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Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the
classroom for
effective learning

## Literacy lesson plans Primary 1 Term 1 <br> Organising the classroom for effective learning

This is the second in a series of six literacy lesson plan publications, designed to be used throughout the three academic school terms.


## Introduction

Good teaching can help learners achieve positive outcomes, even in difficult circumstances. But learners have little chance of making progress where the teaching is poor.

Throughout 2010 in
Kaduna State, the Ministry of Education carried out baseline surveys to assess classroom teachers, headteachers and pupil learning outcomes. Sadly, the findings were alarmingly poor. It was clear that despite substantial inputs into education, the majority of teachers were themselves victims of an education system that was in a serious downward spiral.

Following this research, the State Ministry of Education, the State Universal Basic Education Board and local government education quthorities, supported by the Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN), embarked on a series of reforms to strengthen schools.
To improve the teaching of basic literacy and numeracy in primary schools, Kaduna is introducing a carefully designed series of literacy and numeracy lesson plans for primary 1-3 teachers. These provide a step-bystep guide to teachers, while ensuring that teaching and learning become more exciting and children become active learners.

Alongside the lesson plans, structures and processes have been put in place so that teachers are continuously supported by the State School Improvement Team and specially-trained school support officers.
I am confident that these lesson plans will raise standards in our schools. I commend all those who have worked hard to produce these plans and train our teachers to use them, and I offer thanks to the UK Department for International Development (DFID) for its ongoing support for education reform in Kaduna State through its ESSPIN programme.

## Mohammed Usman



Honourable Commissioner of Education Kaduna State

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Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Introduction Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Organising the classroom

 for effective learningYour classroom is a flexible space. You can change it to suit the learning activities.

Pupils take part in many different activities during each week, eg: games, role plays, circle discussions, group tasks, copying from the chalkboard, using teaching aids, working with a partner, working alone, etc. All these activities need different ways of organising your classroom, eg:

Tables arranged around the edge of the room so there is a space in the middle for games, songs or role play. Pupils can see each other and this helps communication.

Tables arranged in rows so that the pupils can see the chalkboard. This is useful when they need to see something you have written or drawn on the chalkboard.
Tables arranged in groups. This helps pupils to talk together and share ideas. They can see each other clearly and can easily work with one set of number cards or one sheet of paper to produce a joint end product.
Each time you start the day you should think about the activities you need to do and decide if your classroom needs to be arranged differently. Work with the other teachers in your school and cluster, your head teacher and SSO to discuss different ways of arranging your classroom for learning.

Group and pair work

Group and pair work is the basis of a learner-centred classroom, it allows pupils to work together:

To discuss, solve problems or to play learning games.

To find their own way in their learning.
The main benefits of group and pair work are:

More pupils can be active at one time. Pupils can talk and listen to each other, or work on a problem together.
The teacher can walk around the room to monitor what groups and individuals are doing, and can stop with each group to help them with their task. Spending more time with the pupils helps teachers better understand what individual pupils know and can do.

Group work is also one of the best ways of teaching social skills to pupils. While working in groups, pupils are learning a variety of skills including:
Co-operation.
Taking turns.
Listening to others.
Sharing.
Working harmoniously with others.
Solving problems.
The development of these life skills is a major reason why group and pair work is undertaken in most modern classrooms.

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Weeks
6-10

Introduction
Songs, stories and games for the term

What is in the box?

Write words on flash cards.
Gather a set of objects and/or pictures to explain the words.

Put the pictures or objects
in a box.
Hold up one of the flash cards to the class.

Read the word slowly.
Choose a pupil to come and find the matching object or picture in the box.

My head, my shoulders

My head, my shoulders /
My knees, my toes /
(Repeat both lines twice more) All belong to God.

Objects in the classroom

In my class /
I have chalks /
Chalks, chalks, chalks! /
In my class /
I have chairs /
Chairs, chairs, chairs! /
In my class /
I have desks /
Desks, desks, desks! /
In my class /
I have pupils /
Pupils, pupils, pupils! / In my class /
The teacher teaches /
Teaches, teaches, teaches!

Point to the window

Point to the window /
Point to the door /
Point to the ceiling /
Point to the floor /
Point to the chalkboard /
Point to the wall /
Clap your hands together /
One, two, three /
Put your hands together /
On your knee.

## Literacy

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## Sound story:

h

Hassan is outside his hut. He is looking at his animals. He has a horse, two goats, three hens and four cows.
He is happy.

## Sound story:

 dDad has a red hat. Dad digs in the mud. Dad is sad. He sits down. He hears Dennis. Dennis is playing on his drum.

## Weeks

6-10

Sound story:
e

Joke has a pet hen. The hen lays an egg. The hen pecks Joke. Joke runs after the hen. Joke puts her net over the hen.

## Sound story:

 cFunke gets milk from the cow. She puts it in a cup. She has a cake as well. 'I can eat and drink', she says.

Sound story:
n

## Sound story:

m

## Sound story

r

The rat ran on the track. The rat had a rest. Tomi played a trick on the rat. He put a rag on the rat. The rat was in a trap.



