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Type of lesson plans/ Grade Term/ Learning theme

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#### Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning

environment

Weeks 1—5

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## Literacy lesson plans Primary 1 Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

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This is the first in a series of six literacy lesson plan publications, designed to be used throughout the three academic school terms.



#### Introduction

The quality of education is a key element to socioeconomic development in any society. Perhaps the most critical element in ensuring quality of education to output. The majority of is the teacher. Good teaching methodology, with the right textbooks. will quickly provide a good platform for a quality education system in Kano State.

The challenges are sometimes overwhelming when vou have 5.335 schools with over 2.3 million children and 46.643 teachers. The Kano State Ministry of Education carried out a series of baseline surveys to assess classroom teachers. the role of the head teacher and the level of pupil learning outcomes.

The findings in most cases were alarmingly poor, with not much difference between aualified and unaualified teachers with respect teachers were themselves victims of an education system that was in a serious downward slope.

Following this, the Kano State Ministry of Education, the State Universal Basic **Education Board (SUBEB)** and local government education authorities (LGEAs), supported by the **Education Sector Support** Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN), embarked on a series of reforms that will help strengthen schools.

This work has focused on classroom teaching skills in particular how to make teaching child-centred and the organisational structures needed for SUBEB and LGEA staff to provide effective support and advice to primary schools.

With many school leavers unable to read or write. a specific focus has been on improving the teaching of basic literacy and numeracy. To support this, Kano State has developed a benchmark for assessment and carefully designed literacy and numeracy lesson plans for Primary 1—3 teachers. These plans provide a step-by-step quide to teachers, while ensuring children become active learners.

The lesson plans, however, are not sufficient. Structures and processes have also been put in place so that teachers are continuously supported by both the State School Improvement Team and the I GFA-based school support officers.

We are sure that within a short time of these lesson plans being introduced, children's learning abilities will improve considerably. The materials will also enable teaching and learning to be more exciting - an important element in all classes, but in particular at the primary level. We are confident that these lesson plans will raise standards and improve the quality of children proceeding to higher levels of education.

We commend all those who have produced these lesson plans and trained our teachers to use them. We offer thanks to the UK **Department for International** Development (DFID) for its ongoing support to education reform in Kano State through its ESSPIN programme. Let's make every Kano school an improving school.



**Barister Faroug Iya Sambo** Honourable Commissioner of Education Kano State

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Wada Zakari **Executive Chairman SUBEB** Kano State

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

### Introduction Creating an effective learning environment

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Weeks 1—5

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An effective learning	2	3	4
environment	Build good relationships	Use classroom space	Display
The school environment has to make pupils feel comfortable, and stimulate their minds for learning to take place. There is plenty you can do to improve the feel of the classroom for your pupils. <b>1</b> <b>Teaching methodology</b> The lesson plans use a large variety of activities. If followed carefully, they will keep the pupils interested, motivated and will support effective learning in a structured way. These methods are designed to involve pupils in their learning and give them the opportunity to learn from each other.	<ul> <li>Learn all your pupils' names and use them frequently.</li> <li>Find out about your pupils' lives and interests by listening to them and asking questions. Greet them individually in the mornings and encourage them to greet and talk to each other.</li> <li>Tell them about yourself and your family. Pupils love finding out that teachers are 'human' too!</li> <li>Notice when pupils are unhappy and make an extra effort to be friendly to them. Smile and make learning fun for the pupils.</li> <li>Praise and encourage pupils for effort and achievement, instead of punishing them for 'laziness' or getting things wrong. Shouting and treating your pupils harshly, or beating them, will affect them emotionally and make them unable to learn.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arrange the seating in different ways. Look at the photo- graphs in some of the lesson plans to help you think of different ways of working.</li> <li>U-shaped formations mean all the pupils can see each other and there is a space in the middle</li> <li>for activities.</li> <li>Pushing tables together means that four or six pupils can</li> <li>sit together.</li> <li>If there is no space in your class- room, take the pupils outside to play circle games or do activities.</li> </ul>	Displaying pupils' work is motivating and helps them to remember things they have learned. The activities in these lesson plans encourage you to display pupils' work in different ways. At the start of each week display the key words. 5 Teaching aids There are lots of suggestions in the lesson plans for making low- and no-cost teaching aids. Making these may take some time, but they can be used more than once and can last a long time if they are made carefully.

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

# Introduction Sounds and handwriting

Weeks 1—5

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#### Sounds

Learning the sounds of letters is very important to help teach pupils to read and spell. Use the sounds not the alphabet names when helping pupils read and spell words. The letters and sounds section in each day's plan will tell you how to teach the sound correctly. The following list gives examples of how each letter should sound when you teach it.

<b>s</b>	<b>h</b>	<b>u</b>	<b>ai</b>
as in sit	as in hen	as in bus	as in rain
<b>a</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>j</b>	<b>oa</b>
as in ant	as in rip	as in jam	as in boat
<b>t</b>	<b>m</b>	<b>z</b>	ee
as in tap	as in man	as in zip	as in feet
<b>i</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>w</b>	or
as in it	as in dad	as in win	as in corn
<b>p</b>	<b>g</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>ow</b>
as in pan	as in gap	as in van	as in down
<b>n</b>	<b>o</b>	<b>y</b>	<b>sh</b>
as in nap	as in on	as in yam	as in sheep
<b>c</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>x</b>	<b>ch</b>
as in cat	as in lip	as in box	as in chin
<b>k</b>	<b>f</b>		<b>th</b>
as in kin	as in fan		as in path
<b>e</b> as in net	<b>b</b> as in bat		

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#### Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

#### Weeks 1—5

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#### Handwriting

It is very important that pupils learn to write their letters correctly so that others can read what they write.

