, think about which of your pupils will achieve them at the end of the lesson and which of them will need more time to achieve the learning outcomes.
As you get to know your pupils you will be able to plan how you can help each pupil to do their best in every lesson.

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3 <br> Assessment for learning

Introduction
Teaching aids, songs, stories and games for the term

Look carefully at the word. How many letters has it got? Are there any dangly or tall letters? Can you sound any letters out? Air write the word.
Say the word five times.
Hide the word.
Write the word.
Check the word carefully. Well done if it is correct, but if any letters are wrong change them.
Look at the word again carefully and repeat the steps if necessary.

## Sound grids

Draw a grid on the chalkboard as shown below.
Tell the pupils to draw a grid in their exercise books.

Say a CVC word (eg: cat) and then sound it out, ' $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{t}$ '.

Say another CVC word (eg: sit) and ask the pupils to sound it out with a partner.
Find 's' from the alphabet letter cards and put it in the first square on the sound grid, ' $f$ ' in the second square and ' $t$ ' in the third square.

Sound it out: 's-i-t, sit'.
Say another CVC word (eg: pin) and ask the pupils to sound it out with a partner.
Ask the pupils to tell you what to put in the first square in the sound grid and then in the second and third squares.

Tell the pupils to make the word in their own sound grids.

Alphabet jungle rhyme
$a-b-c-d-e$ I'm in the jungle in a coconut tree /
$\mathrm{f}-\mathrm{g}-\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{j}$
Do you want to come
and play? /
$k-I-m-n-o-p-q$
I will bring a friend or two /
$\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{s}-\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{u}-\mathrm{v}$
A zebra and a chimpanzee /
$\mathrm{w}-\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{z}$
We'll play until it's time for bed.
(Repeat the whole rhyme
a second time.)

Five little ducks song
One to ten rhyme

## $\overline{\text { Five little ducks went }} \overline{\text { One, two, six, ten are }}$

swimming one day /
Over the hills and far away /
Mummy duck called,
'Quack, quack,
quack quack', /
But only four little ducks came back.
Four little ducks...
Three little ducks...
Two little ducks...
One little duck...
three-letter number words / Four, five, nine are four-letter number words / While three, seven and eight are five-letter number words.

Tortoise and the dog story

Once upon a time it did not rain for a long time. The crops did not grow. There was very little food to eat. One day, Tortoise told his wife that he was going to get food. He told his friend Dog to follow him to a farm. Yams were growing on the farm. Dog took two yams and ran home. Tortoise kept packing more and more yams into his big bag. Suddenly the farmer came. He was very cross. It is not good to steal or take things that do not belong to us.

## Market story

On Saturday afternoon, Simbi is sent to the market by her mother. Simbi has to buy a pineapple for the family to eat.

At the market place, Simbi sees a lot of shops where many things are sold. She also sees many buyers and sellers. The buyers are busy moving from one shop to the other. A hen is pecking corn. Simbi sees Mustapha. Mustapha is buying fish for his mother. It is hot and Simbi cannot see a pineapple. Simbi is sad.

At last Simbi sees a woman selling pineapples. The woman is Simbi's friend. Simbi plays with the baby. The woman is happy to see Simbi. She gives her some sweets.

The woman is also selling rice, yams, beans and fish. Simbi buys a pineapple. The woman gives Simbi her change. Simbi goes home happy because she has the pineapple and her sweets.

Questions
1 Who sends Simbi to the market?
2 What can Simbi see at the market?
3 What is Mustapha buying?

4 What is the woman selling?
5 What is the hen doing?
6 What does the woman give Simbi?

## Answers

1 Simbi's mother sends her to the market.

2 Simbi can see a lot of shops.
3 Mustapha is buying fish.

4 The woman is selling pineapples.
5 The hen is pecking.
6 The woman gives Simbi sweets.

## Alphabet I spy game

Play 'I spy', but tell the pupils to say the letter name and the sound.

I spy with my little eye something beginning with _. ' (Say the first sound and the letter name sound and the
of the object.)

## Ali at home story

Ali is playing with his friends. Simbi is under the tree.
She wants to sleep. Some children are sleeping. Tunde is eating. Sani is sitting by Tunde. Mummy is sitting by the house. Daddy is pushing the cow.

Ali is swinging on the tree. He wants to get the mangoes off the tree. He stands on the chair but it falls over. He does not want to fall.

## I spy game

Choose an object or picture the pupils can see, eg: a desk.
Say, 'I spy with my little eye something beginning with _ .' (Say the first sound of the object, eg: 'd'.)
Ask the pupils to think of something they can see that begins with that sound.
The first pupil to guess the object correctly then says, 'I spy _ ' and chooses a different object with a different sound and says
the sound for the others the sound for the others to try to guess. I spy - ' and chooses
a different object with

Week
26
The food we eat


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 26
The food we eat Day 1

Lesson
title

15
minutes

## Talking about food

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Spell words with 'sh', 'ch' and 'th'.
Talk about and name different types of food.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready a set of alphabet cards and 3 blank cards for each pair.

