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Kano State Government

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Type of lesson plans/ Grade

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

**Weeks** 11—15

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1 Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

This is the third in a series of six literacy lesson plan publications, designed to be used throughout the three academic school terms.



#### Introduction

The quality of education is a key element to socioeconomic development in any society. Perhaps the most critical element in ensuring quality of education to output. The majority of is the teacher. Good teaching methodology, with the right textbooks. will quickly provide a good platform for a quality education system in Kano State.

The challenges are sometimes overwhelming when you have 5,335 schools with over 2.3 million children and 46.643 teachers. The Kano State Ministry of Education carried out a series of baseline surveys to assess classroom teachers. the role of the head teacher and the level of pupil learning outcomes.

The findings in most cases were alarmingly poor, with not much difference between qualified and unqualified teachers with respect teachers were themselves victims of an education system that was in a serious downward slope.

Following this, the Kano State Ministry of Education, the State Universal Basic **Education Board (SUBEB)** and local government education authorities (LGEAs), supported by the **Education Sector Support** Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN), embarked on a series of reforms that will help strengthen schools.

This work has focused on classroom teaching skills in particular how to make teaching child-centred and the organisational structures needed for SUBEB and LGEA staff to provide effective support and advice to primary schools.

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With many school leavers unable to read or write. a specific focus has been on improving the teaching of basic literacy and numeracy. To support this, Kano State has developed a benchmark for assessment and carefully designed literacy and numeracy lesson plans for Primary 1—3 teachers. These plans provide a step-by-step quide to teachers, while ensuring children become active learners.

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The lesson plans, however, are not sufficient. Structures and processes have also been put in place so that teachers are continuously supported by both the State School Improvement Team and the LGEA-based school support officers.

We are sure that within a short time of these lesson plans being introduced, children's learning abilities will improve considerably. The materials will also enable teaching and learning to be more exciting – an important element in all classes, but in particular at the primary level. We are confident that these lesson plans will raise standards and improve the quality of children proceeding to higher levels of education.

We commend all those who have produced these lesson plans and trained our teachers to use them. We offer thanks to the UK **Department for International** Development (DFID) for its ongoing support to education reform in Kano State through its ESSPIN programme. Let's make every Kano school an improving school.



**Barister Faroug Iya Sambo** Honourable Commissioner of Education Kano State

Althous

Wada Zakari **Executive Chairman SUBEB** Kano State

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

# Introduction Involving pupils in their learning

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#### Involving pupils in their learning

#### How children learn

Learning is a process that happens inside pupils' brains, not inside yours. All you can do is create a good environment for learning, a safe place for making mistakes and plenty of encouragement.

Things that are created by the learners themselves are usually 10 times more memorable and meaningful than anything created by the teacher. These lesson plans will provide you with a variety of techniques to make learning faster, fun and more effective for pupils. The plans use activities which reflect the way in which pupils naturally learn and attempt to bring the joy back into learning for them.

Every individual in your class responds to activities differently and learns their own way, but generally... Children learn best when they: Have objects to see and hold. Take part in the lesson.

Can talk to each other to share ideas and learning.

Practise what they have learned individually, in pairs and in groups.

Are given activities that challenge them and make them think.

Are given encouragement and praise.

Realise that making mistakes is an important part of the learning process. This set of lesson plans contains lots of activities to encourage learning through different methods.

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

# Introduction Sound stories

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| Sound story: g   | Sound story: f   | Sound story: b  |
|--|--|---|
| The good girl runs in the<br>green grass. She sees<br>a goat eating the good green<br>grass in Gabriel's garden. | The fat farmer sits in the field with the flowers and eats his fish and fruit. | The boy put his bag on<br>the bench. He picked up<br>a ball and put it on a bucket.<br>He kicked the ball into<br>a basket. |

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

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# Introduction Songs, rhymes and stories for the term

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#### Days of the week

On Monday I walk to school / On Tuesday I run to school / On Wednesday I jump to school / On Thursday I skip to school / On Friday I walk, run, jump and skip to school / On Saturday I stay at home / And on Sunday I stay at home.

Letters of the week

S for Sunday / M for Monday / T for Tuesday / W for Wednesday / T for Thursday / F for Friday / S for Saturday.