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Week 6
Myself
Day 1

## Describing

 myself

## Before the lesson:

Have ready all the sound flash cards 's', 'a', 't', 'i', 'p' and ' $n$ '.

Make a card with letter ' $n$ ' on one side and draw someone having a nap on the other side.

Write these questions on the chalkboard: 'What is your name?', 'How old are you?', 'Where do you live?', 'What do you like to eat?'
Write the key words and phrases for the week on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Show the 'nap' picture and ask pupils: 'What is happening?'.

Teach them the word 'nap'. Point to the picture and say 'nnnnap'.
Show the letter 'n' and say 'nnnn' with the pupils.

Write the letter ' $n$ ' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.
Put the card behind your back and explain that when you show the 'nap' side the pupils should say 'nap' and when you show the ' $n$ ' side they should say ' $n$ '.


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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 6

Myself
Day 2

## Describing

 myself| 10 minutes | Learn English 1 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introd | uction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Pair task |  | Whole class teaching <br> Ask pupils what they can see in the pictures. Make sure they use the phrases, 'He is _' and 'She is _-' in their answers. | Pair task <br> Ask pupils to tell their partners one thing they do: after school at break time during lessons. | Whole class teaching <br> Take the class outside or into a space large enough to stand in a circle. |
| Ask pupils to look at Learn English 1, page 25. |  |  |  |  |
| Give th to look pictur | em a few minutes closely at the s and work out what |  |  | Tell the pupils that they will each walk into the circle and say their name using 'I am __', and then say and act one thing they do, eg: 'I am Umar. I play football.' |
| they ca | an see. | When they make suggestions, ask another question. If a pupil says 'I can see a teacher’, ask: 'What is he doing?' | Ask pupils to help their partner decide on a simple action to show each activity. Model this by showing some simple actions for activities such as eating, or playing football. |  |
| Ask pu partne in the their lo | pils to tell their what they can see ictures, using cal language or |  |  |  |
| English words if they can. |  | 'Do you think he is a nice teacher?' <br> Ask pupils: 'Which picture shows what you enjoy the most?' |  | Tell the other pupils to repeat what is said together, saying: 'He is Umar. He plays football'. |
|  |  |  |  |  |

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## Week 6

Myself
Day 3

## Describing actions at home

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Hear the ' $n$ ' sound in words.
Write the letter ' $n$ '.
Think of and describe some actions at home.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Practise reading the ' $n$ story' and write it on the chalkboard.

Draw a family on the chalkboard, including a mother, father, a baby and a boy and a girl.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Say the words containing the ' $n$ ' sound and ask the pupils to say them after you.

Read and explain the ' $n$ story'.
Read it again, emphasising the words with ' $n$ '.

Ask them to touch their head when they hear a word with the sound ' $n$ '.

Ask them to draw a picture about the story and write ' $n$ ' underneath it.
Introduction $\quad$ Main activity

Pair task
Show the pupils the family that you have drawn.

Ask pupils to tell each other who they can see in the picture and what is happening.

Ask them who they have seen in the picture.

Make sure they mention five people: the mother, the father, the boy, the girl and the baby. If they do not mention one of the people, point to the picture of that person and ask 'Who is this?'.
Tell pupils to use 'He is _.' and 'She is _-' when they answer.
Ask them to say other things that they or their parents do in their homes.

## Group task

Tell groups that they will use their own bodies to show the picture on the chalkboard. They should try to make their bodies and faces look exactly like the ones in the picture.

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask each group to show their 'pictures' in turn. Each time, give them a few seconds to get into position and then say 'freeze' to make sure they all stand still.

For each picture, go up to at least two pupils.
Ask them:
'Who are you?'
'What are you doing?'
Support them to answer using 'I am _ and I __', eg: 'I am Ali and I am reading'.

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## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

Week 6
Myself
Day 4

Lesson
title

## Writing about myself

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Begin to read and spell words with ' $n$ '.

Say something about themselves in English.


## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the ' n story' on the chalkboard.

Have ready a blank card for each pair.

Write 'I am _-' and your name very large on the chalkboard. Draw simple pictures around it to show things about you.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Point to and read the 'n story' on the chalkboard.

Role play the story and get the class to join in.
Read the story with them.
Choose pupils to underline words with the letter ' $n$ '.

In pairs, ask pupils to write ' $n$ ' on their blank card.

Ask them to put the letters together to make the words 'nap', 'pan', 'tin', 'ant'.

Choose some pupils to try to write the words on the chalkboard.