Bring in some food and write the names on flash cards, eg: 'yam', 'mango'.
Read Learn English 1, pages 48 and 120.

| s | a | t | i | p | n | c | k | e |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| h | r | m | d | g | o | l | f | u |
| b | j | z | w | v | y | x |  |  |
| ai | oa | ee | or | ow | sh | ch | th |  |

Write the revision sounds grid on the left on to a large piece of cardboard.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Read the sounds in the revision sounds grid with the pupils.
Point to sounds at random and ask the pupils to shout them out.

Say some of the sounds and ask pupils to come and point to them.

Ask the pupils to say the sounds 'sh', 'ch' and 'th'.
Tell the pairs to write 'sh', 'ch' and 'th' on their blank cards.

Ask them to use these cards and their alphabet cards to make and write as many words as they can in 10 minutes.
Check their work and ask the pupils to read their words to you.

| 10 Learn English 1 | 25 <br> minutes Learn English 1 |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Pair task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils to find the rhyme 'Baa baa black sheep' in Learn English 1, page 48. | Ask the pupils to name some food they like. | Say, 'I like _ ' (name the food). Point to one of the pupils and say, 'You like _' (name the food). | Ask the pupils what food they like eating at home. Encourage them to say, |
| Ask them to join you in reciting the rhyme. | Write their ideas on the chalkboard. | Tell one of the pupils to point to a picture and say, 'I like _ ' (name the food). | 'I like _ ' |
| Put the yam on a chair and the mango on another chair. | Ask the pupils to open Learn English 1, page 120, touch the pictures of food and say their names. |  |  |
| Touch the yam and mango and say, 'This is a yam.', 'This is a mango.' | Tell them to point to a mango, some meat and a pineapple. | Tell their partner to say, 'You like _ '. |  |
| Choose pupils to touch the other food and say, 'This is a $\quad$ '. | and a pineapple. <br> Ask them to say which food they like the best. | Tell the pupils to draw their favourite food in their exercise books. |  |
|  | Write 'I like' and 'You like' in large writing on the chalkboard. | exercise books. <br> Tell them to write 'I like $\qquad$ under the picture. |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 26
The food we eat Day 2

## Spelling words related to food

## Letters and sounds

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Blend sounds to make new words.
Read and spell some food words.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the alphabet and food flash cards from yesterday. Draw picture cards to explain the food words.

Make the following flash cards for each group: 'bread', 'egg', 'yam', 'garri', 'orange'.
Write the following words on the chalkboard, fun run, ran, rat, hat, hot, hut, but, bun, fun.

## Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils they are going to play a game called 'Full circle'.
Say 'fun' and ask the pupils to make it with their letter cards.

Tell them to sound it out with you.
Write 'fun' on the chalkboard and explain that they are going to keep changing one sound at a time to make new words.

When they make 'fun' again, they should call out 'Full circle' and the game ends.

Change the ' $f$ ' to ' $r$ ' and make 'run' then the ' $u$ ' to ' $a$ ' to make 'ran', the ' $n$ ' to ' $t$ ' to make 'rat'.

Continue to make all the words in the list, showing the pupils how to play.

Ask groups to use their letters to repeat the game.


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 26
The food we eat Day 3

Food we Hike to eat


## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Use blending to read new words with the same pattern.
Say simple sentences using food words.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the revision sounds grid from Day 1 , and 'sh', 'ch' and 'th' flash cards.
Have ready pictures of different types of food and a piece of paper for each group.
Find the right letter cards for the pupils for the following 'Full circle' words: ‘ship', 'chip', 'chin', 'thin', 'than', 'can', 'cash', 'rash', 'rap', 'rip'.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Read the sounds from the revision grid with the pupils.
Point to sounds at random and ask the pupils to say them.
Write the list of words for today's 'Full circle' game on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to make the first word, 'ship' with their cards.
Tell them to sound it out.
Ask them to change the 'sh' for a 'ch' and sound the new word out.
Continue until they have made all the words.


## Main activity

## Group task

Give each group a piece of paper.

Ask them to draw pictures of foods they enjoy.

Ask each group to hold up their pictures and describe what they have drawn.

## Individual task

Ask the pupils to copy the list off the chalkboard in their exercise books.

Ask them to draw a picture for each item on the list.

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask a few pupils to read their list of words and show their pictures.

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

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learning

Week 26
The food we eat Day 4

Lesson

## Food in plurals

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l} 15 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}\right\| \text { Spelling }$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
| Spell words by sounding them out. | Hold up the flash cards and say the sounds with the pupils. |
| Make words plural by adding 's'. | Say a CVC word, eg: ‘man’ and ask the pupils to sound it out. |
| Teaching aids | Draw a sound grid on the chalkboard. |
| Before the lesson: | Choose a pupil to write 'man' in the grid, putting one sound in each box. |
| Write the sounds 'ai', 'oa', 'ee', 'or' and 'ow' on flash cards. |  |
| Have fruit or vegetables in pairs or groups of more than two, eg: yams, plantains, carrots. | Make sure the pupils know that 'sh' is one sound and write it in one box. |
| Read Learn English 1, pages 119-120. | Repeat with rain, road, corn and town. |
| Read the instructions for the 'Market’ game. |  |