| Monday's child   | Fruit   | Kemi's week  | Simbi and Audu's week   | Jumping James   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Monday's child has<br>a bright face /<br>Tuesday's child is happy /<br>Wednesday's child has<br>plenty to eat /<br>Thursday's child likes to<br>give gifts /<br>Friday's child is wise<br>and good /<br>Saturday's child works hard<br>at home /<br>Sunday's child is helpful<br>and kind. | C is for cashew fruit up on<br>the tree /<br>P is for pineapple with big<br>leaves you can see /<br>M is for mango, juicy<br>and sweet /<br>O is for orange, a fruit good<br>to eat /<br>B is for banana, yellow<br>and green /<br>These are the fruits that we<br>can see. | My name is Kemi.<br>On Monday I read my books.<br>On Tuesday I sweep the<br>compound.<br>On Wednesday I work in<br>the garden.<br>On Thursday I help my<br>mother in the kitchen.<br>On Friday I say my prayers.<br>On Saturday I tidy the<br>house and<br>On Sunday I write my<br>homework. | Simbi and Audu were<br>playing on Monday.<br>Simbi broke her leg<br>on Monday.<br>Simbi went to the hospital<br>on Tuesday.<br>Simbi's mother came to<br>school on Wednesday.<br>Simbi stayed at home<br>on Thursday.<br>Simbi's teacher came to<br>see her on Friday.<br>Simbi rested at home on<br>Saturday and Sunday. | Jumping James, Jumping<br>James, touch the ground /<br>Jumping James, jumping<br>James, turn around /<br>Skipping Stephen, skipping<br>Stephen, show your shoe /<br>Skipping Stephen, skipping<br>Stephen, that will do /<br>Running Raila, running Raila,<br>run upstairs /<br>Running Raila, running Raila,<br>say your prayers /<br>Hopping Hassan, hopping<br>Hassan, blow out the light /<br>Hopping Hassan, hopping |
| How many fingers?  | The best fruit  | Vegetable soup   |   | Hassan, say goodnight.  |
| I have 1 bag /<br>I have 4 bags /<br>I have 2 rulers and 3 pens /<br>I have 2 pencils and<br>5 crayons /<br>I have 6 books /<br>But I have 10 fingers.   | Mango is good /<br>Orange is better /<br>Banana is the best /<br>Coconut is good /<br>Plantain is better /<br>Pawpaw is the best.   | I went to the market /<br>I bought some vegetables /<br>Okra, onion, spinach, tomato<br>and pepper /<br>And I made my favourite<br>soup.   |   |   |

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| etters/sounds   |       |                       | Words/phrases               | Assessment                 |     |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|
|                 |       | and the second second | The Devidence of the second |                            |     |
| evision sounds' | 'g'   | <b>'o'</b>            | Monday                      | During the lesson, walk    |     |
|                 | go    | hot                   | Tuesday                     | round the classroom        |     |
|                 | good  | on                    | Wednesday                   | and ask questions to       |     |
|                 | gun   | off                   | Thursday                    | see if the pupils clearly  |     |
|                 | green | dog                   | Friday                      | understand what you        |     |
|                 | goat  | doll                  | Saturday                    | have taught them. If not,  |     |
|                 | gate  | pot                   | Sunday                      | help them to understand    |     |
|                 | girl  | cot                   | school                      | by explaining the idea     |     |
|                 | grass | dot                   | what                        | to them again, or asking   |     |
|                 | bag   | mop                   | home                        | other pupils to help them. |     |
|                 | dog   | lot                   | come                        | You may need to use        |     |
|                 | log   | hop                   | to                          | some different examples    |     |
|                 | big   |                       | 1                           | of the idea.               |     |
|                 | tag   |                       | what                        |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | does                        |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | on                          |                            | 100 |
|                 |       |                       | day                         |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | jump                        |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | skip                        |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | run                         |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | walk                        |                            |     |
|                 |       |                       | hop                         |                            |     |

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 1** 

Term 2 **Involving pupils** in their learning

**Week 11** Time Day 1

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## Days of the week

#### Learning outcomes

Letters and sounds

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the sound 'g'.

Say the days of the week and an activity for each day.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have the revision sound cards ready.

Write the 'a' words on the chalkboard and underline the

Draw pictures to explain 'good'. 'goat', 'gate' and 'girl'.

Prepare days of the week flash cards, one set between 2-3 pupils.

Write the days of the week on the chalkboard.

### Whole class teaching

Flash the revision sounds.

Ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Write the letter 'g' on the chalkboard.

Gg

Tell pupils the letter makes the sound 'g' as in good.

Show the 'g' pictures and say the words. Ask them to join in.

Read the 'g' story to the class and ask them to put their hand in the air every time they hear the sound 'g' in a word.

Ask them to draw pictures of 'g' words.

| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes   |  |   |          | 10<br>minutes   |
|--|---|--|---|----------|---|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |  |   |          | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching  | Group task   | Individual task   |          | Whole class teaching  |
| Teach the pupils the 'Days<br>of the week' rhyme.                                | Give seven pupils one 'day of the week' flash card each.  | Give each group a set<br>of flash cards.   | Ask each pupil to dro<br>down the middle of c<br>in their exercise bool   | a page   | Ask three pupils to<br>come out and show the<br>rest of the class their                             |
| Show the pupils the days<br>of the week flash cards and<br>ead each one to them. | Ask them to come to the<br>front, and with the rest<br>of the class, help them stand  | Ask them to put the cards<br>in the order of the days<br>and of the week and then sort<br>them into the days they<br>age come to school and days<br>they don't come to school. | Ask them to label each side,<br>as shown below.   |          | <ul> <li>pictures, explaining in<br/>their local language what</li> <li>they have drawn.</li> </ul> |
|  | in the correct order for the<br>days of the week (encourage<br>them to look at the words<br>written on the chalkboard<br>to help them). |  | Ask them to draw a picture<br>of something they do on<br>a school day and something<br>they do on a non school day<br>under each heading. |          |   |
|  | Ask each pupil holding<br>a card to say which day<br>they are, so the rest of<br>the class can hear them.                               |  |   |          |   |
|  | Ask if anyone in the class<br>can say the days and point<br>to the correct day.   |  |   |          |   |
|  | Ask which days they come<br>to school and which days<br>they don't come to school.  |  | On a school day   | On a day | r not in school   |

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 11 Time Day 2

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## Days of the week

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write the letter 'g' correctly.