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Individual task | Pair task |
| Show the class your sentence and pictures on the chalkboard. | Tell pupils that they will do the same as you in their exercise books. | Ask pupils to show their pictures to their partner and explain what each |
| Ask them what they think the pictures show about you, and write their ideas underneath each picture. | Ask them to write 'I am __' and their name in the middle of a page, and draw pictures around it to show things about themselves. | ows. |
|  | As you go around the class, encourage pupils to think about all the different things they could draw by asking them questions. |  |

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## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

Week 6
Myself
Day 5

Lesson
title

## Writing about myself

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them. |
| Hear known sounds in words. |  |
| Match sounds to a letter to make simple words. |  |
|  | Ask the pupils to say the sounds. |
| Write some words that relate to themselves. |  |
|  | Ask them to touch the letter ' $n$ ' in the words on the chalkboard. |
| Teaching aids | Say one of the words and choose a pupil to point to the correct word on the chalkboard. |
| Before the lesson: |  |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. | Repeat this process with the other words. |
| Write the ' $n$ ' words on the chalkboard. | Ask the class to read the words with you. |
| Have the drawings from Day 4 on the chalkboard. | Say the words: 'nap', 'sat', 'pan', 'pit', 'ant', 'tin' and 'pin', slowly. |
|  | Ask the pupils to write each word in their exercise books as you say them. |


| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | 10 minutes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching | Individual task | Pair task | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils what the drawings on the chalkboard show about you. <br> Ask the pupils what pictures they saw in their partners' books yesterday. | Ask pupils to look back at their 'I am' pictures. Tell them that they will be writing the English words to go with their pictures. <br> Ask some pupils to tell you their words. <br> $\overline{\text { Write each word in a different }}$ place on the chalkboard. Tell the pupils they should try to find their words where you have written them, and use the correct spelling when they write each one down. <br> Tell the class to write their words under their pictures. | Ask pupils to swap books with their partners. <br> They should read what their partner has written and underline any 'n's in their words. | Show the class the words on the chalkboard. For each one, say the word and ask someone who has used it to show the class an action to go with the word. <br> Each time, ask the class to do the action and say the word. |

The Privilge to
We Are No Mare Shaves
Me As shrag Frei An Bröle
Week
7
In my classroom


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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 7

In my classroom Day 1

Objects in the classroom


By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Say and write the sound ' $c$ '.
Say some of the names of objects in the classroom.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready all the sound flash cards ' $s$ ', ' $a$ ', ' $t$ ', ' f ', ' $p$ ', ' $n$ ' and ' $c$ '.
Make a flash card with the letter ' $c$ ' on one side and a picture of a cow on the other.

Have ready sticks and sand trays.
Look at Learn English 1, page 22.
Write the key words on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Place the flash cards around the playground.

Say a sound and tell pupils to run and stand by the correct card. Repeat several times.

Point to the picture of the cow and say 'c, c, cow'.
Show the letter ' $c$ ' and say 'c, c, c' with the pupils.

Write the letter ' $c$ ' in the air and ask the class to copy you.
Tell pupils to use the sticks to write 'c' in the ground or in sand trays.

| 10 minutes | Learn English 1 | 25 minutes |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  | Plenary |  |
| Pair task |  | Whole class teaching |  | Whol | class teaching |
| Ask pupils to look at the pictures in Learn English 1, page 22. |  | Look at the pictures again. Say the name of an object and ask pupils to point to it in their textbooks. | Ask pupils what other objects they can see in the classroom. Ask if they know the English names for any of them. | Lead the class in singing 'Point to the window', pointing to each object as they name it. |  |
| Ask pairs to look around the classroom to see if they can find any of the objects in the pictures. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Tell them to say the words with you. | Tell them to go to the |  |  |
|  |  | For each object, ask if anyone found examples of it in the classroom. | object and lead the class in saying its name. <br> Ask them to draw some |  |  |
|  |  | If the object is not in the classroom, ask pupils where they might see it. | of the objects they can see in the classroom. |  |  |
|  |  | If the object is in the classroom, tell all pupils to point to it and say the name. |  |  |  |

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Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 7

In my classroom Day 2

## Naming classroom objects



| $\left\lvert\,$10 <br> minutes$\quad\right.$ Learn English 1 | 25 minutes |  | 10 minutes | Song |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |  |
| Pair task | Whole class teaching | Group task | Whole class teaching |  |
| Ask pupils to look at the pictures in Learn English 1, page 22. | Show flash cards with the names of objects in the classroom. | Give a set of flash cards containing names of objects on or near their tables to each group, eg: table, chair, pencil, book. | Sing 'Point to the window' with the class. |  |
| Ask pairs to tell one another the names of the objects | Ask pupils to say the name of the object. |  |  |  |
| in the picture. <br> Ask pupils to share the names of the objects | Ask if anyone can see where that object is in the classroom. | Tell the groups to fix their flash cards to the correct objects. |  |  |
| with the rest of the class. | Give the card to a pupil and ask them to stick the flash card to the object. | Ask them to copy some of the words carefully in their exercise books. |  |  |
|  | Tell them to point to the object and say its name. |  |  |  |

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## Week 7

In my classroom
Day 3

## Drawing objects in the classroom

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Recognise and spell words containing the sound ' $c$ '.

Identify classroom objects and say their names.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards and a blank card for each pair.

Write the 'c story' on the chalkboard.

Have ready the classroom object flash cards from Day 2 for each group.