| 10 <br> minutes | 25 <br> minutes |  | 10 <br> minutes | Game |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plen |  |
| Pair task | Whole class teaching |  | Whole | lass teaching |
| Ask the pupils to open Learn English 1, page 119 and name the food they can see. | Show the pupils the real fruit and vegetables. <br> Write the names of the fruit and vegetables on the chalkboard. | Draw one of the foods on the chalkboard and ask a pupil to write the word underneath it. <br> Draw the same food three times, eg: three carrots and ask a pupil to write the word underneath. <br> Explain that they should add an ' $s$ ' on to 'carrot' to show that there is more than one. <br> Repeat with the other food, explaining that adding an 's' on the end shows there is more than one. <br> Ask the pupils to write words under the pictures in their exercise books. | Play the 'Market' game. |  |
| Ask them to look at Learn English 1, page 120 and mention any other food they can see. | Tell the pupils to draw some food in pairs, eg: two yams, two carrots in their exercise books. |  |  |  |
| Write: 'This is a mango' and 'This is a yam' and read it with the pupils. | Choose pupils to tell you what they have drawn, eg: two yams. |  |  |  |
| Ask them to look in their textbooks and find more pictures of food. | Ask them what sound they can hear at the end of the word(s). |  |  |  |
| Choose pairs to say what they can see. <br> Tell them to say, 'This is $\qquad$ '. |  |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 26
The food we eat Day 5

## Telling a story about food

Lesson

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Say 'boat' and ask the pupils how many sounds they can hear. |
| Spell words by sounding them out. |  |
| Write simple sentences about food. | Draw a sound grid on the chalkboard. |
| Teaching aids | Choose pupils to come and write the sounds in the grid, as shown below. |
| Before the lesson: | Repeat with 'rain' and 'town'. |
| Have ready the sound flash cards from yesterday. | Give each group a different sound card from yesterday. |
| Write the 'Tortoise and the dog' story on the chalkboard. | Ask them to draw a sound grid in their exercise books and put their sound in the middle. |
|  | Tell them to write letters before and after the sound to make words. |


| b | oa | t |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 10 minutes |  | $\|$25 <br> minutes Story |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  |
| Whole class teaching |  | Group task |  |
| Draw a yam on the chalkboard and write 'This is a yam.' | Draw a carrot and ask pupils to come and help you. Write 'It is a carrot.' | Read and explain the 'Tortoise and the dog' story. | Ask each group to say what they think will happen to Tortoise. |
| Ask the pupils to read it with you. | Draw three carrots. <br> Ask the pupils | Ask the pupils what food is mentioned in the story. | Ask, 'What did you learn from the story?' |
| Draw two yams and write 'These are yams.' | 'What letter should I put at the end of carrot? | Put the pupils in groups of three. | Tell them to draw a bag of yams in their exercise books and write underneath it, eg: 'These are yams.' |
| Ask the pupils to read it with you. | Write 'These are carrots.' | Tell them to role play the story, ie: one group acts as Tortoise, one as Dog and one as the farmer. Stones can be used to represent the yams. |  |
| Ask them why there is an 's' on 'yams'. | and banana. |  |  |
| Explain that when there is more than one we often add an ' $s$ ' to the end. |  |  |  |

## Pair task

Ask the pupils to read their sentences to a partner.



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 27
Eating outside Day 1

Lesson

## Cooking yam

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| By the end of the lesson, most <br> pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |  |
| Know the names of some letters <br> in the alphabet. | Point to some of the animal pictures <br> and ask the pupils to say each <br> animal's name. |  |
| Talk about how to cook yam. | Ask them to say what sound the <br> animal makes in a sentence, eg: |  |
| 'A dog makes the sound woof'. |  |  |



## Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say what they think about yam, eg: 'I like it', 'It is hot'.

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 27
Eating outside
Day 2

Lesson

## Eating outside

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Say the names of the letters of the alphabet, pointing to each letter as you say its name. |
| Know the names of some letters of the alphabet. |  |
| Role play eating outside. | Sing the 'Alphabet jungle' rhyme, pointing to each letter as you say it. |
| Teaching aids | Point to a letter and say its name. |
|  | Ask the pupils to say the s |
| Before the lesson: | Repeat with five new letters. |
| Have ready the alphabet letters and pictures from the previous day. | Play 'Alphabet I spy' using the alphabet pictures. |
| Make sure you know the 'Alphabet jungle' rhyme and have | Ask the pupils to draw five animals in their exercise books. |
| Read the instructions for 'Alphabet I spy'. | Tell them to write the letter that each animal begins with by each picture. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Learn English 1, pages } \\ & \text { 119-120. } \end{aligned}$ |  |



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 27
Eating outside Day 3

Lesson

## Eating out

| 10 minutes | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Choose some pupils to say the names of food they would like to order in a restaurant. | Ask the pupils what else they can order in a restaurant, ie: a drink. <br> $\overline{\text { Ask the pupils to name some }}$ drinks they like and write them on the chalkboard. | Ask them what they think happens next, eg: the waiter says, 'Goodbye. Have a good day.' and everyone leaves. | Choose some pupils to read out the lists of food they wrote in their exercise books when they role played the waiter. |
| Write their ideas on the chalkboard. |  | Appoint different waiters | played the waiter. <br> Ask some pupils to say |
| Remind them that they did a role play about a restaurant yesterday. | Ask groups to discuss what happens when they have finished eating their food. | from yesterday and ask groups to role play going to a restaurant, ordering food and drink, eating it, paying | what they had to eat in the role play. Tell them to say, ‘I had $\qquad$ and a drink of . $\qquad$ |
| Choose some different pupils to do the role play. | Explain that when you have finished eating, you need to pay for it. | for it and going home. <br> Tell the waiters to write |  |
| Guide them through |  | Tell the waiters to write down the food orders in their exercise books. |  |
| each step. | Choose pupils to do a role play. Tell them to ask how much the food and drink cost and then pay the waiter. | in their exercise books. <br> Repeat the activity, swapping roles, until everyone has had a turn at being the waiter. |  |