Complete a simple sentence in English.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the 'g' words from Day 1 and draw 'grass', 'gun' and 'go' on the chalkboard.

Make flash cards of the 'g' words.

Prepare enough sand trays for one between 3—4 pupils.

Have ready the days of the weeks flash cards.

#### Letters and sounds

Gg

#### Whole class teaching

Flash the revision cards and ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Write 'g' on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to say the sound.

Point to the pictures and say the words. Ask them to join in.

Show and read the flash cards. Ask them to say and match words to these pictures.

Show them how to write the letter 'g' in the air. Ask them to do the same.

Tell them to use their fingers to write the letter 'g' on desks, on the backs of their partners, in the sand, etc as large as possible.

Ask them to write the letter 'g' as large and then as small as possible in their exercise books.

| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   | 25<br>minutes  |   | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   |
|---|--|---|---|
| Introduction  | Main activity  |   | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching  | Pair task  | Individual task   | Whole class teaching  |
| Ask the pupils to find<br>a space in the classroom<br>where they can spread out.  | Hand out a set of days of the week flash cards to each pair.   | Ask each pupil to draw<br>one thing they do on a Friday<br>in their exercise books. | Say the 'Days of the week'<br>rhyme again and ask the<br>pupils to suggest actions. |
| Say the 'Days of the week'<br>rhyme and encourage the<br>pupils to join in with you.  | The first pupil should<br>turn over a card and read<br>the word.   | Ask them to find the card<br>that says Friday and put it<br>next to their picture.  | Their suggestions can<br>be in English or their local<br>language.                  |
| Ask individual pupils to<br>say and finish the sentences<br>with a day of the week:<br>'I come to school on'<br>'I don't come to school on' | The second pupil should<br>say the sentence<br>'I come to school on' or<br>'I don't come to school on'<br>according to the day written<br>on their card. |   |   |
|   | Tell the pupils to change<br>over and continue to play<br>until all the cards have   |   |   |

been used.

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 11 Time Day 3

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## Days of the week

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say and write the sound 'o'.

Use an action word in a sentence.

#### **Teaching aids**

#### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the 'g' word flash cards and pictures from the last lesson.

Write the words with the letter 'o' in them on the chalkboard and draw a picture to go with each word.

Collect together a selection of sticks for the pupils to write on the ground outside.

#### **Letters and sounds**

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to join in with you saying 'g' words and matching them to the pictures.

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Write 'o' on the chalkboard and tell pupils it makes the sound 'o' as in hot.

Read the 'g' story with the pupils and ask them to touch their ears when they hear the 'g' sound.

Read the words on the chalkboard, sounding the letter 'o' in each 'o' word.

Take them outside and ask them to write the letters 'o' and 'g' in the ground using the sticks and say the sounds.

Blend the sounds together to make a word: 'g-o = go'.

| 10<br>minutes  | Rhyme            | 25<br>minutes  | 10<br>minutes   |
|--|------------------|--|---|
| Introd   | luction          | Main activity  | Plenary   |
| Whole  | e class teaching | Group task   | Whole class teaching  |
| <ul> <li>Whole class teaching</li> <li>Ask the pupils to tell you what day it is and write their answer on the chalkboard.</li> <li>Say the 'Days of the week' rhyme with the pupils and do the actions they made up on Day 2.</li> <li>Ask the pupils to tell you the action words (verbs) in the rhyme, eg: jump, skip, walk.</li> </ul> |                  | Ask each group to work<br>together to choose an<br>action word to complete<br>the following sentences, eg:<br>'On Monday I jump to school'.<br>Tell them that when they<br>have finished they will<br>perform the words and<br>actions for the rest of<br>the class.<br>On Monday I to school.<br>On Tuesday I to school.<br>On Wednesday I to school.<br>On Thursday I to school.<br>On Friday I to school. | Ask each group to come<br>out and perform for the rest<br>of the class. |
|  |                  | Ask each group to practise their rhyme so they can all   |   |

say the words.

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|             |  | 15<br>minutes  |
|-------------|--|--|
| day's child | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds   |
|             | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:     | Whole class teaching<br>Flash the revision sounds and ask  |
|             | Say the sounds 'o' and 'g' and form the letters correctly. | <ul> <li>pupils to say the sounds with you.</li> <li>Demonstrate how to write the letter</li> </ul>      |
|             | Recognise the initial sounds of the days of the week.      | 'o' on the chalkboard.<br>Read the 'o' words for the pupils,   |
|             | Teaching aids  | sounding the letter 'o' in each word.<br>Ask pupils if they can remember<br>the words and read them out. |
|             | Before the lesson:<br>Write a list of 'o' words and        | Ask them to match the words<br>- to the pictures.  |
|             | draw pictures to go with them<br>on the chalkboard.        | Tell them to use the sand tray to write some of the words.   |
|             | Have ready the days of the week flash cards.               | Ask them to read their words.  |
|             | Prepare sand trays for each group.                         |  |
|             | Read 'Monday's child' and make sure you understand it.     |  |
|             |  |  |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 **Involving** pupils in their learning Mon