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Week 7
In my classroom
Day 4

## Classroom

 diagrams|  | 15 minutes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
| Say the sound ' $k$ ' and identify the sound ' $k$ ' in a word. | flash cards and ask pupils to say them. |
| Write the names of some objects. | Tell pupils there is another letter that makes the same sound as the letter ' c '. |
|  | Write 'k' on the chalkboard and say the sound. |
| Before the lesson: | Hide the card behind |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. | explaining that when you show |
| Make a flash card with the letter ' $k$ ' on one side and a picture of a king on the other. | the king side the pupils should say "king' and when you show the ' $k$ ' side they should say ' $k$ '. |
| Have ready the flash cards from Days 2 and 3. | Read the ' $k$ ' words and explain them. |
| Have a large piece of paper for each group with a map of the classroom on, as described opposite. | Ask pupils to say the words with you. |


| 10 minutes |  | 25 minutes | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching |  | Group task | Whole class teaching |
| Draw a simple diagram of the classroom as if seen from above on the chalkboard. You should draw lines to show the walls of the classroom, and rectangles to show the desks, etc. | Draw a line to the circle. At the end of the line, write 'teacher'. | Give a large sheet of paper to each group with the classroom outline drawn on. | Ask each group in turn to show the class their map so far. Praise the work |
|  | Explain that this kind of picture, showing a place from above, is called a 'map'. | drawn on. <br> Ask groups to draw some of the classroom objects that they know the names | they have done. |
| Draw a circle to show yourself at the front of the room. | Explain that the class will be creating a map of the objects in the classroom using this method. | on their map. <br> Ask pupils to label these items as you did |  |
|  | Read the flash cards from yesterday with the pupils. | on the chalkboard. |  |
|  | Draw some of the objects named on the flash cards on the map and label them. |  |  |

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## Week 7

In my classroom Day 5

Lesson

## Identifying classroom objects

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Write the letter ' $k$ '. Hear the ' $c$ ' and ' $k$ ' sounds in words.

Name classroom objects.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write all the ' c ' and ' $k$ ' words on the chalkboard.

Have ready the group maps from Day 4.
Have a sand tray ready for each pair.

## Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Read the 'c' and ' $k$ ' words with the pupils.
Write ' $k$ ' on the chalkboard and in the air.

Tell pupils to write it in the air and on their arm using their fingers.

Tell the pupils to take turns, in pairs, to write ' $k$ ' in the sand tray.
Ask them to write a big and a small ' $k$ ' in their exercise books.

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes |  | 10 minut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |  |
| Ask the class to remind you of the names of some of the classroom objects. | Ask groups to complete their classroom maps, started on Day 4. | When pupils visit another map, they should write their own names where their seat is. They should also write the names of the experts in their group. | Sing 'Point to the window' with the class. |  |
| For each object they name, ask pupils to point to that object and then lead them in writing its name in the air. | Once they have included and labelled all of the objects they can think of, they should label where the pupils in their group sit, including each pupil's name. |  | If possible, show the pupils where their maps will be displayed in the classroom. |  |
|  | Ask groups to choose one or two 'experts' to stay with their map. |  |  |  |
|  | The rest of the pupils in that group should go and look at the other groups' maps. |  |  |  |

Week<br>8<br>Around the school

(-)

| Letters/sounds |  | Words/phrases | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 'ck' sack pack kick pick sick tick | 'e’ set pet net ten peck 'h' hat hen hip hit has | school tree <br> bush <br> flower <br> ball <br> goat <br> machine <br> car <br> stone <br> leaf <br> This is $\qquad$ <br> Is this a _? <br> What is this? <br> Where is _? | During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea. |

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## Week 8

Around the school Day 1

## Objects in the school compound

| Learning outcomes |
| :--- |
| By the end of the lesson, most |
| pupils will be able to: |
| Say the sound 'ck'. |
| Spell words with 'ck'. |
| Identify some objects in the |
| school compound. |
| Teaching aids |

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the 'ck' words on the chalkboard and draw pictures to explain them.
Have ready the sound flash cards 's', 'a', 't', 'f', 'p', 'n', 'c', 'k' and a blank card for each pair of pupils.
Practise saying the English names for most objects in the school compound.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Tell the class that 'ck' together also make the same sound as ' $c$ ' and ' $k$ '.

Read the 'ck' words to the class and explain them.

Ask pupils where 'ck' comes (at the end of the word).
Say the 'ck' words with them.
Ask pairs of pupils to get out their sound cards.

Give them a blank card and tell
them to write 'ck' on it.
Call out some of the 'ck' words and ask pupils to make the words with their cards.