Literacy
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Primary 1
Term 3
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Week 27
Eating outside Day 4

## Food sentences




## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 27
Eating outside Day 5

Lesson

## Describing food



| 10 minutes | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l}25 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}\right\|$ Learn English 1 |  | 10 <br> minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Pair task |  | Pair task |
| Ask some groups to do their restaurant role play for the class. | Ask the pupils to look at Learn English 1, pages 119-120. | Write, 'My favourite food' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to copy it carefully into their exercise books. | Tell the pupils that you are going to see how many different types of food and |
| Ask the class to try to remember the names of the food and drinks ordered. | Ask them questions about the pictures: 'Which food is brown?' 'Which foods can you cook?' 'Which food is white?' 'Which do you like to eat?' 'When do you like to eat it?' 'Does your mother like to eat it?' | into their exercise books. <br> Write, 'I like _ . It is _ . ' on the chalkboard. | drink the class can name. <br> Ask pairs to think of some names of food and drink. |
| Choose some pupils to say the name of some of the food and drinks. |  | Ask the pupils to complete the sentences, with the name of the food and its colour. | Go round the class and ask each pair to say one item of food and drink |
| Write them on the chalkboard. |  | Ask them to try to write a few more sentences of their | they thought of. <br> Ask everyone to count the |
| Ask the pupils to help you spell them. | Tell them what your favourite food is, why you like it and when you eat it. | own about the food. <br> Choose some pairs to read their sentences to the class. | number of different names they thought of. |
|  | Say, 'It tastes good' and explain the meaning of 'taste' (in your local language). |  |  |




## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

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learning

Week 28
Numbers
Day 1

Lesson

## Number names

|  | 15 <br> minutes \left\lvert\, $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Blending } & \text { Rhyme }\end{array}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Say the 'Alphabet jungle' rhyme with the class. |
| Read the numbers one to ten in words. | Say some sounds and ask the pupils to say the letter names. |
|  | Write 'at' on the chalkboard. |
| Teaching aids | Ask the pupils to sound it out and say it with you. |
| Before the lesson: | Put ' $p$ ' in front of it and say 'p-at is pat'. |
| Make sure there are enough alphabet letters for each pair of pupils. |  |
|  | Rub out ' p ' and do this again with other letters, eg: 'm', 'b', 'c', 's'. |
| Write the numbers one to ten in words on flash cards for each group. | Ask pairs of pupils to make 'at' with their letters. |
|  | Tell them to choose different letters to go in front of 'at' to make a word. |
| Prepare a sand tray for each group. |  |
| Read Learn English 1, pages 66-67. |  |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | 25 Learn English 1 |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Pair task | Group task |  | Group task |
| Ask the pupils to count the numbers from 1-10 with you. | Hold up each number word flash card in turn. | Tell them to take turns to pick a flash card and show it to the others. | Give a sand tray to each group. |
| In pairs, ask one to count the | Ask the pupils to look at them very carefully. | Ask the other pupils to read the word. | Write 'one', 'two', 'three' on the chalkboard. |
| numbers from 1-10 while the other shows the correct number of fingers. | Ask the pupils to read the words after you. | read the word. <br> Ask them to point to it in | Ask the pupils to take it in turns to write these words |
| Tell the pupils to swap roles with their partner. | Ask them to look at Learn English 1, pages 66-67. | Repeat until everyone has had at least two turns. | While they are waiting their turn, tell the pupils to draw pictures in their exercise books. |
|  | Read the sentences and ask the pupils to point to the correct word. |  |  |
|  | Place the set of number flash cards face down in front of each group. |  | Tell them to draw one car, two balls and three sticks. |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

## Week 28

Numbers
Day 2

## Write numbers to five

|  | 15 minutes | Blending | Rhyme |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |  |  |
| By the end of the lesson, most | Whole class teaching |  |  |
| Blend sounds to read words. | Say the 'Alphabet jungle' rhym with the class. |  |  |
| Write number words from one to five. | Say the letters of the alphabet and ask the pupils to say the sounds. |  |  |
| Teaching aids | Write 'et' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to sound it out. |  |  |
| Before the lesson: | Put ' p ' in front of it and say ' p -et is pet'. |  |  |
| Have ready enough alphabet letters for each pair of pupils. | Do this again with ' $n$ ', 'b', ' $g$ ' and <br> Ask pairs of pupils to make 'et with their letters. |  |  |
| Have ready the one to five word flash cards and 15 counters for each group. |  |  |  |
| Copy the following 1-5 missing letter words on to a large piece of paper for each group: | Tell them to cho letters to go in a word. |  | 'et' to |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 1 & -n \\ 2 & \mathrm{t} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 3 thr -- |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned} \mathrm{fi}^{\mathrm{ou}}$ |  |  |  |