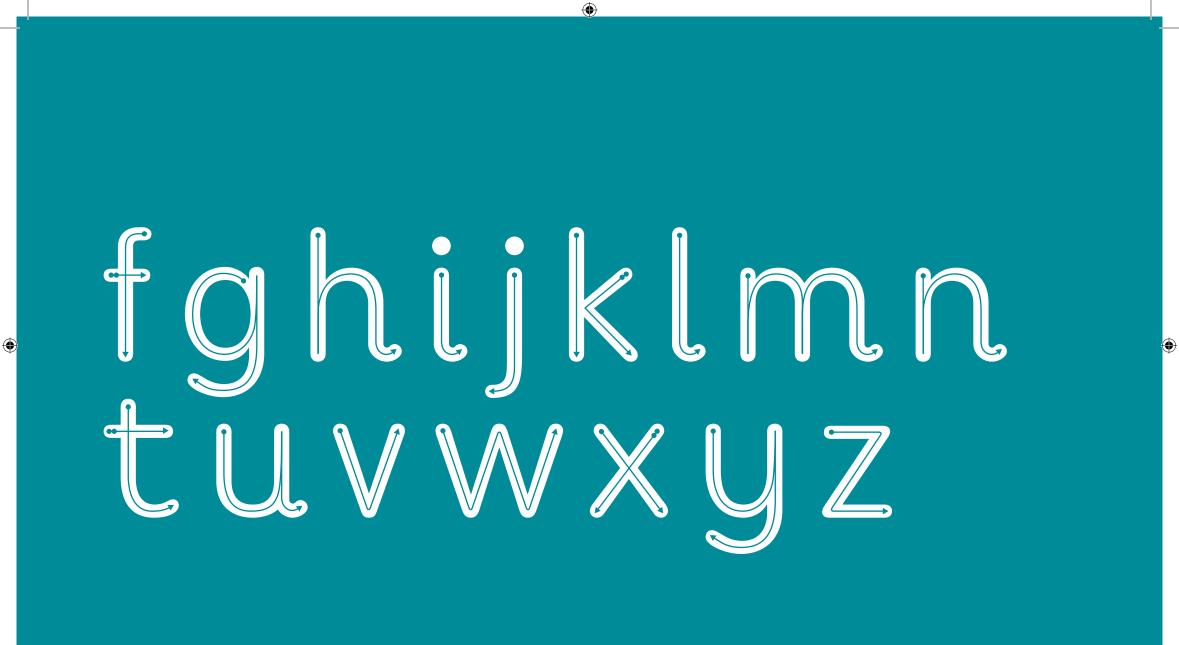
By following the system opposite the pupils will be able to make their writing flow more easily.

To write each letter start at the dot and follow the direction of the arrow without taking the pencil off the paper. When there are two dots it means that the pencil needs to leave the paper to finish the letter. The letters and sounds section of the lesson plans show you how to teach the writing of these letters.

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

# Introduction Songs and stories for the term

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Weeks 1—5

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The wheels on the bus

The wheels on the bus go round and round, round and round, round and round / The wheels on the bus go round and round / all day long.

The horn on the bus goes beep, beep, beep, etc.

The children on the bus go wriggle, wriggle, wriggle, etc.

Hickety Pickety	My head, my shoulders	The yam is in the bag	Sing a beautiful song	Rainbow song
Hickety Pickety, my black hen / She lays eggs for gentlemen / Sometimes two, sometimes 10 / Hickety Pickety, my black hen.	My knees, my toes / (Repeat both lines	The yam is in the bag, the yam is in the bag / ee i adieyo, the yam is in the bag /	Sing, sing / Sing a beautiful song / Sit to sing a song / Stand to sing a song /	Red and yellow and pink and green / purple and orange and blue / I can sing a rainbow,
	The rat eats the yam, the rat eats the yam / ee i adieyo, the rat eats the yam /	a beautiful song.	sing a rainbow, sing a rainbow too / Listen with your eyes / listen with your eyes and sing every song you see /	
		The cat chased the rat, the cat chased the rat / ee i adieyo, the cat chased the rat /		I can sing a rainbow, sing a rainbow, sing along with me. (repeat)
		The cat caught the rat, the cat caught the rat / ee i adieyo, the cat caught the rat.		
		or		
		The rat escaped the cat, the rat escaped the cat / ee i adieyo, the rat escaped the cat.		

#### Term 1

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#### Sound story: a

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Adebayo and Ajoke go to fetch water from the stream. When they get to the stream Adebayo says, 'Sit down here. I am tired.' They sit down to rest. Suddenly, Ajoke shouts: 'Ants!' There are ants everywhere. The children are sitting on an ants' nest. They wave their arms and stamp their feet and run away as fast as they can.

#### Sound story:

Inchy the dog runs very fast. He digs in the garden. He chases the kitten. A little boy called Idemayo is his friend.

Sound story:	Sound story:	Sound story:
p	S	t
Peter has a fine shirt. He likes it very much. One day, he went to a shop to buy a new pink shirt. While he was in the shop the lights went out and it went dark. The shopkeeper had to light a candle. It was a pink candle. Peter was happy because pink was his favourite colour.	Sylvanus fetches some water from the stream. Suddenly, she hears a sound. She shouts and drops her bucket. On the path by her feet is a big, spotty snake. Sylvanus picks up a stick and tries to hit the snake, but it quickly slithers away.	Titi lives in a village. Her mother Taiye sells garri in the town. Titi takes the cassava to the grinding machine. On the way she sees a cat. She takes the ground cassava to her mum.



Letters/	'sound	S
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Words/phrases

Assessment

's' sit slow snake sing stamp

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Good morning What is your name? My name is \_\_ How are you? I am fine What is this? This is a \_\_ I can see a \_\_ snake cow cat cock dog

duck

During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 1 Greetings Day 1

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#### My name is

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear and say the sound 's'.

Distinguish print from pictures.

Say a simple phrase in English.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Practise writing the letter 's' in the correct way.

Draw a snake on the chalkboard.

Prepare a sand tray for each pair of pupils.

Prepare a flash card showing, on one side, a picture of a snake in the shape of the letter 's' and on the other side the letter 's'.

Make a sock puppet.

#### **Letters and sounds**

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Point to the snake and write 's' next to it.

Say 'sssssnake'.

Say 'ssss' with the pupils.

Show the class how to write the letter 's' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.

Hide the flash card and explain that when you show the snake side they should say 'snake' and when you show the 's' side they should say 's'.

Tell the pupils to take it in turns, in pairs, to write the letter 's' and draw snakes in the sand.

10 minutes		25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1	10 minutes
Introduction		Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching		Individual task	Group task
Say to the pupils: 'Good morning, my name is _'	Say: 'Good morning, my name is _' Tell the pupils to - choose a name that begins	Ask the pupils to open Nigeria Primary English 1, page 12.	Say the words 'man', 'boy', 'woman' and 'girl' and ask
Ask them to repeat back to you: 'Good morning, auntie (or uncle).' Whe a na put the puppet on your hand and show it to the pupils. 'Goo is	with 's'. When they have chosen — a name, ask some pupils to come out, put the puppet	Ask the pupils to touch a picture of a man, then touch a picture of a woman, touch a picture of a boy	the pupils to touch the pictures they have drawn as you say them.
	on their hand and say 'Good morning, my name is _' (use the name of the puppet).	and finally, touch a picture of a girl. Ask them to say the name of each as they touch them.	-
	Ask the other pupils to say: 'Good morning,' back to the puppet.	Ask each pupil to draw a picture of a boy and girl, then show it to the person sitting next to them and say the correct word to match their picture.	- -

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 1 Greetings Day 2

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#### **Good morning**

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say and hear the sound 's'.

Write the letter 's'.

Recognise that writing is used in their environment.

Say a simple phrase in English.

Teaching aids

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write 's' words on the chalkboard.

Have ready the sock puppet.

Collect cartons, bottles and packets that have clear labels on them.

Have sand trays ready for each group.

**Letters and sounds** 

minutes

Whole class teaching

Repeat yesterday's activity with the 's' flash card.

Ask all the pupils to stand up and space themselves out.

Say one of the 's' words and ask them to do a related action, saying the word as they do it, eg: 'sit', all the pupils sit down and say 'sit'.