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |
| Pair task | Whole class teaching | Individual task |
| Tell the pairs to go into the school compound and try to identify as many objects as they can. | Ask pupils to tell you the objects they saw in the school compound. <br> Write each one on the | Ask each pupil to choose five of the objects from the chalkboard and write the names of these things down in their exercise books. |
| They must remember the objects they see. It doesn't matter if they don't know the English for their objects. | $\bar{W}$ Write each one on the chalkboard. If they do not know the English for their object, tell them the English word and write it on the chalkboard. Ask them to say the new word with you. |  |
| After 5 minutes, call them back into the classroom |  |  |
|  | Once you have a full list, read through it with the pupils, saying each word as a class, and ask if there are any more objects they would like to add. |  |

25

## Main activity

Whole class teaching
Ask pupils to tell you the objects they saw in the school compound.

Write each one on the chalkboard. If they do not know the English for their object, tell them the English word and write it on the chalkboard. Ask them to say

Once you have a full list, read through it with the pupils, saying each word there are any more objects they would like to add.

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask pupils to bring their list and a pencil with them, and take the class outside to a place where you can see most of the objects from your list.
Explain that you will pick up or point to objects in turn. You can also say their names in the local language. If that object is on their list, they should tick it off.

When a pupil has ticked all of the objects on their list, they should shout
'Bingo!' That pupil has won the game.

## You can continue

 playing until about five pupils have ticked off all of their objects.Literacy
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Week 8
Around the school
Day 2

Lesson
title
'This is a _.'

| 10 minutes | 25 <br> minutes | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Game } \\ \text { minutes } & \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching | Group task | Whole class teaching |  |
| Point to a table and say 'This is a table'. Point to a chair and say, 'This is a chair'. <br> Write 'This is a' on the chalkboard and explain that we can use this phrase when saying what something is called. <br> Ask pupils to say the following phrases with you: 'This is a table' and 'This is a chair', while pointing at those objects. | Show the flash cards with the names of the objects from yesterday. Ask if anyone can remember where those objects are. <br> Give each group a set of flash cards. Tell them to go outside and find each of their objects. When they are next to the object, they should find the correct flash card and say: 'This is a _-', and then the object's name. | Ask pupils to stand in a circle. <br> Place a simple object, such as a pencil or a shoe, in the middle of the circle. <br> Explain that they are going to play a game called 'This is a __'. <br> Go into the centre of the circle, pick up the object and pretend to play it like a drum. Say, 'This is a drum'. <br> Ask a pupil to come into the circle and take it from you, saying: 'No, this is not a drum. This is a __'. | Each pupil in turn should take the object and say a new 'This is a __' until all pupils have had a turn. |

Literacy
lesson plans Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 8

Around the school Day 3

Lesson
title
'Is this a _?

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them. |
| Write the letter ' ${ }^{\text {e }}$ '. |  |
| Hear the sound 'e' in words. |  |
| Use the question 'Is this a _ ? | Read and explain the 'e story'. |
| Use the English names for objects. | Choose pupils to help you to role play the story. |
| Teaching aids | Read the story again. <br> Ask the pupils to shout 'e' when they hear the ' $e$ ' sound. |
|  |  |
| Before the lesson: | Show the pupils how to write the letter ' $e$ '. |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. |  |
| Write the 'e story' on the chalkboard. | Tell them to write it in the air and on the ground. |
| Display the flash cards from |  |
| Day 2 around the room. | Tell them to draw an egg in their exercise books and write 'e' under it. |
| Look at the pictures in Learn English 1, page 20. |  |


| 10 minutes |  | $\|$25 <br> minutes Learn English |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  |
| Whole class teaching |  | Individual task | Pair task |
| Ask the class: ‘Can you remember the phrase from yesterday?' | Encourage them to answer: 'Yes'. <br> Point to a table and ask: | Ask the pupils to look at the pictures in Learn English 1, page 20. | Ask pairs to look at each other's pictures and to ask each other: 'Is this a __?' |
| Ask all pupils to join you in saying: 'This is a table' 'This is a chair'. | 'Is this a chair?' Encourage them to answer: 'No. It is a table.' | Ask them to choose one object that they can say the name of. <br> Ask pupils to draw a picture | Ask pairs to write a list together of five objects from the flash cards, including the ones they have drawn. |
| Write 'Is this a_?' on the chalkboard. Explain that you can ask a question using this phrase. <br> Point to a chair and ask the class: 'Is this a chair?' |  | of that object in their exercise book and write its name next to it. <br> Encourage them to look at the flash cards to help them with the names. |  |

10
minutes

Game
the flash cards to help them with the names.

Plenary
$\overline{P l a y ~ ' B i n g o!' ~ w i t h ~ t h e ~}$ class, with pairs working together to mark objects off their list.
For each object, show pupils the picture side of the flash card. If the pictures are not complete or not very clear, tell them the local name for that object.

## Whole class teaching

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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 8

Around the school Day 4

## 'What is this?

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.
Write ' $h$ ' on the chalkboard. Say the sound and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound.


Before the lesson:
Have ready the sound flash cards.
Make a flash card with the letter ' $h$ ' on one side and a picture of a hat on the other.

Have a sand tray ready for each pair of pupils.

Write 'What is this?' on the chalkboard.

Display flash cards of the objects around the room.