| $\begin{array}{l}10 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}$ Game | 25 minutes |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Individual task |
| Place a set of the number word flash cards in different places on the ground outside. | Place the number word flash cards in random order in front of each group and give them the counters. | When they have finished, let them go round to see what other groups have done. | Ask the pupils to look at the drawings they did yesterday. <br> Ask, 'How many cars are there? How many balls? |
| Call out a number from one to five and tell the pupils to run and stand by the | Ask the groups to read the numbers and place the correct number of counters by each flash card. | Give each group the paper with the missing letter words | How many sticks?' <br> Tell them to write the correct number under each picture. |
| The last pupil to reach the card is out. |  | Ask them to write in the missing letters to make the number words. | Tell them to use the number word flash cards if they need help. |
| Anyone standing by the wrong number is out. |  | Ask each group to hold up their paper and check that they are correct. |  |
| Repeat with the other numbers until most of the pupils are out. |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

## Week 28

Numbers
Day 3

## Read and write

 numbers to tenLetters and sounds

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Blend sounds to read words.
Read and write number words up to ten.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready enough alphabet letters for each pair of pupils.

Find flash cards with the number words from six to ten and
40 counters for each group.
Copy the following 6-10 missing letter words on to a large piece of paper for each group:
6 s
$\qquad$
$7-\_v \_n$
8 ei _- -
$9 \mathrm{n}_{\ldots} \mathrm{n}-$
10 t_n

## Whole class teaching

Say the letters of the alphabet. Write 'ot' on the chalkboard.
Ask the pupils to sound it out and say it with you.

Put ' $p$ ' in front of it and say 'p-ot is pot'.
Do this again with other letters, eg: 'n', 'h', 'g', 'I'.
Ask pairs of pupils to make 'ot' with their letters.

Tell them to choose a letter to go in front of 'ot' to make a word.
Tell them to write the word in their exercise books.

Ask them to repeat this with the letters, $\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{h}, \mathrm{g}$ and I and read the words to their partner.

| $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Song } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | 25 minutes |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l}10 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}\right\| \begin{aligned} & \text { Game }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Write the words for the numbers one to five on the chalkboard. | Place the number word cards for 6-10 in random order in front of each group and give them the counters. <br> $\overline{\text { Ask them to read the number }}$ words and place the correct number of counters by each flash card. | When they have finished, let them go round to see what other groups have done. | Place a set of the number cards 6-10 in different places on the ground outside. <br> Call out a number from 6 -10 and tell the pupils to run and stand by the matching number card. |
| Sing 'Five little ducks' with the class. |  | Give each group the paper with the missing letter words. |  |
| Choose pupils to name the numbers mentioned in the song. |  | letter words. <br> Ask them to write in the missing letters to make the |  |
| Flash the number word cards for $6-10$ at random and |  | number words. <br> Ask each group to hold | The last pupil to reach the card is out. |
| ask the pupils to read them. |  | up their paper and check | Anyone standing by the wrong number is out. |
| Flash the cards again and ask the pupils to hold up the correct number of fingers for each card you show. |  | that they are correct. | wrong number is out. <br> Repeat with the other numbers until most of the pupils are out. |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 28
Numbers
Day 4

Lesson
title

Making sentences with number words

| Learning outcomes |
| :--- |
| By the end of the lesson, most |
| pupils will be able to: |
| Start blending sounds to |
| read words. |
| Write sentences with number words. |
| Teaching aids |

## Before the lesson:

Make sure there are enough alphabet letters for each pair of pupils.
Have ready a set of number cards
1-10 and number word cards 1-10
for each group.
Write the following word list on the chalkboard: 'cat', 'can', 'man', 'map', 'mop', 'top', 'tap', 'cap', 'cat'.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Say the letters of the alphabet and ask the pupils to say the sounds.
In pairs, ask the pupils to get out their alphabet cards.
Play 'Full circle' using the list on the chalkboard.

| $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Game } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | 25 minutes |  | 10 <br> minutes$\| \begin{aligned} & \text { Game }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Group task | Whole class teaching |  | Whole class teaching |
| Place the set of number word cards and number cards face down in random order in front of each group. | Choose a pupil to come and draw two hens. <br> Write on the chalkboard, 'There are two hens'. | Ask pupils to help you write the words: 'goats', 'trees', 'birds', 'girls' and 'boys'. <br> Tell them to draw 6 goats, | Place a set of the number word cards 1-10 in different places on the ground outside. |
| Ask a pupil to turn over one number card and one number word card and look at them. | $\overline{\text { Ask them to read the }}$ sentence with you. <br> Ask, 'What is the job of the letter " $s$ " on the end of this word?' | 7 trees, 8 birds, 9 girls and 10 boys in their exercise books. | Call out a number from 1-10 and tell the pupils to run and stand by the matching number card. |
| If the word number is the same as the number card, the pupil keeps the cards. |  | about the pictures. <br> Tell them to start the sentence with, 'There are $\qquad$ | The last pupil to reach the card is out. <br> Anyone standing by the |
| Continue around the group until all the cards have been taken. |  |  | wrong number is out. <br> Repeat with the other numbers until most of the pupils are out. |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

## Week 28

Numbers
Day 5

## Questions about numbers



## Before the lesson:

Write the 'One to ten' rhyme on the chalkboard.