Show them how to write the letter 's' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.

Ask groups of pupils to draw large snakes in their sand trays.

Write the letter 's' next to them.

10 minutes	25 minutes		
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching
Use the sock puppet to greet individual pupils,	Ask the pupils to tell you all the places where they	Hand out cartons, bottles and packets to each group.	Ask each group to show their drawings and display
eg: 'Good morning, what is your name?'	Record their answers on the chalkboard.Ask the pupilsWalk around the school and the school grounds with your class and see if you can find any signposts, posters, notices, etc that have words on themAsk the pupilsAsk the pupilsAsk pupils if the 	Ask the pupils to look at them and see if they can	them on the wall.
The pupil replies 'Good morning, my name is _'		find any writing.	
Ask pupils to turn to a partner and greet them, using the question		you why they have writing on them and what they	ve writing at they w a
and answer they have just learned.		Ask them to draw a picture of one item they	
	Read some of the words for the pupils.	have looked at.	

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 1 Greetings Day 3

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#### How are you?

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear and say the sound 's' in a word.

Recognise that print and pictures are different.

Say some simple words in English.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

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Have ready the 's' flash card.

Write the 's' words on the chalkboard.

Practise reading the 's' story and make sure you understand it.

Draw pictures of animals on the chalkboard and write their names underneath.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

On the card with the snake picture, move your finger down the snake from its mouth, saying 'ssssss' and saying 'sssnake' when you reach its tail.

S

Repeat a number of times, encouraging the pupils to join in, repeating 'sssss'.

Say one of the 's' words and ask the class to do a related action, saying the word as they do it, eg: for 'sit', all the pupils sit down and say 'sit'.

Read the 's' story and explain it to the pupils in your local language.

Ask each pupil to draw a picture about the story.

10 minutes	25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1		
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Put the puppet on to your hand and greet it, saying: 'Good morning, how are you?'	Ask the pupils to open Nigeria Primary English 1, page 88.	Ask each pupil to draw two animals and ask their partner to guess what they have drawn.	Ask the pupils to practise greeting each other in pairs.
Make the puppet answer 'I am fine.'	Say the names of each animal, eg lizard, snake, etc and ask pupils to	Go round the class and write the names of the	
Make the puppet greet the class: 'Good morning, how are you?'	<ul> <li>repeat them after you, pointing to the picture as they say it.</li> </ul>	animals under their pictures. Ask the pupils to draw a line from the picture to the	
Ask the pupils to answer 'I am fine.'	<ul> <li>Ask pairs to work together, pointing to each picture and saying the name.</li> </ul>	word you have written.	
	Point to the names of the animals on the chalk- board and say the name while the pupils point to the picture.	_	

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 1 Greetings Day 4

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#### What is this?

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say and hear the sound 's'.

Write the letter 's'.

Say simple words to match a picture.

Ask questions based upon a picture.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Practise reading the 's' sound story.

Collect a stick and a bucket for the role play.

Draw or find as many pictures of different animals as you can.

Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 88.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Write on the chalkboard the letter 's' and ask pupils to say the sound.

Read the story with the sound 's' and ask a pupil to explain it in the local language.

S

Read the story again. Ask the pupils to put a finger on their ear every time they hear the sound 's'.

Ask pupils to find a partner and decide who will be the snake and who will be Sylvanus.

Ask pairs to role play the story independently.

Choose some pupils to act out the story for the class.

Ask the pupils to write the letter 's' in the air, on another child's back and in their exercise books.

10 minutes	25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Greet the pupils using the greetings they have learned in the previous two days. Use the sock puppet to	Ask one pupil to point to a picture in Nigeria Primary English 1, page 88 and the other pupil to point to the word under the picture and	Ask the pupils to choose an animal and come out and pretend to be that animal. Ask other pupils to try
point at the pictures of different animals and ask the pupils: 'What is this?'	say its name. In pairs, ask the pupils to look at pictures in Nigeria – Primary English 1, page 88.	and guess the name of the animal.
Choose pupils to answer the puppet by saying: 'This is a'	In turn, each pupil points to a picture and asks: 'What is this?' Their partner says: 'This is a'	-

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 1 Greetings Day 5

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# Telling a simple story

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear the sound 's' in words.

Listen to a simple story.

Say simple sentences in English.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the 's' sound story on the chalkboard.

Prepare a set of flash cards with 's' words for each pair of pupils.

Make up a simple story about animals.

Prepare sets of animal picture cards with matching word cards for each group.

Write the names of the animals in your story on the chalkboard.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Write the letter 's' on the chalkboard. Ask pupils to say the sound.

S

Say several words, some with the 's' sound and some without, eg: 'bag', 'sat', 'water', 'sand', 'sad', 'under'.

Tell pupils to jump up each time they hear the sound 's' in the word and crouch down if they do not hear it.

Ask pupils to read with you the 's' sound story from the chalkboard.

Give 's' flash cards to each pair.

Ask one pupil to say the word and the other to do a related action.

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 Game minutes	
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary	
Whole class teaching	Group work	Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	
Ask the pupils to greet each other using the greetings you have been	Give each group a set of animal pictures and a set of matching name cards.	Write several short sentences on the chalk- board, eg: 'This is a frog.'	Teach the pupils how to play the game 'The yam is in the bag'.	If the cat catches the rat before the end of the third verse, sing: 'The cat
learning all week.	Ask them to turn all the cards face down on	- and 'I can see a lizard.'	Ask the pupils to stand in	- caught the rat', etc. If they don't catch the rat before
Tell the pupils the short story about animals that you	the table.	Ask the pupils to say these sentences with you.	a circle. Choose three pupils	the end of the verse sing: 'The rat escaped the cat'.
have prepared in English.	<ul> <li>In turn, ask each pupil to turn over one card and try to find the matching picture or name.</li> <li>Continue until all pictures and names are matched together.</li> <li>Ask them to practise saying them with a partner.</li> <li>Ask them to draw a picture of the animal they like the best.</li> </ul>	Ask them to practise	to be the yam, the rat and the cat.	
Tell the story again and		saying them with a partner.		Play again, choosing different pupils to be the rat, cat and yam.
point to the names of the animals as you say them.		picture of the animal they	Sing the first verse of the song, and ask the yam to stand in the middle while you sing.	
			Sing the third verse and ask the cat to chase the rat around the outside of the circle.	-

#### Week 2 Ways of travelling

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Letters/sounds	Words/phrases	Assessment	
a' ant pan tap car bag rat cat yam	bus wheels horn beep car lorry boat canoe motorboat	During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking	
yam	bicycle push cart aeroplane motorcycle river road path	other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.	
	Which is the fastest? Which is the slowest? Which is the largest? Which is the smallest?		

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 2 Ways of travelling Day 1

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# The wheels on the bus

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the sound 'a'.

Hear the sound 'a' in a word.

Talk about their travel experiences in their local language.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Make a flash card with the letter 'a' on one side and a picture of an ant on the other.

Prepare pictures for the words 'cat' and 'rat' and bring in a bag and a yam.