Hide the card behind your back, explaining that when you show the hat side they should say 'hat' and when you show the ' $h$ ' side they should say ' $h$ '.
Show them how to write the letter ' $h$ '. Write it in the air and on the ground with them.
Choose pupils to write ' $h$ ' and ' $e$ ' on the chalkboard.
In pairs, tell pupils to write 'e' and ' $h$ ' in the sand trays as big as they can and as small as they can.

| 10 minutes | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Song } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Pair task | Whole class teaching |
| Remind the pupils that yesterday they asked the question 'Is this a __?' | Take the pupils outside in pairs. Ask each person in the pair to take turns to point to an object and ask: 'What is this?' | Sing 'Objects in the classroom' to the pupils, and ask them to sing it with you. |
| Explain that when you don't know what some- |  | If possible, ask them to point to the flash card for each object as they sing its name. |
| thing is, you can ask: 'What is this?' | If their partner does not know the name of the object, they should help each other or ask another pair. |  |
| Show them the object flash cards and say the word with the pupils. |  |  |
| Point to a chair and ask: 'What is this?' | If they cannot find the answer, they should come |  |
| Encourage pupils to answer: 'It is a chair.' | and find you and ask: <br> 'What is this?' |  |
|  | Each person should ask their partner the names of five objects. |  |

Literacy
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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

Week 8
Around the school
Day 5

## Where is __?



Have ready the sound flash cards and two blank cards for each pair.
Have ready two sets of flash
cards, enough for each pupil to
have one card:
Set 1:
Objects from outside,
eg: tree, motorcycle, chair, etc.
Set 2:
Pictures of the objects.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.
Write the ' $h$ ' words on the chalkboard and read them with the pupils, sounding them out carefully.
Point to the words randomly and ask pupils to try to read them.
Give each pair the blank cards and ask them to write ' $h$ ' on one and ' $e$ ' on the other.

Ask them to look at all their cards and make the word 'hat'.
Repeat this process, to make 'hen' and 'hip'.

Choose pupils to write these words on the chalkboard.




Literacy
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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the
classroom for
effective learning

## Week 9

In the house
Day 1

## Objects in the house

|  | 15 minutes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching <br> Quickly show all the sound |
| Recognise the sound that the letter 'r' makes. | flash cards and ask pupils to say them. |
| Say the names of objects found at home. | Point to the picture and say 'rrrat'. Show the letter 'r'. |
| Teaching aids | Say 'rrr' and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound. |
| Before the lesson: | Write the letter ' $r$ ' in the air and ask the class to copy you, writing in |
| Have ready the sound flash cards, 's', 'a', 't', 'i', 'p', 'n', 'c', 'k', 'ck', 'e', 'h'. | Put the card behind your back and explain that when you show |
| Make a flash card with ' $r$ ' on one side and a picture of a rat on the other. | the 'rat' side the pupils should say 'rat' and when you show the ' $r$ ' side they should say ' $r$ '. |
| Bring in some real household objects. |  |



Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to name different objects they can find in their homes.

Show them real household objects.

Say the names and tell pupils to say them with you.

## Main activity

Whole class teaching
Ask pupils to explain what they do with the household objects you have discussed, using 'in my house’, eg: ‘I sit on a chair in my house'.

Show the class the flash cards with the words on.

Explain the words and tell the class to read them with you.

Role play drinking from
a cup and say: 'I drink from
a cup in my house'.

## Pair task

Tell the pupils to look at Learn English 1, page 30. Read some of the words and ask pupils to touch the matching picture.
Say the names of the objects and tell pupils to repeat them after you.

One pupil should role play an action for an object on the page.

Their partner should point to the object and try to say its name.

## Plenary

Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to draw the objects that start with the sounds ' $t$ ', ' $p$ ' and ' $c$ '.

Tell them to write the sound by the picture they draw.

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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 9

In the house
Day 2

## Objects in the house

Lesson
title


Read words with the sound ' 'r' and write the letter ' $r$ '.

Say sentences about objects using the word 'in'.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the ' $r$ ' words on the chalkboard.

Prepare a sand tray for each group.
Write 'clock', 'cup', 'mat' and 'pot'
on cards.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Write ' $r$ ' on the chalkboard.
Say the sound and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound.

Read the ' $r$ ' words and explain them to the class.

Ask pupils to say the words with you.

Choose pupils to underline
the ' $r$ ' sound in the words on the chalkboard.

In pairs, tell the pupils to take turns to write ' $r$ ' in the sand.