Have ready 10 pieces of string for each group.
Shuffle each group's sets of number and number word cards.
Read Learn English 1, pages 66-67.

|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 15 & \text { Blending } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
| Start using sounds to spell words. | Show the letters of the alphabet and ask the pupils to say the sounds. |
| Ask and answer simple questions about numbers. | Draw a sound grid on the chalkboard. |
| Teaching aids | Say 'rat' and ask the pupils to say the sounds. |
| Before the lesson: | Choose three pupils to come and write the sounds in the grid. |
| Write the 'One to ten' rhyme on the chalkboard. | Repeat with 'pin', 'sun', 'net' and 'pot'. |
| Have ready 10 pieces of string for each group. | Draw a picture of a cat in a hat on the chalkboard. |
| Shuffle each group's sets of number and number word cards. | Ask the pupils to tell you what they can see in the picture. |
| Read Learn English 1, pages 66-67. | Dictate 'a cat in a hat' and ask them to write it in their exercise books. |


| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Learn English 1 |  | 10 minutes | Rhyme |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |  |
| Group task | Whole class teaching |  |  | Whole class teaching |  |
| Ask pupils to help you write the number words from one to ten on the chalkboard. | Ask the pupils to look at Learn English 1, pages 66-67. |  | Ask the pupils to draw a picture of some objects, eg: books. | Say the 'One to ten' rhyme together. |  |
| Give each group the set of 1-10 number and number word flash cards. | Read and explain the sentences to the class. |  | Tell them to draw between 2 and 10 objects. |  |  |
| Ask them to use the pieces of string to connect the number to the correct word. | Remind the pupils that when there is more than one they add an 's' at the end of the word. |  | Ask them to write 'How many _ are there?' in their exercise book. |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { Ask them to count the }}$ number of letters in each | Hold up three pens and ask, 'How many pens are there?' |  | Tell them to give their exercise book to their partner. |  |  |
|  | Tell them to reply 'There are three pens'. |  | Tell them to write the answer in their partner's book, eg: 'There are four books.' |  |  |
|  | Repeat with different numbers and different objects. |  | 'There are four books.' <br> Choose some pairs to read their questions and answers. |  |  |




## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 29
Stories
Day 1

Lesson

## At the market

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Explain to the class that they are going to look at words that are tricky to sound out. |
| Read some tricky words. |  |
| Say sentences about a picture. |  |
|  | Display 'no', 'go' and 'to' and read them to the class. |
|  | Write 'I went to the top of the hill' on the chalkboard. |
| Before the lesson: | Read it then point to 'to' and explain that the 'o' in 'to' does not have the same sound as the ' $o$ ' in dog. |
| Write 'no', 'go' and 'to' on flash cards. |  |
| Read Learn English 1, page 108. |  |
| Write the first five key words on flash cards for each group. | Read the sentence with the pupils several times. |
|  | Repeat with 'I go to the log hut' and 'There is no lid on the pan'. |



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 29
Stories
Day 2

## The market story

minutes
2


By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read some tricky words.
Retell a simple story.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have the tricky words from yesterday and write 'was', 'you' and 'they' on new flash cards.
Copy the 'Market' story on to the chalkboard and keep it on display for the rest of the week.

Write the last five key words on flash cards for each group and have the key word cards from yesterday.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the cards 'no', 'go' and 'into'.
Write 'A man was sad' and read it, pointing to each word.

Write 'was' on the chalkboard and sound it out.
Discuss the tricky bit of the word where the letters do not match the sound, ie: the ' $a$ ' in 'was' does not have the same sound as the ' a ' in 'man'.
Read the sentence with the pupils several times.

Repeat with 'You need a pen'.
Repeat with, 'They run from the dog'.
Display the words and ask the pupils to read them without sounding them out.

| 10 <br> minutes | $\left.\right\|_{\text {minutes }} ^{25}$ Story |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Group task |
| Give each group the last five key word flash cards. | Give each group the key words from yesterday so they have all 10 now. | Ask them questions to make sure they have understood the story, eg: 'What made Simbi sad?', 'What made Simbi happy? | Ask pupils from each group to hold up their pictures and talk about the story. |
| Explain each word and ask the groups to hold up the correct flash card. | Ask the pupils to practise reading them in their groups. |  | Tell the class to listen carefully and say if the groups miss out any parts of the story. |
| Ask them to look at the second picture in Learn | Choose groups to read some of the words to the class. | Ask them to draw a picture in their exercise books to explain the story. <br> Tell them to try to write some words next to their picture. |  |
| English 1, page 108 and say a sentence for each word, eg: ‘The woman has a baby on her back.' | Read the 'Market' story and explain it to the class. |  |  |
| Write their sentences on the chalkboard and ask the class to read them with you. | Choose some pupils to help you role play the story as you read it again. |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 29
Stories
Day 3

Questions and answers


By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read some tricky words.
Read and answer questions about a story.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have two sets of this week's key word flash cards for each group.

Make separate flash cards for each group containing the questions and answers about the 'Market' story from the introduction.

15
minutes

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the tricky words, display the word cards and read them to the class.