Week 11 Time Day 4

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  |  | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching   | Group task   | Whole class teaching                                   |
| Read 'Monday's child' to the pupils.   | Write the days of the week<br>on the chalkboard, but don't   | Give each group a set of flash cards.  | Take the pupils outside and ask them to draw the first |
| In your local language,<br>explain the meaning to<br>the pupils.write the first letter of each<br>word, ie:onday.Ask if anyone can say the | flash cards and make sure week in the  | letters of each day of the<br>week in the ground with their<br>sticks (S, M, T, W, T, F, S).   |  |
|  | first sound of each day.<br>Show them the first letter<br>of each day and ask<br>if anyone can say what<br>sound it makes. | Tell the groups to put the flash cards face down on the table.   |  |
|  |  | Ask them to turn over the<br>top card, say the word<br>out loud to the rest of the<br>group and then say the first<br>sound of the word. |  |
|  |  | Continue until all the words<br>have been said and each<br>member of the group has<br>had two turns.                                     |  |

#### Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 11 Time Day 5

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## Simbi and Audu's week

| By the end of the lesson, most  | Whole class teaching   |
|---|--|
| pupils will be able to:<br>Read and write three-letter words  | Write the letters 'g' and 'o' on the chalkboard.                                     |
| which contain the letters 'g' or 'o'.   | Say the sounds they make with  |
| Ask and answer simple questions   | the pupils.  |
| using the word 'what?'  | Point to the 'o' and 'g' words. Soun<br>out the letters, blending them to            |
| Teaching aids   | make the words, eg: 'd-o-g is dog'.  |
| Before the lesson:  | Show the class a flash card.<br>Say the word, pronouncing each<br>letter carefully.  |
| Write words that have the letter<br>sounds 'o' and 'g' on the chalkboard<br>eg: dog, log, tag, go, got, chop,<br>on, pot. | Ask pupils to work in pairs<br>to try and write the word in their<br>exercise books. |
| Have ready the 'o' and 'g' word flash cards.  | - Show them the flash card again and ask them to check their work.                   |
| Practise reading the story 'Simbi and Audu's week'.   | - Repeat, using different words.   |

15 **Gg Oo** 

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| 10<br>minutes  | 25 Story<br>minutes  |   | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes             |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |   | Plenary                         |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching   | Group task  | Whole class teaching            |
| Explain to the pupils that the word what can be used   | Read the story 'Simbi and Audu's week'.  | Ask each group to finish these questions about the  | Read 'Monday's Child'<br>again. |
| to make a question.<br>Ask them some questions<br>using the word 'what':<br>' <mark>What</mark> is your name?' | Explain to the class that<br>they are going to practise<br>asking questions about the<br>story using the word 'what'.            | <ul> <li>story using the word 'what':</li> <li>'What day does Simbi?'</li> <li>'What day does Simbi's<br/>mother?'</li> </ul> |                                 |
| 'What is this?'<br>'What are you doing?'   | Ask them these questions:<br>'What day does Simbi play?'<br>(Monday)<br>'What day does Simbi go to<br>the hospital?' (Wednesday) |   |                                 |

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| Letters/sounds   |
|--|
| <pre>'Revision sounds' s a t i p n c k h r m d e g o</pre> |

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|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Lesson<br>title |   | 15<br>minutes  |  |
| Monday's Child  | Learning outcomes                             | Letters and sounds   |  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most                | Whole class teaching   |  |
|                 | pupils will be able to:                       | Flash the revision sounds and  |  |
|                 | Say the sound and recognise the letter 'l'.   | ask pupils to say the sound and do the action with you.                              |  |
|                 | Read and write the days of the week.          | Tell the pupils the new sound is<br>'I' as in 'like'.                                |  |
|                 | Teaching aids                                 | Write the letter 'l' on the chalkboard<br>and ask them to say the sound<br>with you. |  |
|                 | Before the lesson:                            |  |  |
|                 | Write the revision sounds on                  | Tell them to underline the sound<br>'I' in the words on the chalkboard.              |  |
|                 | flash cards.                                  |  |  |
|                 | Write the list of 'l' words on                | Read the words for the pupils, sounding the letter 'l' in each word                  |  |
|                 | the chalkboard and draw pictures to match.    | to help them hear the sound.   |  |
|                 |   | Ask them to say the words and  |  |
|                 | Write the days of the week on the chalkboard. | match them to the pictures.  |  |
|                 |   |  |  |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

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Week 12 Time Day 1

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  |
|--|--|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Individual task  | Whole class teaching   |
| Read 'Monday's Child' to<br>the pupils.<br>Ask the pupils to explain<br>the meaning to you in their<br>local language. | Ask the pupils to choose<br>their favourite day in'Monday's Child' and<br>draw a picture of the child<br>from that day in their<br>exercise books.Tell them to look at the<br>names of the days of<br>the week on the chalkboard<br>and find the day of the<br>week they have drawn. | Ask the pupils to get into<br>groups according to the<br>day of the week that they<br>have drawn.<br>Read 'Monday's Child'<br>again and as you read each<br>day, ask the pupils who<br>have drawn a picture of that<br>day to hold their picture up<br>and say the name of the<br>day of the week. |
|  | Ask them to write the name<br>of the day by the picture,<br>trying to remember how to<br>spell it.   |  |

#### Lesson title

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Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 12 Time Day 2

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## Days of the week

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Form the letter 'l' correctly.