Ask them to write ' $r$ ' and draw pictures in their books.

| 10 minutes | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 25 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |  | $\text { \| } 10$ minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching | Group task | Pair task |
| Ask if pupils can say any objects they have in their homes. | Draw a house on the chalkboard. Divide it into three and label each | Ask pupils to name objects that might be in the parlour. | Show the pairs the objects. <br> Ask them to say a sentence about each one, |
| Tell them the names of the objects in English. | section 'bedroom', 'kitchen' and 'parlour'. Keep it so that it can be used for the rest of the week. | Ask each group to tell the others. They should say a sentence using 'in', eg: 'The clock is in the parlour'. | eg: 'It is in the kitchen. |
|  | Tell pupils to look at the drawing of the house. | As pupils say the sentences, you draw the objects on |  |
|  | Ask them what objects might be in a kitchen and draw these objects on the chalkboard as pupils say them. | the chalkboard. |  |
|  | Tell them to put their ideas in a sentence, eg: 'The cup is in the kitchen'. |  |  |

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the
classroom for
effective learning

## Week 9

In the house
Day 3

## Sentences about the house

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them. |
| Hear the sound 'r' in words. |  |
| Write the letter ' r '. |  |
| Name objects found in different | Write 'r' on the chalkboard. |
| rooms in the house. | Say the sound and ask the pupils to join in with you. |
| Teaching aids | Read and explain the 'r story'. |
| Before the lesson: | Choose pupils to help you to role play the story. |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. | Read the story again. |
| Write the 'r story' on the chalkboard. | Ask the pupils to shout ' $r$ ' when they hear the ' $r$ ' sound. |
| Have ready word and picture flash cards for each group: 'clock', 'cup', 'mat' and 'pot'. | Ask pupils to draw a picture to explain the story in their exercise books. |
| Have ready the house drawing from yesterday. | Tell them to write the word 'rat' under the picture. |

25
minutes

10
minutes

Plenary

## Group task

Show pupils the flash cards with the names of the objects.

Tell them to say the names after you.

Give each group a set of pictures and a set of words.
Ask them to try to
put the words next to the correct pictures.

Ask each group to hold up their pictures and words.

The other groups should say if they think they are correct.

Literacy
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Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the
classroom for
effective learning

Week 9
In the house
Day 4

## Objects in the home

Lesson
title

| $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array} \right\rvert\, \text { Song }$ | 25 minutes | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task | Individual task |
| Sing 'Objects in the classroom'. | Read the words 'parlour', 'bedroom' and 'kitchen' with the pupils. | Ask the pupils to draw some objects in the home beginning with the sounds ' $m$ ' and ' $s$ ' in their exercise books. |
| Tell the pupils to look at the house drawing. |  |  |
| Ask the class where the objects are, eg: 'Where is the bed? | Give each group a set of these words and a set of pictures. | Tell them to write the sound by the object they draw. |
| Tell pupils to reply with | Tell them to put the pictures next to the word for the room they are in. |  |
|  | Ask each group to say where their pictures are, eg: 'The cup is in the kitchen'. |  |
|  | Ask the other groups if they are correct. |  |

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 9

In the house
Day 5

Objects at home

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Learn English 1 |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |
| Group task | Whole class teaching |  | Group task | Group task |
| Ask the pupils to look at the house picture from Days 3 and 4. | Ask the class to look at the pictures in Learn English 1, page 30. |  | Show the pupils the words on the cards and read these words with them. | Ask each group to put their cards into two piles. One pile should be for objects found in school and the other should be for objects found in the home. |
| Ask them to tell you what is in the rooms, eg: 'What is in the bedroom?' | Tell them to point to the plate. |  | Give each group the cards. <br> Say one of the words and ask the groups to hold |  |
| They should reply with a sentence, eg: 'The bed is in the bedroom'. | under Tell th word | eath the plate. <br> pupils to point to th plate'. | up the correct card. <br> Ask them to practice asking and answering questions | Ask each group to say which objects they have in each pile. The other groups should say if they are correct. |
| Tell each group to think about a room in the home. | Ask: <br> 'Which sound does plate start with?' |  | about objects, eg: <br> 'What is this?' |  |
| Ask them to name as many objects as they can in their room. | Ask: <br> 'How many words are there in the sentence?' |  |  |  |
| Each group should say their words in a sentence, eg: 'The $\qquad$ is in the kitchen' | Read the sentence again and ask the pupils to point to the words as you read them. |  |  |  |
|  | Repea on the | for the other objec page. |  |  |



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 10

Where I live
Day 1

Lesson

## My village

| $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l}10 \\ \text { minutes }\end{array}\right\| \begin{aligned} & \text { Learn English } 1\end{aligned}$ | 25 minutes |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching | Group task | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils to look at Learn English 1, page 40. | Ask the pupils what other things they can see | Give each group flash cards containing names | Choose one of the pictures and ask the class: |
| Tell them that the pictures show things that can be found in a village. | in their villages. <br> Write their ideas on the chalkboard, eg: | of what can be seen in a village. <br> Give each group eight | 'What is this?' <br> The pupils should reply: 'This is a __.' |
| Point to the first picture and ask: 'What is this?' | school, market. <br> Show them the flash | pieces of paper and ask them to draw one picture on each to explain | Repeat for all the words. |
| Tell them to reply: 'This is a farm'. | cards of the names of things in the village. | each word. |  |
| Repeat with each picture. <br> Ask the pupils to read the sentences in Learn English 1, page 40 with a partner. | Explain each word and tell the class to say them after you. | say one of the words and ask the pupils to hold up the picture they have drawn for it. |  |
| Ask each pair to read their sentence to the class. |  | Repeat until you have said all the words. <br> Keep their pictures for tomorrow. |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 10

Where I live
Day 2

Lesson

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read words with the sound 'd' and write the letter ' $d$ '.