Write 'All fish can swim' on the chalkboard.
Read it, pointing to each word, then point to 'all' and read it again.
Write 'all' on the chalkboard and sound it out.

Discuss the tricky bit, ie: the ' $a$ ' in 'all' does not have the same sound as the 'a' in 'man'.

Read the sentence with the pupils several times.
Repeat with 'Fish are in a dish'.
Display the tricky words and ask the pupils to read them without sounding them out.

| $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Game } \\ \text { minutes } & \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 25 & \text { Story } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Group task | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Shuffle each group's sets of key word flash cards and place them face down in front of the group. | Ask if anyone can remember the 'Market' story. | Ask them to find the questions on the cards. | Ask the pupils to choose one of the answer cards and write it in their exercise books. |
|  | Read it again and choose pupils to help you role play the story. | Tell the pupils to read the questions with you. |  |
| Ask a pupil to turn over two cards and read them. |  | Tell them to read the other cards carefully. They are the answers. | Tell them to draw a picture to explain it. |
| two cards and read them. <br> If the cards are the same, tell the pupil to keep them. | Give each group the questions and answers for the story. |  |  |
| Continue around the group until all the matching cards have been taken. | Shuffle the answers for each group. | the answer to each question. |  |
|  | Write '?' on the chalkboard and tell the pupils that this is used at the end of a question sentence. | Tell them to place each answer card next to the correct question card. |  |
|  |  | Ask each group to read one of their questions and answers and ask the others if they are correct. |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 29
Stories
Day 4

Lesson

## Role play

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Group task |
|  | Flash the tricky words learned so far. |
| Read some tricky words. |  |
| Act out a simple story. | Give each group the words for a tricky word sentence. |
| Teaching aids | Ask the pupils to put the words in the correct order to make sense. |
| Before the lesson: | Tell them to copy the sentence into their exercise books and draw a picture to explain the meaning. |
| Write the following 'tricky word |  |
| each sentence into words and mix them up: 'You need a pen', ‘They ran from the dog', 'A man was sad'. | Tell the groups to read their sentence to the class and check they make sense. |
| Have ready two sets of the key word flash cards for each group. | If there is time, swap the sentence cards around the groups and repeat. |
| Set up a market stall with cartons, tins and some real food. |  |



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 29
Stories
Day 5

Lesson

## At the market

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l}15 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}\right\|$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Learning outcomes words |  |
|  | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most <br> pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
| Read tricky words without sounding <br> them out. | Flash the tricky words learned <br> so far. |
| Write a story about a market. | Read it, point to 'my' and explain <br> the chalkboard. <br> that the ' $y$ ' in 'my' does not have <br> the same sound as the 'y' in 'yam'. |
| Teaching aids Read the sentence with them <br> a few times. <br> Before the lesson: <br> cards ready the tricky word flash <br> and 'her' on flash cards. Repeat with, 'Fati put her pen in <br> her bag'. <br> Have ready the market stall from <br> yesterday. Display the words and ask <br> the pupils to read them without <br> sounding them out. |  |


| 10 minutes |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  |
| Whole class teaching |  | Individual task |  |
| Flash the key words and tell the pupils to read them with you. | Choose some pupils to role play these ideas with you in the market stall. | Tell the pupils they are going to write their own story about the market. | They could also say if they are sad or happy. <br> Encourage the pupils to |
| Ask them to say some of the things they bought at the market in the role play yesterday. | Write their ideas on the chalkboard. | Write 'I am at the market.' on the chalkboard. <br> Ask the pupils to copy this carefully in their exercise | write as much as they can and help them with spelling. |
| Write these words on the chalkboard. |  | books. <br> Ask them to write sentences |  |
| Ask the pupils if anything has ever happened to them at a market, eg: did they get lost, did someone give them a sweet, did someone drop the food. |  | about what they are buying and who they see. <br> Tell them to try to write about something that happens. |  |

10
minutes

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read their stories to the class.

Ask the class to ask questions about the stories.

Week
30
Stories


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

## Week 30

Stories
Day 1

Lesson

## Alf at home

15
minutes


By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read and write the word ' 9 '.
Listen to a story and predict the ending.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have the tricky word flash cards from last week and write 'T' on a large flash card.
Write the story 'Ali at home' on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the tricky word cards.
Write 'I can run. I can hop.' on the chalkboard.

Read the sentences and do some actions to explain them.
Display the 'l' card.
Explain that ' $I$ ' ' is an important word, is written with a capital ' 9 ' and has a different sound from 'T' in 'it', 'sit', 'big'.
Ask the pupils to read the sentences and do the actions with you.
Ask them what else they can do and write their answers like this, eg: 'I can jump.'
In pairs, ask them to draw a picture of something they can do.
Write underneath it, 'I can _ ?

| $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Story } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | 25 minutes |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Ask pupils to tell you a story about themselves. | Ask the pupils to discuss what might happen to Ali if he falls, eg: he might hurt his leg and have to go to the hospital. | Tell them they have to decide what happens at the end of the story. | Write 'Ali will fall' and 'Ali will not fall' on the chalkboard. |
| Read the story 'Ali at home'. |  |  |  |
| Ask, 'What are the |  | In groups of six, ask them to role play what is | Ask the pupils to choose one of the sentences and copy |
| Ali's mummy doing? What is Ali's daddy doing?' | Ask them to discuss what Ali might do to stop himself | happening in the story and what happens to Ali. | it in their exercise books. Tell them to draw a |
|  | falling, eg: he might shout and ask Simbi to pick up the chair or he might jump down. | Choose some groups to share their role plays with the rest of the class. | picture to show what they think happens at the end of the story. |
|  |  | Ask each group what they think Ali's daddy and mummy will do and say. |  |

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 30
Stories
Day 2

Lesson

## Writing sentences

## Learning outcomes <br> By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and write the word 'the'.
Write simple sentences.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready all the tricky words taught so far.
Write the story 'Ali at home' on the chalkboard.