Choose the correct word to complete a sentence.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the list of words with the letter 'l' on the chalkboard and draw pictures to match.

Prepare a set of word flash cards: 'on', 'l', 'come', 'to', 'school'.

Collect together the days of the week flash cards.

#### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Write the letter 'l' on the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to make the sound 'I' as loudly and then as quietly as they can.

Show them how to form the letter 'I' by writing it in the air. Ask them to do the same.

Sound out 'l-o-t' and then say the word 'lot'. Ask the pupils to join in.

Tell the class to write the letter 'I' and draw a picture of something which starts with the letter 'I' in their exercise books, using the words on the chalkboard to help them.

| 10 Song<br>minutes   | 25<br>minutes  |   | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |   | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task   |   | Whole class teaching   |
| Sing the 'Letters of the week' song for the pupils.  | Give each group a set of<br>flash cards with the days ofRepeat until each group<br>has had a turn. |   | Ask each group to read out their sentences and the                         |
| Ask the pupils to find<br>a space in the classroom   | the week written on them.<br>Ask the pupils in each group  | Rub the sentence off the chalkboard.  | rest of the class to listen<br>carefully and check if they<br>are correct. |
| and try to make the<br>shape of each letter with<br>different parts of their<br>bodies as you sing it,<br>eg: arms, hands, legs. | to arrange them in order,<br>starting from Sunday.   | Ask each group to use their flash cards to make   | dre correct.   |
|  | Write the sentence<br>'On I come to school'<br>on the chalkboard.                                  | <ul> <li>the sentence</li> <li>'On I come to school'</li> <li>using each day of the</li> <li>week to make the sentence</li> <li>correct.</li> </ul> |  |
|  | Read the sentence to the class and ask each group to   |   |  |
|  | choose a card to complete the sentence.  | Tell them to choose one of the sentences to copy into   |  |
|  | Ask one member from each<br>group to come out and hold<br>the card up in the space                 | their exercise books.   |  |
|  | Ask each group to read the sentence together.  |   |  |

|                 | $\odot$  |   |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Lesson<br>title |  | 15<br>minutes   |
| Matching        | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:   | Whole class teaching<br>Write the letter 'l' on the chalkboard.                                     |
|                 | Say the sound and recognise the letter 'f'.  | Ask the pupils to make the sound with you.  |
|                 | Write a simple sentence about the days of the week.  | Write the new letter 'f' on the<br>chalkboard and tell them it makes<br>the sound 'f' as in fish.   |
|                 | Teaching aids  | Ask the pupils to say the sound with you and read the 'f' story.                                    |
|                 | Before the lesson:<br>Write the 'f' words on the chalk-  | Ask the pupils to underline the letter<br>- 'f' in the words on the chalkboard.                     |
|                 | board and find or draw pictures to explain the words.  | Read the words to pupils, sounding<br>the letter 'f' in each word to help<br>- them hear the sound. |
|                 | Have ready sets of days of the<br>week flash cards and the words<br>'on', 'l', 'come', 'to', 'school', 'jump',<br>'run', 'skip', 'walk'. | Explain the meaning of the words<br>and ask them to match them to the<br>objects or the pictures.   |
|                 | Write the names of the days of the week on the chalkboard.   |   |
|                 |  |   |

#### Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 12 Time Day 3

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  |  | 10<br>minutes   |
|--|--|--|---|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task   |  | Whole class teaching                                  |
| Hand out all the flash cards to different pupils.                              | Write the days of the week on the chalkboard   | Tell them to read the<br>names of the days of the  | Ask six pupils to come<br>out and show the rest       |
| Say the 'Days of the week' rhyme with the pupils and do                        | in reverse order:<br>Sunday, Saturday, Friday,<br>Thursday, Wednesday,<br>Tuesday, Monday.<br>Ask the pupils to read<br>the names of the days of<br>the week in reverse order. | week starting from Sunday,<br>Saturday,  | of the class their pictures and read their sentences. |
| the actions together.  |  | Ask the pupils to use<br>the flash cards to make and<br>complete the sentence<br>'On _ I _ to school'. |   |
| When the action is named,<br>or the day mentioned,<br>ask the pupils with that |  |  |   |
| flash card to hold it up for   |  | Tell each pupil to draw a  |   |
| everyone to see.   | Give each group a set of flash cards.  | picture in their exercise book to match their sentence.  |   |
|  | Ask them to find the days of the week flash cards  | Ask them to write the sentence by the picture.   |   |
|  | and arrange them in the correct order.   | Go to each pupil and help them read their sentence.  |   |

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 12 Time Day 4

## Days of the week

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Form the letter 'f' correctly.

Write the names of the days of the week.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the 'f' words on the chalkboard.

Have ready sand trays, enough for one between three pupils.

Hide the 'f', 'l', 'g' and 'o' flash cards in each sand tray.

Have ready the days of the week flash cards.

**Letters and sounds** 

#### Whole class teaching

Write the letter 'f' on the chalkboard, ask the pupils to say the sound with you.

Write the letter 'f' in the air and tell the class to copy you several times.

Ask them to write 'f' on desks, on the floor and on their partner's back, with their fingers, head and elbows.

Give out the sand trays to each small group of three.