Answer the question,
'What is this?'.


## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the 'd' words on the chalkboard.
Choose six 'd' words, draw pictures on cards to explain them and put these in a box.
Have ready the flash cards for objects found in a village and the pictures the pupils drew yesterday.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Play ' spy'.
Choose an object or picture the pupils can see, eg: a desk.

Say, 'I spy with my little eye something beginning with _-' (say the first sound of the object, eg: d).

Ask the pupils to guess the object you are thinking about.
Repeat with a different object.
Ask the pupils to draw some words with ' $d$ ' in their exercise books.

Ask them to write 'd' as big as they can and as small as they can under their pictures.


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 10

Where I live
Day 3

Lesson

## My village

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Hear the sound ' $d$ ' in words and write the letter ' $d$ '.

Answer the questions, 'What is this?' and 'Where is this?'.


## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the 'd story' on the chalkboard.
Write the key words on the chalkboard.
Bring in objects from the kitchen.
Draw things found in the village.
Make each pair a set of flash cards with the words: 'This', 'is', 'the', 'tree'.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Write 'd' on the chalkboard.
Say the sound and ask the pupils to join in making the sound with you.

Read and explain the ' $d$ story'.
Choose pupils to help you to role play the story.
Read the story again.
Ask the pupils to shout ' $d$ ' when they hear the ' $d$ ' sound.
Ask the pupils to draw a picture in their exercise books to explain the story.
Tell them to write the word 'dad' under their picture.

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group task |  | Pair task |
| Point to and read the key words on the chalkboard. | Point to the pictures of things in the village and ask: 'What is this?' | Tell the pupils to draw a line down the middle of a page in their exercise books. | Give each pair a set of cards. Tell them to shuffle these cards. |
| Point to words at random and choose pupils to say them. Repeat this several times. | The class should reply: 'This is the $\qquad$ | On one side they should draw objects found in the kitchen and on the other side objects found in the village. | Tell the pairs to put their cards in the correct order to make a sentence. |
| Say a word and ask a pupil to come and touch it. | Show pupils the objects from the kitchen and ask: 'What is this?' |  | Choose a pair to read their sentence. |
|  | They should reply: 'This is the - | Choose individual pupils to say the names of the objects they have drawn. | Tell pupils to write their sentences in their exercise books. |
|  | Point to a kitchen object and ask: 'Where is this?' |  |  |
|  | Help them reply: 'It is in the kitchen.' |  |  |
|  | Repeat with the village pictures. |  |  |

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 10

Where I live
Day 4

Lesson
title

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Say and write the sound 'd'.
Read and write sentences beginning with, 'This is a _-'.

Read the key words.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards for each pair.

Write, 'This is a _-' on a large piece of card and make a flash card for each pair.

Draw pictures on the chalkboard of a bed, a shop, a hut, a bus and a tree.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show all the sound flash cards and ask pupils to say them.

Play 'I spy'.
Tell pupils to try to read the 'd story' with you.

Give each pair the blank cards and ask them to write ' d ' on each one.

Ask them to look at all their cards and make the word 'dad'.
Tell them to repeat this process to make 'red' and 'sad'.

Choose pupils to write the words on the chalkboard.

Say one of the sounds.
Ask the pupils to hold up the matching card.


## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 1

## Term 1

Organising the classroom for effective learning

## Week 10

Where I live
Day 5

Lesson

## My village

| 10 minutes | $25$ <br> minutes | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group activity | Individual task |
| Gather the pupils in a circle. | Give each group a set of key words cards. | Write 'This is a hut' on the chalkboard and ask the |
| Put one set of flash cards of the words and pictures face up on the floor. | Tell them to place the cards face down on their desks. <br> Ask each pupil to take turns | pupils to read it with you. <br> Write 'It is a tree' and ask the pupils to read it with you. |
| Choose a pupil to pick a word card and read it. | to turn over two cards. <br> If the cards match, he/she | Ask pupils to write their own sentences containing |
| He /she should then point to the matching picture. | If they are not the same | Choose some pupils |
| Repeat until all the words have been read and all the | the cards must be put back in the same place. | to read their sentences to the class. |
|  | Continue until no cards remain. |  |
|  | The pupil with the most cards is the winner. |  |

## Credits

Special thanks go to:

In 2008, Kwara State carried out a Teachers' Development Needs Assessment for all primary school teachers. This showed that most teachers in Kwara State did not have strong literacy and numeracy skills. The Kwara State Government responded by developing a strategy to support existing teachers and improve new teachers' pre-service training.
These literacy and numeracy lesson plans, developed by the Kwara State School Improvement Team, were part of that strategy. Two years after introducing these plans alongside the training and support programme, Kwara State began to see strong improvements in teachers' teaching skills and pupils' learning outcomes.

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