Look at how to form the letter 'a' and practise writing it.

#### **Letters and sounds**

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Write the letter 'a' on the chalkboard. Say the sound 'a' and ask the class to join in with you.

On the flash card with the ant picture, move your finger around the ant, saying 'a-a-a-a-ant'.

Flash the 's' and 'a' cards and ask pupils to say the sound for each one.

Explain that 'a' is a sound found in many English words, eg: 'cat'.

Show the class pictures and objects one at a time and say each word, emphasising the 'a' sound.

Ask the pupils to listen and repeat the words.

Ask pupils to come out and choose an object or picture and say the name.

10 minutes	25 Song minutes			10 Song minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching		Individual task	Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to greet each other. Use your local language	Ask the pupils: 'Have you ever travelled by bus?'	Sing 'The wheels on the bus', asking the class to join in the actions with you to demonstrate the	Ask the pupils to draw a large bus in their exercise books and include everything from the song	Sing 'The wheels on the bus' again and ask the pupils to hold up their pictures for everyone to see.
for the following discussion about travel.	'Tell us everything you could see on the bus.'	meaning of each verse.	in the picture.	-
Ask the pupils: How did you travel to school today?'	<ul> <li>(eg: wheels, men, children, driver, horn)</li> <li>Draw a large picture of</li> </ul>	Repeat the song, asking pupils to join in — where they can.	Go round the class, talking to the pupils about their picture and help them to say the names of the	
<sup>6</sup> Can you think of any other ways people move around from place to place?' (eg: car) <sup>6</sup> Tell us about a time when you have travelled from one place to another.' <sup>6</sup> How did you travel?' <sup>6</sup> What did the journey feel like?'	a bus on the chalkboard and as the pupils tell you what they saw, write the name of the object in the correct place on the bus, reading it aloud as you write.		things they have drawn.	

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 2 Ways of travelling Day 2

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#### Lesson title

#### The bus

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Recognise the sounds that the letters 'a' and 's' make.

Say simple words in English.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the 'a' and 's' flash cards.

Prepare enough sand trays for one between four pupils.

Make flash cards containing the words 'car', 'bicycle', 'bus', 'canoe', 'lorry'.

Collect a large selection of old packets, plastic bottles, bottle tops, etc.

#### **Letters and sounds**

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Hide the 'a' card behind your back, explaining that when you show the 'ant' side the pupils should say 'ant' and when you show the 'a' side they should say 'a'.

Point to the letters 's' and 'a' on the flash cards and ask the class to say the sounds with you.

Read out the word list, asking pupils to listen and tell you if words contain the 'a' sound.

Ask the pupils to write the letter 'a' on the back of their partner and say the sound 'a'.

Ask them to practise writing the letter 'a' in the sand trays.

10 Song minutes	25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Group task	Whole class teaching
Sing 'The wheels on the bus' with the pupils and do the actions.	Ask the pupils to open Nigeria Primary English 1, page 89.	Give each group a selection of cartons, empty bottles, packets, etc and ask them to try and build their own bus, car or lorry.	Ask each group to show their model to the rest of the class and tell them something about it. 'Which is the fastest?' 'Which is the slowest?' 'Which is the largest?' 'Which is the smallest?'
	Ask them to look at the first six pictures and, in their local language, tell you what they can see.		
	Say the names of each picture in English to the pupils.		Find somewhere to display the models in the classroom and label each one with the name of the vehicle, and the names of the pupils who built it.
	Ask the pupils to say each name after you.		
	Show them the flash cards with the words 'car', 'bicycle', 'bus', 'canoe', 'lorry', 'aeroplane', 'motorcycle', and 'push cart'.		

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 2 Ways of travelling Day 3

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#### Matching

Lesson

title

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say words with the 'a' sound in them.

Write the letter 'a' using the correct method.

Match pictures to English words.

#### **Teaching aids**

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#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the flash cards 's' and 'a'.

Practise reading the 'a' story.

Make sets of flash cards for each group, containing the names and matching pictures of different ways of travel, eg: car, bicycle, bus, lorry, canoe, aeroplane.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Quickly show the pupils the 'a' and 's' flash cards, asking them to say the sounds.

Read the story with the sound 'a' and explain it to the pupils in your local language.

Read it again, asking the pupils to listen for the 'a' sound.

Ask them to practise writing the letters 's' and 'a' in the air, on another child's back or arms, on their desks, etc.

Ask them to write the letter 'a' in their exercise books.

Say the words with the 'a' sound in them and ask the pupils to repeat them after you, twice.

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Individual task	Whole class teaching
Ask the class to name any of the forms of travel that they have learned about during the past few days. Tell them the names in English and write these names on the chalkboard as pupils say them.	Give each group a set of word and picture flash cards.	Ask the pupils to choose one of the words and draw a picture in their books or in the sand to match the word.	Bring the pupils together and ask them to show their pictures and say the word they have drawn to the class.
	Ask the pupils to match the word with its picture.		
	Ask the pupils to say each name before matching.		
	Ask them to repeat it two		
Read the names to the class and ask the pupils to use their bodies to show you how these forms	or three times.		

of transport move, and their voices to show you how they sound.

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment Lesson

Roads

Week 2 Ways of travelling Day 4

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	15 Story minutes	
Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds	
By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Identify the sounds 'a' and 's'	<ul> <li>Whole class teaching</li> <li>Show the pupils the 'a' and 's' flash cards, asking them to say the sounds.</li> <li>Say the words: 'ant', 'cat', 'yam', 'sing', 'pan', 'slow', 'sit', 'bag', 'rat</li> <li>Tell the pupils to crouch down when they hear the 'a' sound and jump up when they hear the 'a' sound the 's' sound.</li> </ul>	
in a word. Role play a story. Use language about vehicles and roads. Teaching aids		
Have ready 'a' and 's' flash cards.	Ask pairs to role play the story,	
Have ready two buckets for the role play.	<ul> <li>independently.</li> <li>Choose some pupils to perform</li> </ul>	
Make cards for each group with the words 'river' or 'road'.	for the class.	
Collect newspapers and as many empty cartons, boxes and bottles as you can find.		

25 10 10 minutes minutes minutes Introduction **Main activity** Plenary Whole class teaching **Group task** Whole class teaching Ask the pupils to say ways Ask them: Give each group a card Ask each group to show of travelling from one place and ask them to read their models and explain 'How many different whether they have a 'river' them to the rest of the class. to another. List all the names ways of travelling have on the chalkboard. or a 'road'. we named?' 'Which is the fastest?' Ask the class to say where Give them a pile of newseach of these things travels, paper and some empty 'Which is the slowest?' eg: on a road, in the river, cartons and packets. 'Which is the largest?' on paths. Ask them to pretend the 'Which is the smallest?' cartons are different ways of travelling and the newspaper is their river or road. Ask them to make their

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own model of the river or road, using the cartons and packets as ways

of travelling.