Write 'f' on the chalkboard and ask groups to find it in the tray, hold it up and shout its sound.

Tell them to hide it back in the sand.

Repeat with the other hidden sounds.

Ask them to practise writing the letter 'f' in the sand trays.

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15 minutes



| 10 Song<br>minutes   | 25<br>minutes   |   |  | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |   |  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task  | Individual task   |  | Whole class teaching  |
| Sing the songs and say<br>the rhymes about the days<br>of the week, encouraging<br>the pupils to join in with you. | Give out the days of<br>the week flash cards and<br>ask each group to put<br>them in the correct order.                             | Ask the pupils to choose<br>their favourite day and<br>find the card with that day<br>written on it.  | Tell pupils to try and write<br>the word in their exercise<br>books without looking at<br>the word.                              | Say the 'Days of the<br>week' rhyme together and<br>do the actions. |
|  | Ask them to mix up the<br>pile of cards so they are in<br>a different order.<br>Tell them to put the cards<br>in a pile, face down. | Ask them to look carefully<br>at the word on the card.<br>Ask questions to help them<br>learn how to spell the word:<br>What is the first letter? | When they have done it,<br>ask them to check if they<br>are correct.<br>If they make a mistake,<br>ask them to write the correct |   |
|  | One person in the group<br>turns over a card and<br>asks the following question<br>using the card:<br>'Which day comes before _?'   | 'Can you find the letters<br>d-a-y in the word?'<br>'What letter does the word<br>finish with?'<br>'How many letters are there                    | version underneath their<br>first try.   |   |
|  | The person who gets the<br>right answer turns over<br>the next card and asks the<br>next question.                                  | in the word?'   |  |   |
|  | Continue until everyone in the group has had a turn.  |   |  |   |

#### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 12 Time Day 5

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## Days of the week

#### Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words containing the sound 'f'.

Write the days of the week.

**Teaching aids** 

#### **Before the lesson:**

Write the words that have 'f' at the start or end on the chalkboard.

Have ready sand trays, enough for one between three pupils.

Have ready the days of the week flash cards.

|  | L | .ett | ers | and | soui | nds |
|--|---|------|-----|-----|------|-----|
|--|---|------|-----|-----|------|-----|

15 minutes

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say the sound 'f'.

Read the words to the pupils, sounding the letter 'f' in each word.

Write the words 'fan' and 'off' on the chalkboard. Say each sound, eg: 'f-a-n is fan' and ask the class to join in.

Ask groups of three to practise writing the letter 'f' in the sand trays.

Ask one pupil to write a word with the letter 'f' in it in their sand tray and the other two to read what they have written.

Continue until each pupil in the group has had the chance to write at least two words.

| 10 Story<br>minutes                                     | 25 Story<br>minutes  |  | 10<br>minutes  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Introduction  | Main activity  |  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching                                    | Group task   | Individual task  | Whole class teaching   |
| Ask the pupils to listen to the story of 'Kemi's week'. | Hold up a card with the name of a day of the week on it.                               | Ask the pupils to choose<br>one day of the week and<br>draw a picture of what Kemi                           | Ask three pupils to show<br>their picture and read<br>their word or sentence |
|   | Ask the pupils to decide what Kemi did on that day                                     | did on that day in their exercise books.   | to the class.  |
|   | and make up an action<br>which shows what she did.                                     | Tell the pupils to write a word<br>or a sentence underneath<br>the picture to tell the story<br>of that day. |  |
|   | Ask one group to show<br>their action to the rest of<br>the class.                     |  |  |
|   | Hold up another card for<br>each group to make up the<br>action for.                   |  |  |
|   | Continue until you have shown them all the days of the week.                           |  |  |
|   | Read the story again, asking<br>the pupils to join in with the<br>actions as you read. |  |  |

## Week 13 In my environment

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|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|
|   | Letters/sounds   |  |   | Words/phrases   | Assessment   | 1 |
|   | <pre>'Revision sounds' s a t i p n c k h r m d e g o f l</pre> | 'b'<br>bag<br>book<br>bench<br>ball<br>bell<br>bottle<br>basket<br>bowl<br>bus<br>bucket | ʻu'<br>umbrella<br>up<br>sun<br>mum<br>mud<br>cup<br>bun<br>but<br>nut<br>hut | finger<br>leg<br>lip<br>ear<br>eye<br>hand<br>boy<br>girl<br>book<br>window<br>chair<br>bag<br>cup<br>I can see<br>this is<br>these are<br>How many?<br>What are these? | During the lesson, walk<br>round the classroom<br>and ask questions to<br>see if the pupils clearly<br>understand what you<br>have taught them. If not,<br>help them to understand<br>by explaining the idea<br>to them again, or asking<br>other pupils to help them.<br>You may need to use<br>some different examples<br>of the idea. |   |