Write the first seven key words on flash cards for each group.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the tricky word cards.
Write ' $\quad$ snake is in _ grass.' on the chalkboard.
Ask the pupils,
'What are the missing words?'
Explain that the is a tricky word because the 'e' has a different sound from ' $e$ ' in 'net'.
Write 'The _ is in the _.
Ask the pupils to think of some words to put in the gaps, eg: 'the yam is in the pan'.
Take about six suggestions and write them on the chalkboard.
In pairs, ask the pupils to copy the sentence with the blanks and put in their own words.


## Literacy

lesson plans Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

## Week 30

Stories
Day 3

Lesson
title

## What are they saying?

15
minutes

Learning outcomes
Letters and sounds

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Spell some tricky words.
Write simple speech.
Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Make large flash cards of the words 'no', 'go', I' and 'the'.
Read the instructions for spelling tricky words.

Write the last seven key words on flash cards for each group.

## Whole class teaching

Say some letter sounds at random and ask the pupils to say the letter names.

Tell them you are going to teach them an easy way to learn to spell tricky words.
Hold up the 'no' card.
Tell the pupils to look at it carefully.
Say it with them five times. Air write it five times.

Hide the card and ask the pupils to write it in their exercise books.
Show them the card and ask them to check their answer.

If they are wrong, they can change it.
Repeat with the other words.


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 30
Stories
Day 4

Lesson

## At break time



By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Spell some tricky words.
Role play ideas for a story.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Make large flash cards of 'into', 'was', 'you' and 'they'.

15
minutes

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Say some sounds and ask the pupils to say the letter names.
Tell them you are going to use the easy way to learn to spell some more tricky words.
Hold up the 'into' card.
Tell them to look at it carefully.
Say it with them five times. Air write it five times.
Hide the card and ask the pupils to write the word in their exercise books.

Show them the card and ask them to check their answer.
If they are wrong, they can change it.
Repeat with the other words.

## Whole class teaching

Tell the class they are going to create their own story called 'At break time'.

Ask them to discuss in their local language what sorts of things they like to do at break time.
Ask them to say some of the games they play.
Write their ideas on the chalkboard.

25
minutes

10
minutes

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask some pairs to show their drawings to the class and explain them.

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 3

Assessment for
learning

Week 30
Stories
Day 5

Lesson

## Writing a story

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l}15 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}\right\| \begin{aligned} & \text { Tricky words }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
| Use a method to learn to spell tricky words. | Say some letter sounds and ask the pupils to say the names. |
| Write a short story. | Show the pupils the flash cards and read them. |
| Teaching aids | Use the easy method to learn these new tricky spellings. |
| Before the lesson: | Say, 'The dog was in her shop' and ask the pupils to write it in their exercise books. |
| Make large flash cards for the words 'all', 'are', 'my' and 'her'. | Read it again slowly and give them time to write it. |
|  | Repeat with 'I can go to the hut.' |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Pair task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Tell the pupils to look at their drawings from yesterday. <br> Ask the pupils what else happens at break time, eg: pupils are carrying bags for the teachers, some pupils are sweeping, women are making the breakfast. | Tell the pupils to write 'At break time' in their exercise books. | Tell them to write what the children are doing at break time. | Read some of the pupils' stories to the class. |
|  |  |  | Ask the pupils questions |
|  | Ask them to suggest ways to make break time more fun, eg: have swings and see-saws. | Tell them to write down what the children are saying. | about the stories. |
|  |  | Tell them to look at their drawing and describe what is happening. |  |
|  | Tell them to add these |  |  |
|  | new ideas to their drawing from yesterday. | Ask them to include as much detail as possible. |  |
|  | Tell the pupils to draw four children in their exercise books and give them names. | When they have finished, ask the pupils to swap books and read each other's story. |  |
|  |  | Ask them to suggest one more thing that their partner could write about. |  |

## Credits

Special thanks go to:

In 2008, Kwara State carried out a Teachers' Development Needs Assessment for all primary school teachers. This showed that most teachers in Kwara State did not have strong literacy and numeracy skills. The Kwara State Government responded by developing a strategy to support existing teachers and improve new teachers' pre-service training.
These literacy and numeracy lesson plans, developed by the Kwara State School Improvement Team, were part of that strategy. Two years after introducing these plans alongside the training and support programme, Kwara State began to see strong improvements in teachers' teaching skills and pupils' learning outcomes.

The Honourable Commissioner and staff of the Kwara State Ministry of Education and Human Capital Development, as well as the Kwara State Universal Basic Education Board for their support and valuable input and for agreeing to share these plans with other states.

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