Lesson title		15 Story Game <b>C</b> S		
Which is the fastest?	Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds		
IUSICSI	By the end of the lesson, most	Whole class teaching		
	pupils will be able to:	Show the pupils the 'a' and 's'		
	Hear the 'a' and 's' sounds in a word.	<ul> <li>flash cards, asking them to say the sound.</li> <li>Read the 'a' story, asking them to listen for the 'a' sound.</li> <li>Say the letters 'a' and 's' and ask pupils to write them in their exercise books.</li> <li>Give each pair a blank card and ask them to write the letter 'a' on one side and 's' on the other.</li> </ul>		
	Write the letters 'a' and 's' using the correct method.			
	Demonstrate understanding of English words.			
	Teaching aids			
	Before the lesson:	Read out the words from Week		
	Have ready one blank card for each pair of pupils.	<ul> <li>And 2 lists and ask the pupils to hold up the 'a' or 's' when the hear the sound.</li> <li>Play 'The yam is in the bag' in the same way as in Week 1.</li> </ul>		
	Have ready the letter flash cards 'a' and 's'.			
	Have ready a ball.			

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 2 Ways of travelling Day 5

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10 Song minutes	25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1	10 minutes	
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching
Sing the 'The wheels on the bus' with the class	Ask the pupils to open Nigeria Primary English 1,	Ask the pupils to come out and stand in a circle.	Take a ball and roll it to a pupil.
and do the actions.	page 89 and talk to a partner about the pictures, trying to use the words they have learned during the last week.	Put the words face down in the middle of the circle and ask a pupil to come out, take one, read	When a pupil gets the ball, ask them to tell you one thing they have learned during the week.
	Tell them to ask each other and answer the following questions about forms of travel: 'Which is the fastest?'	it to themselves (with help if necessary), and do an action to show what the word is.	Ask them to roll the ball to another pupil in the circle.
	'Which is the slowest?' 'Which is the largest?' 'Which is the smallest?'	Ask the rest of the class to guess what it is.	

## Week 3 Parts of the body

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Letters	/sounds Words/phrase	es Assessment
<b>'t'</b>	head	During the lesson, walk
tea	eye	round the classroom
tree	leg	and ask questions to
top	arm	see if the pupils clearly
two	ear	understand what you
ten	mouth	have taught them. If not,
sat	nose	help them to understand
at	foot	by explaining the idea
	fingers	to them again, or asking
	toes	other pupils to help them.
	hands	You may need to use
	hair	some different examples
	This is my $\_$	of the idea.

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 3 Parts of the body Day 1

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#### Lesson title

## Drawing ourselves

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear and say the letter sound 't' in a word.

Say the name of different parts of the body.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Practise writing the letter 't' correctly.

Make a flash card with the letter 't' on one side and a picture of a tap on the other.

Have ready 's', 't' and 'a' flash cards.

Collect newspapers and stick two pieces together so that pupils can make a large drawing of a person. Make one for each group.

#### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils the sound 't' and ask them to join in with you.

Flash the 't', 's' and 'a' cards and ask them to say the sound for each one.

Hide the card behind your back, explaining that when you show the tap side the pupils should say 'tap' and when you show the 't' side they should say 't'.

Explain that 't' is a sound in many English words, eg: cat, tap, ten, tree.

Ask the pupils to listen and say the words after you.

10 minutes	25 minutes	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching
Image: All statesGroup taskIn the newspaper on the floor.Give out a newspaper to each group and ask them to repeat the activity you have just done, so that each group has an outline of a person.Give out a newspaper to each group and ask them to repeat the activity you have just done, so that 	Let each group show their drawings to one another using the sentence: 'This is my' Keep the drawings so they can be used another day. If possible, display them in the classroom.	
	Ask them to use the following sentence to talk about their drawings: 'This is my _'	_

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 3 Parts of the body Day 2

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## This is my head

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write and recognise the letter 't'.

**Learning outcomes** 

Match sounds to letters to make a simple word.

Say simple sentences about the body.

#### **Teaching aids**

# Before the lesson:and ask themHave ready the sound flash cards.Give out the 'sHave ready a set of 's', 'a' and aSound out theblank card for each pair.Ask pupils toHave ready pictures of differentletter card asparts of the body.Ask them to the

Prepare a sand tray for each group.

**Letters and sounds** 

#### Pair task

15 minutes

Flash the cards with the letters 't', 's' and 'a' for the pupils to make the sounds.

Ask the pupils to say the sound 't' to their partner.

Ask the pupils to write the letter 't' on the back or arm of their partner.

Give each pair a blank card and ask them to write the letter 't' on it.

Give out the 's' and 'a' cards.

Sound out the word 's-a-t'.

Ask pupils to hold up the correct letter card as they hear the sound.

Ask them to try sounding out the word and making it themselves.

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to touch different parts of their body	Take pupils outside and arrange them in two rows.	Ask the pupils to go into the classroom and	Ask the pupils to display their drawings and let them
while saying the name, eg: 'This is my head', 'This is my nose'.	Ask each pupil to touch his or her head saying, 'This is my head'.	<ul> <li>draw their partner's head and face in their exercise books.</li> </ul>	discuss with each other.
Repeat the activity, but this time in pairs.	epeat the activity, but this Ask everyone to point to		
	'This is my nose – That is your nose'		
	'This is my knee – That is your knee'		
	'This is my toe – That is your toe'.		

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 3 Parts of the body Day 3

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## My head, my shoulders

Lesson

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Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds
By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Hear the sound 't' in simple words. Listen to a simple story. Say simple sentences.	Whole class teaching Say the rhyme 'Hickety Pickety' and ask the pupils to listen for the 't sounds in the words. Ask the pupils to say the rhyme with you, emphasising the letter 't'.
Teaching aids Before the lesson:	Flash the 't', 'a' and 's' cards. Bring three pupils out and ask the rest of the class to help them stand in order to make the word 'sat'.
Read the rhyme 'Hickety Pickety' and make sure you can say it easily without reading it.	Read the story with the sound 't' and explain it to the pupils in your local language.
Read the 't' story and make sure you can read it aloud easily. Have ready the 's', 'a' and 't' flash cards.	Read the story again, asking the pupils to nod their head when they hear the 't' sound.
Find a ball which the pupils can throw and catch easily.	

Rhyme Story

minutes

t

10 Song minutes	25 minutes			10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching		Individual task	Pair task
Ask pupils to sing the song,	Stand the pupils in a circle.	Throw the ball to a pupil.	Ask the pupils to	Ask the pupils to show
Ask them to sing it faster, for fun.	y head, my shoulders'. Say 'This is my _', pointing to each part of your	Ask them to finish the sentence and throw the ball to another pupil who points to that part of the body. Ask that pupil to say the sentence, then throw the ball to another pupil who points to that part of their body.	and use t 'This is my	their drawings to each other and use the sentence: 'This is my' to tell their partner about it.
		Continue until all or most pupils have had a turn.		
		If you have a large class, make two circles and have a ball for each circle.		

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 3 Parts of the body Day 4

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Lesson title

## This is my

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write the letter 't'.