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|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Lesson<br>title |  | 15<br>minutes  |  |
| My body         | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds   |  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most   | Whole class teaching   |  |
|                 | pupils will be able to:<br>Say the sound and recognise                           | Flash the revision sounds. Ask pupils to say the sounds.   |  |
|                 | the letter 'u'.  | Write the letter 'u' on the chalk-   |  |
|                 | Ask and answer questions<br>using plural words which end<br>with the letter 's'. | <ul> <li>board and tell the pupils it makes<br/>the sound 'u' as in umbrella.</li> </ul>   |  |
|                 |  | Read the words for the pupils, sounding the letter 'u' in each wo  |  |
|                 | Teaching aids  | Ask them to underline the 'u' in the words on the chalkboard.  |  |
|                 | Before the lesson:   | Ask pupils to say the words and  |  |
|                 | Have ready the revision sound flash cards.                                       | <ul> <li>match them to the pictures.</li> <li>Tell pupils to draw a quick pictur</li> <li>of a sun, mum, hut and umbrella</li> </ul> |  |
|                 | Write the 'u' words on the   |  |  |
|                 | chalkboard and draw pictures to explain them.                                    | Say the words and ask pupils to point to them in their pictures.   |  |
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |

Literacy

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 13 In my environment Day 1

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| 10<br>minutes   | 25<br>minutes  |  | 10 Song<br>minutes                                 |
|---|--|--|--|
| Introduction  | Main activity  |  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching  | Pair task  |  | Whole class teaching                               |
| Bring out one girl and one boy.   | Tell the pupils to ask each other the following questions                                    | Ask pupils to draw a picture of themselves and show                    | Sing the song 'How many fingers?' with the pupils. |
| Ask the pupils:<br>'How many boys?'<br>'How many girls?'  | and answer by adding<br>the letter 's' on to the end<br>of the word:<br>'How many fingers do | it to a partner saying, eg:<br>'I have one nose'<br>'I have two hands' |  |
| Encourage them to answer<br>using the word girl or boy,<br>ie: 'one boy'.   | You have?' (Five fingers)<br>'How many legs do you<br>have?' (Two legs)                      |  |  |
| Explain that when there<br>is more than one boy or girl<br>an 's' is added to the end<br>of the word.   | 'How many eyes do<br>you have?'<br>'How many hands do  |  |  |
| Bring out different numbers<br>of boys and girls and ask the<br>same question, encouraging<br>the pupils to answer, eg:<br>two girls, three boys. | you have?'<br>'How many ears do<br>you have?'  |  |  |

| Lesson<br>title   |   | 15<br>minutes   |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---|--|--|
| In my environment | Learning outcomes   | Letters and sounds  |  |  |
|                   | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:  | <b>Pair task</b><br>Flash the revision sounds. Ask  |  |  |
|                   | Say the sound and recognise the letter 'u' in words.  | pupils to say the sounds.<br>Write the letter 'u' in the air and  |  |  |
|                   | Read and understand plural words which end with the letter 's'.                                     | ask the pupils to copy you in the<br>air, on their desk, on their partner's<br>back, with their fingers, feet, head<br>and elbows.  |  |  |
|                   | Teaching aids   | Show pupils the 'u' word flash cards  |  |  |
|                   | Before the lesson:  | Sound out the letters carefully and say the words with the pupils.  |  |  |
|                   | Make the 'u' word flash cards 'sun',<br>'bun', 'fun', 'gun', 'run'.                                 | Say one of the words and choose<br>a pupil to come and point to the<br>word. Repeat for the other words.<br>Ask pupils to write the 'u' words<br>on the picture they did yesterday. |  |  |
|                   | Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 56.  |   |  |  |
|                   | Write the following plural words<br>on the chalkboard: 'books', 'cats',<br>'keys', 'birds', 'bags'. |   |  |  |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 13 In my environment Day 2

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| 10<br>minutes   | 25 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1  |   | 10<br>minutes   |
|---|--|---|---|
| Introduction  | Main activity  |   | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching  | Pair task  |   | Whole class teaching  |
| Ask individual pupils to touch<br>and say the names of the<br>parts of their body of which<br>there is more than one,<br>eg: lips, legs, hands, ears. | Read the plural words on<br>the chalkboard and help the<br>pupils to understand what<br>they mean.<br>Tell the pupils to ask<br>each other questions using | Ask the pupils to draw<br>pictures in their exercise<br>books to match the words<br>on the chalkboard and<br>then try to write the word<br>underneath each picture. | Ask three pupils to show<br>their pictures and read<br>their words to the rest of<br>the class. |
|   | the words on the chalk-<br>board, eg:<br>'How many books?'<br>(There are two books.)   | While the pupils are doing<br>this, go round the class<br>and read Nigeria Primary<br>English 1, page 56 with<br>each pair.   | -   |

| Lesson<br>title   |  | Bb  |
|-------------------|--|---|
| In my environment | Learning outcomes                                      | Letters and sounds  |
|                   | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching<br>Write the letter 'b' on the chalkboard  |
|                   | Say the sound and recognise the letter 'b'.            | Tell pupils that the letter 'b' makes the sound 'b' as in bag, book, ball.                              |
|                   | Write plural words which end with 's'.                 | Read the 'b' story to the pupils<br>and ask them to count the number                                    |
|                   | Teaching aids  | of times they hear the sound 'b'.   |
|                   | Before the lesson:                                     | Read each word to the pupils,<br>sounding the 'b' at the beginning<br>of each word, to help them listen |
|                   | Write the 'b' words and draw matching pictures on the  | to the sound.   |
|                   | chalkboard.  | Choose pupils to come and<br>underline the 'b' sound in each word                                       |
|                   | Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 43.               | Ask the pupils to draw pictures of words beginning with 'b'.  |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 13 In my environment Day 3