Learning outcomes

Put letters together to make simple words.

Say what they do with different parts of their body.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Prepare a sand tray for each pair.

Make a set of flash cards for each group with the words 'eyes', 'nose', 'ears', 'fingers', 'legs', 'hands', 'feet', 'mouth' and 'head'.

#### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes

Whole class teaching

Flash the cards 's', 'a' and 't' and ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Ask pairs to find the letter cards 's', 'a' and 't'.

Ask them to take it in turns to pick a card and say the sound.

Ask them to put the letters together to make the words 'sat' and 'at'.

Show pupils how to write the letter 't' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.

Ask them to practise writing the letter 't' in the sand trays.

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Whole class teaching
Stand the pupils in a circle. Ask them to do one action and say what they are doing in their local language. Ask the rest of the pupils to copy the action.	<ul> <li>a pupils in a circle.</li> <li>b to do one action what they are doing bcal language.</li> <li>b est of the pupils</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture of the body that they made on Day 1.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture of the body that they made on Day 1.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture of the body that they made on Day 1.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture of the body that they made on Day 1.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture of the body that they made on Day 1.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> <li>c dive each group a set of flash cards and the picture.</li> </ul>	Show the cards to the pupils and ask them to touch that part of their body and say the sentence: - 'This is my'	
	Ask them to place each flash card by the correct part of the body as they say it.		
	Repeat until every word is placed.		

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 3 Parts of the body Day 5

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## **Sticky fingers**

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear the 't' sound in words.

Write the letters 's', 'a' and 't'.

Recognise the names for different parts of the body.

Follow instructions.

Teaching aids

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the 's', 'a' and 't' flash cards.

Collect a box or bucket for the role play.

Have ready the flash cards from Day 4.

Collect enough counters for each group to have eight.

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#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Show the pupils the 't', 'a' and 's' flash cards and ask them to say the sounds.

t

Put the cards in different places around the classroom, or outside.

Say the sounds 't', 'a' and 's' in random order and ask the pupils to stand near the card with the letter that represents that sound.

Read the 't' story twice. The second time, ask the pupils to listen for the 't' sound.

Ask pairs to role play the story, independently.

Say the letters 't', 'a' and 's' and ask pupils to write them in their exercise books.

10 Game minutes	25 Game minutes	10 Game minutes	
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary	
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching	
Play the game Sticky fingers'.	Give each group a set of flash cards and eight - counters.	Show the pupils the meaning of the phrase: 'Point to your'	If pupils move at the wrong time, they sit down and are out of the game.
Say 'sticky fingers' and then name a part	Ask them to take out one	Play 'Simon says'.	Give the pupils instructions,
of the body, eg: 'sticky fingers – hands'.	card from the pack and put it to one side. Ask them to lay the rest face up on the table in front of them, where they can all see.	If you start sentences with 'Simon says' the pupils should follow the instructions. If you don't say 'Simon says', the	<ul> <li>eg:</li> <li>'Point to your fingers'</li> <li>'Simon says, point to your legs</li> <li>'Point to your mouth', etc.</li> <li>The person who is left</li> </ul>
Ask the pupils to find someone and touch hands together.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pupils should not move.	standing at the end is the winner because they have listened very carefully.	
	Tell them that the first group to cover all their words are the winners.		
	Repeat the game twice, asking pupils to take out different cards each time.		

Week 4 Colours

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Letters/sounds	Words/phrases	Assessment
'i' hit tin bit win fill fit sit pit hill it is will	red green blue yellow pink purple orange brown black white rainbow colour corner	During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.
	What colour is this? This is What is your favourite colour? is my favourite colour	

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 4 Colours Day 1

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## **Colours around**

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Lesson title

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say and hear the sound 'i' in words.

Recognise and say the names of colours.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

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Make a flash card with 's-i-t' on one side and a picture to illustrate it on the back.

Look at how to form the letter 'i' and practise writing it.

Collect objects of different colours.

#### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes

Whole class teaching

Say the sound 'i' and ask the class to join in.

Flash the 'i', 't', 's' and 'a' cards, asking pupils to say the sounds.

Show each 'i' card with the picture. Sound out the word carefully, 's-i-t' = sit.

Explain that when you show the picture the pupils should say 'sit', and when you show the 's-i-t' side they should say 's-i-t'.

Repeat several times.

Read the list of words with 'i' in them and ask the pupils to listen for the 'i' sound.

10 minutes	25 Nigeria minutes Primary English 1	10 Game minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Show the pupils different	Ask pupils to look at the	Play the 'Colours' game.
coloured objects, eg: white paper, white chalk, black charcoal.	colour of each shape in Nigeria Primary English 1, page 10.	Tell the pupils they are going to walk around the room and you will shout
Ask each pupil to say the colour of each object raised.	Point to the pictures and ask the pupils:	out a colour.
Ask the pupils to say the	'What colour is this?'	When you call that colour they have to find
colour of their clothes in their local language.	Ask each pair to put up their hands when they	something of that colour and touch it.
Ask them if they can say	know the answer.	The first person to touch
the colour of their clothes in English.	Ask the questions again. This time, ask them to reply by completing the sentence: 'This is _'	the colour calls out the next colour for everyone to touch.
	Ask each pair to practise asking and answering the same questions together.	

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 4 Colours Day 2

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## Rainbows

Lesson title

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Recognise, say and write the sound 'i' in a word.

Make simple words by matching letters to sounds.

Recognise and say the names of colours.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the 'i', 't', 's' and 'a' flash cards.

Make sure pairs of pupils have their 't', 's' and 'a' cards.

Practise singing the 'Rainbow song'.

#### Letters and sounds

15 minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Show pupils how to write the letter 'i' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks etc.

Flash the cards 'i', 't', 's' and 'a' for the pupils to make the sounds.

Ask each pair to write the letter 'i' on their blank card.

Sound out the word 's-i-t' and ask pairs to use the rest of their letter cards to pick out the correct letter as they hear the sound.

Ask the pupils to try and put the letters together to make the words 'sit', 'sat', 'at', 'is' and 'it'.

10 Game minutes Game		25 minutes Primary English 1 Main activity		10 Song minutes Plenary	
Whole class teaching		Pair task	Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	
Play 'Colour corners'. Place one coloured	When they are all in – a corner, ask the 'colour	Ask the pupils in pairs to open Nigeria Primary	Hold a discussion about rainbows in the pupils'	Teach the pupils the 'Rainbow song'.	
object in each of the four corners of the room,	one of the four colours.	English 1, page 46. Mention any colour.	Iocal language.         Ask the pupils if they can	Repeat, this time asking pupils to touch the colours	
or in four places outside.All the pupils whoCheck that the pupilsare standing in that cornerknow the names ofshould go and sit down.	Ask each pair to touch the colour mentioned.	Explain that it is a curve are mentioned in t	in their books when they – are mentioned in the song.		
the colours.	Iours.The pupils who are still standing should now choose and move to a different corner.Sk them to come out ose their eyes.Continue in the same way until there is only one	The pupils who are — still standing should now choose and move to a different corner	ather colours to touch it is raining and sunny at	<ul> <li>of colours in the sky when it is raining and sunny at the same time.</li> </ul>	
the 'colour controller' and ask them to come out			using the phrase: 'Touch the colour'		
and close their eyes.		Ask the other person in the pair to answer: 'This is'			
Ask the rest of the pupils to stand up and move to a colour corner of their choice.	pupil left standing. That pupil becomes the 'colour controller' for the next game.				
	Play the game two or three times.	_			

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 4 Colours Day 3

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# My favourite colour

Lesson

title

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear the sound 'i' in a word.

Write the letter 'i'.

Listen to a story.

Recognise and say the names of colours.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready flash cards for 'i', 't', 'a' and 's.'

Practise reading the 'i' story.

Collect a piece of net and a cup of water for the role play.

Make sets of flash cards with colour words on one side and a spot of that colour on the other side.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Say the words containing the 'i' sound and ask the pupils to say them after you.

Write the letter 'i' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.

Flash the 'i', 't', 'a' and 's' cards.

Read the story with the sound 'i' and explain it to the pupils in your local language.

Read the story again, asking the pupils to listen for the 'i' sound.

Ask two pupils to come out and role play the story.

Ask pupils to try to write the word 'sit' in the sand.

10 Song minutes	25 Game minutes	Nigeria Primary English 1	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Pair task
Sing the 'Rainbow song' all together.	Play the 'Colour corners' game, as yesterday,	Give each pair a set of flash cards containing the names	Call out the name of a colour and ask the pupils
Ask the pupils: 'What is your favourite colour?'	<ul> <li>but this time alongside the colour in the corner put a large label saying the name of the colour.</li> <li>When the pupils are standing by a colour ask individuals to tell you where they are using the sentence: 'This is _'.</li> </ul>	of the colours and ask them to look at Nigeria Primary English 1, page 40.	to hold up the flash card with the correct name of the colour written on it.
Explain what it means in your local language.		Ask the pupils to match the colours, then name and count the objects.	
Ask them to reply using the sentence: ' is my favourite colour.'			
Ask them in their local language: 'Why do you like that colour the best?'			
Ask the pupils to show that colour somewhere in the classroom.			

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 4 Colours Day 4

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## **Colour questions**

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Make simple words by matching letters to sounds.

Answer simple questions about colours.

**Learning outcomes** 

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the 'i' words on the chalkboard.

Make flash cards with 'hill', 'tin', 'sit', 'will' and 'fill', and put the cards around the classroom or outside.

Have ready the colour flash cards you made for Day 3.

Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 40.

#### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Read the 'i' words and get the pupils to join in.

Call out the words on the flash cards and ask the pupils to go and stand by the correct flash card.

Ask each pair to find the letter cards: 'i', 's', 'a' and 't'.

Ask them to take it in turns to pick a card and say the sound.

Ask them to put the letters together to make the words: 'sit', 'sat', 'is', 'it' and 'at'.

10 minutes	25 Game minutes		Nigeria Primary English 1	10 Song minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Pair task	Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to say the colours of any objects in the classroom.	Give each group two sets of colour flash cards to play 'Matching pairs'.	If the two cards are different colours, both cards should be placed	Ask the pupils to open Nigeria Primary English 1, page 40.	Sing the 'Rainbow song' with the pupils.
	Ask each group to place the colour side face down.	face down in the same place again.	Ask the following questions, and tell each pair to point	-
	Ask one of the group members to pick one card and say the colour.	The process should continue until all the pairs of colours have been collected.	to the correct colour: 'What colour are the cups?' 'What colour are the pots?' 'What colour is the duck?'	
	Ask the same pupil to pick another card and say the colour.		'What colour are the books?' 'What colour are the bags?'	
	If the two cards have the same colour, they should be put aside.			

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 4 Colours Day 5

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## Colours

Lesson

title

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Match sounds to their letters.

Write simple words.

Ask and answer the question 'what colour is this?'.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the flash cards 'i', 's', 'a' and 't'.

Write the words containing 'i' and 'n' on the chalkboard.

Prepare a sand tray for each group.

#### **Letters and sounds**

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Show the pupils the 'i', 't', 'a' and 's' flash cards and ask them to say the sounds.

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Say the sounds 'i', 't', 'a' and 's' in random order and ask the pupils to hold up the card with the letter that represents that sound.

Read the story with the sound 'i'.

Ask pairs to role play the story.

Say the words: 'sat', 'at', 'sit', 'is' and 'it', slowly sounding out each letter. Ask the pupils to write them in their exercise books as you say them.

minutes	25 minutes	10 Song minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
<b>Group task</b> Give each group a sand tray. Ask each pupil to practise writing the letters 's', 'i', 't', and 'a' in the sand tray.	Individual task Ask one member of each group to come out and pick a flash card with the name of a colour on it. Give the groups 10 minutes to collect as many things as they can of that colour from around the classroom and the school grounds. Ask them to find a space and use their objects to make a picture of a person. Ask them to put the flash card with the name of the colour next to their picture.	Whole class teaching Ask all the pupils to look at the pictures and say the name of the colour that the groups have used, asking the question: 'What colour is this?' Ask the pupils to sing the 'Rainbow song'.

## Week 5 Introducing CVC words

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Letters/sounds Words/phr
p' head pit eye pip leg spit arm puff ear pink mouth pot nose foot fingers toes hands hair This is my

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 5 Introducing CVC words Day 1

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# Recognising words

Lesson

title

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Hear, say and write the letter 'p'.

Read CVC words.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Look at how to form the letter 'p' and practise writing it.

Draw a pot on the chalkboard.

Make a card with the letter 'p' on one side and draw a pot on the other side.

Prepare sand trays for each pair of pupils.

Have ready four or five sets of flash cards containing CVC words.

#### **Letters and sounds**

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Point to the pot and write 'p' next to it.

Say 'p, p, p, p, pot'.

Say 'p, p, p, p' with the pupils.

Show them how to write the letter 'p' in the air and ask them to copy you, writing in the air, on their backs, on their desks, etc.

Put the card behind your back and explain that when you show the 'pot' side the pupils should say 'pot' and when you show the 'p' side they should say 'p'.

Ask pairs to take turns to write the letter 'p' and draw pots in the sand trays.

10 minutes	25 Game minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching
Introduce pupils to the following words as you write	Play a matching game with the pupils.	Divide the pupils into four or five groups.	Point to the words on the chalkboard and ask
them on the chalkboard: tap pat	Place all the flash cards face up on the floor.	Give each group a set of flash cards.	individual pupils to read them to you.
pin tip pan	Ask individual pupils to come out and pick a card. Ask another pupil to pick	Ask pupils to find words that are the same and - match them.	
sip Read out the words and ask the pupils to read after you.	a matching card, and read the word on the card. Ask pupils to copy the	Ask a pupil from each group to hold up one of the words and face the class.	
	words into their books and read them to a partner.	Ask a pupil from another group to read the word to the class.	
		Repeat with pupils from	

different groups.

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#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 5 Introducing CVC words Day 2

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## s, i, p, t, n, a

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Recognise the letter sound 'p'.

Write the letter 'p'.

Learning outcomes

Make simple words by matching letters to sounds.

**Teaching aids** 

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#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the flash cards 's', 'a', 't', 'i' and 'p' for each group.

Write the 'p' words on the chalkboard.

#### Letters and sounds

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Show the letter cards to the pupils and encourage them to make the sounds.

Read the list of words with 'p' in them. Ask the pupils to listen for the 'p' sound and then say the words after you.

Say these words: 'pot', 'sit', 'snake', 'tap', 'spit', 'sit', 'pan', 'pip'.

Ask the pupils to touch their nose when they hear the 'p' sound in each word.

Show pupils how to write the letter 'p' in the air and ask them to copy you.

Ask pupils to write the letter 'p' as many times as they can in their exercise books.

10 Puzzle minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes	
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary	
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	
Draw a grid containing 's', 'a', 't', 'i' and 'p' on the chalk-	Divide the pupils into small groups.	Ask the pupils to draw their own pictures of	Ask individual pupils to show their pictures to	Word grid
board, as shown right.	Give each group a set	the words and label them	the rest of the class	s a t i p
Ask the pupils if they can make any words from	of cards containing 's', 'a', 't', 'i' and 'p'.	in their exercise books.	and read the words as they do so.	
the grid.	Ask each group to use the cards to make words.			
If not, make some CVC words and read them out.	Ask a representative from			
Ask the pupils to read them out after you.	a group to display the words they have arranged.			
	Ask a pupil from another group to read the word.			
	Ask the pupils take it in turns to show and read.			

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 5 Introducing CVC words Day 3

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## **CVC** words

Lesson

Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds	
By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Hear the 'p' sound in words. Write the letter 'p'. Listen to a story. Play a game with CVC words.	Whole class teachingSay the words containing the 'p' sound and ask the pupils to say them after you.Flash the letter cards 'i', 't', 's', 'a' and 'p' and ask pupils to say the sounds.	
Answer simple questions about CVC words.	Give pairs a blank card and ask them to write the letter 'p' on it, to add to their other letter cards.	
Teaching aids	Sound out the word 'p- a- t' and ask pairs to hold up each letter as they hear the sound.	
Before the lesson:	Ask the pupils to try to put the	
Cut a blank card for each pair.	letters in the correct order to	
Have ready the set of flash cards	<ul> <li>make the words: 'pit', 'tap', 'tip',</li> <li>'sat', 'sit'.</li> </ul>	

15 minutes

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Story 25 Story 10 10 Song minutes minutes minutes **Main activity** Introduction Plenary Whole class teaching **Group task** Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Read the 'p' story and Give a set of flash cards Read the 'p' story again, Sing a song that the explain it to the pupils in to each group. slowly and ask them pupils enjoy. to stand up when they their local language. Ask them to place the hear the sound 'p.' set of cards on the table in each group. Ask the pupils to play in pairs. Ask a pupil to pick a word and ask another pupil to say the word and do a related action. Ask a different pupil to say the sounds in that word. Ask pupils to continue to play in turns.

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Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 5 Introducing CVC words Day 4

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## Pit pat pot

Lesson

title

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Match sounds to letters to make simple words.

Practise saying words containing the letters, 's', 'a', 't', 'p' and 'i'.

Listen to a story.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Make sure each pair has a set of letter cards.

Have ready a set of CVC flash cards.

Prepare a story from your local area to tell to the pupils.

## Letters and sounds

Story

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Read the 'p' story to the pupils

p

Choose pupils to role play the story.

Ask each pair to find the letter cards 'p', 'i', 's', 'a' and 't.'

Ask them to take it in turns to pick a card and say the sound.

Read the following words: 'sit', 'sat', 'is', 'it', 'at', 'pip', 'pat', 'tap', 'pit' and ask the pupils to make them using their letter cards.

10 Song minutes	25 minutes	Story	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching
Sing the 'Rainbow song'.	Give each group a set of flash cards	Tell a story from your locality and ask the	Ask the pupils to show the class their pictures and say something about them.
	Ask a pair from each group to hold up one card.	pupils about it in their local language.	
	Ask a pupil from another group to read out the word.	<ul> <li>Ask the pupils to draw a picture of something that happens in the story</li> </ul>	
	Continue until each group has had two turns.	in their exercise books.	
	Ask the pupils to repeat the game, this time taking turns within their groups.	-	

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#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 1 Creating an effective learning environment

Week 5 Introducing CVC words Day 5

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## **Peter's pink shirt**

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Learning outcomes

Match sounds to letters to make simple words.

Answer questions about a story.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the 's', 'a', 't', 'i' and 'p' flash cards.

Write the 'p' words on the chalkboard.

#### **Letters and sounds**

minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Quickly flash the letter cards 's', 'a', 't', 'i' and 'p' to the pupils.

Ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Ask them to look at the words on the chalkboard and touch the letter 'p' in them.

Gather the pupils into a circle and put the letter cards in the middle, face up.

Say the sounds in random order and ask pupils to come and find the letter that represents that sound.

Say the words: 'sat', 'at', 'sit', 'is', 'it', 'pip', 'pit' and 'pat', slowly sounding out the words, and ask the pupils to write them in their exercise books as you say them.

10 minutes	25 Story minutes		10 minutes	
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary	
Whole class teaching	Individual task	Pair task	Whole class teaching	
Stand the pupils in a circle.	Read the 'p' story to - the pupils.	Ask the pupils to tell a partner about the story	Say the letter sound 'p' and ask pupils to form the	
Call out an action, eg: 'jump', 'skip', 'hop', 'run', 'walk'. Demonstrate	Ask pupils to draw a picture about the story.	sk pupils to draw a picture local language using	letter in the air.	
it and ask the pupils to copy you.	Ask them to write the letter 'p' and any words containing	can remember them.		
Whisper one of these actions to a pupil and tell them to do it for the class.	'p' under the picture.			
Ask another pupil to	_			

say what action the pupil is doing.

Repeat until about five pupils have had a turn.

#### Credits

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#### Special thanks go to:

In 2008, Kwara State carried out a Teachers' Development Needs Assessment for all primary school teachers. This showed that most teachers in Kwara State did not have strong literacy and numeracy skills. The Kwara State Government responded by developing a strategy to support existing teachers and improve new teachers' pre-service training.

These literacy and numeracy lesson plans, developed by the Kwara State School Improvement Team, were part of that strategy. Two years after introducing these plans alongside the training and support programme, Kwara State began to see strong improvements in teachers' teaching skills and pupils' learning outcomes. The Honourable Commissioner and staff of the Kwara State Ministry of Education and Human Capital Development, as well as the Kwara State Universal Basic Education Board for their support and valuable input and for agreeing to share these plans with other states.

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