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| 10 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1  | 25 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1  |   | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |   | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching   | Individual task   | Pair task  |
| Ask the pupils to look<br>at the pictures in Nigeria<br>Primary English 1, page 43   | Ask the pupils to open<br>Nigeria Primary English 1,<br>page 43.                             | Ask each pupil to look<br>at the objects in Nigeria<br>Primary English 1, page 43     | Ask the pupils to look around<br>their classroom and say<br>the name of objects of which<br>there are more than one. |
| and read the words.<br>Remind them that when   | Ask them to count each object in the picture.  | sk them to count each<br>oject in the picture.<br>sk them:<br>ow many bananas can you |  |
| there is more than one<br>object we add the letter                                   | Ask them:  |   |  |
| 's' to the word.   | 'How many bananas can you see in the pictures?'  |   |  |
| Write 'two pencils',<br>'two books', 'two bells', 'two<br>balls', 'two tables', 'two | 'How many oranges can you<br>see in the pictures?'   |   |  |
| chairs' on the chalkboard.   | Encourage them to answer   |   |  |
| Ask the pupils to read the words with you.   | <ul> <li>using, 'I can see' and<br/>the letter 's' at the end of<br/>each object.</li> </ul> |   |  |
|  | Write the names of the objects on the chalkboard.  |   |  |

### Lessoi title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 13 In my environment Day 4

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# In my environment

# Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words beginning with 'b'.

Make simple sentences using plurals.

**Teaching aids** 

### **Before the lesson:**

Prepare a sand tray, enough for one between four pupils.

Make cards of the letter 's', enough for one between four pupils.

Make a set of word flash cards: 'These are', 'This is', 'books', 'keys', 'cats', 'boys', 'birds', 'bags' and 'shirts' for each group.

Write the sentences from the lesson introduction on the chalkboard.

## **Letters and sounds**

Bb

Whole class teaching

Write the letter 'b' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to join you in making the sound.

Form the letter 'b' by writing it in the air and let the pupils do the same.

Ask the pupils if they can remember any words that start with the letter 'b' and write them on the chalkboard as they say them.

Ask the pupils to take it in turn to practise writing their letters in the sand tray.

While they are waiting for their turn, ask them to write some of the 'b' words on their picture from yesterday.

| 10<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  |  | 10<br>minutes   |
|--|--|--|---|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task   |  | Whole class teaching                                  |
| Ask the pupils to help you<br>read the sentences you have<br>written on the chalkboard:<br>'This is a book.'<br>'This is a bag.'<br>'This is a bird.'<br>'This is a bird.'<br>'This is a cat.'<br>'This is a cat.'<br>'This is a key.'<br>Explain that the phrase<br>'this is' is used when<br>there is only one object and<br>today the class is going to<br>learn what to say when there<br>is more than one object. | Read the sentences<br>written on the chalkboard<br>to the pupils.<br>Give letter 's' cards to<br>each group.<br>Ask one pupil from each<br>group to come out and place<br>the letter 's' card at the end<br>of the singular words written<br>on the chalkboard.<br>Explain that if we have<br>more than one object the<br>sentence changes from<br>'This is a book' to<br>'These are books'. | Give each group a set of<br>flash cards.<br>Ask them to use the<br>flash cards to make the<br>sentences:<br>'This is a'<br>'These are' | Ask each group to read out<br>one of their sentences. |

| Lesson<br>title   |   | minutes <b>Uu</b>   |  |
|-------------------|---|---|--|
| In my environment | Learning outcomes   | Letters and sounds  |  |
|                   | By the end of the lesson, most  | Whole class teaching  |  |
|                   | pupils will be able to:   | Flash the revision sounds. Inclue                                     |  |
|                   | Read and write words with the letter 'u'.                             | 'b' and 'u'. Ask the pupils to say the sounds.                        |  |
|                   | Ask and answer simple questions.                                      | Tell pupils they are going to write words with 'u' in them.           |  |
|                   | Teaching aids   | Read out the word bun.  |  |
|                   |   | Ask pupils to sound it out, 'b-u-                                     |  |
|                   | Before the lesson:  | Ask the class to try to write it.                                     |  |
|                   | Prepare flash cards with 'sun',<br>'mum', 'mud', 'cup', 'bun', 'but', | Write it on the chalkboard and a them to check if they are correc     |  |
|                   | 'nut', 'hut'.   | Do the same for the other words                                       |  |
|                   | Collect the sets of flash cards                                       |   |  |
|                   | from Day 4.   | Tell pupils to draw an umbrella c<br>write some words with 'u' in the |  |
|                   | Collect some books, bags and cups together.                           |   |  |

## Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 13 In my environment Day 5

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| 10<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|--|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  | Plenary  |
| Pair task  | Pair task  | Whole class teaching   |
| Hold up some objects<br>and ask the pupils:<br>'What are these?'   | In the same pairs, ask one<br>pupil to ask the question:<br>'What are these?'                                      | Ask two or three pairs<br>to read out their answers<br>to the questions. |
| Ask the pupils to answer:<br>'These are'<br>Ask pupils to practise | Ask the other pupil to<br>make the answer using<br>— a flash card.   | _  |
| this question and answer<br>it using real objects.                 | Tell pupils to copy the<br>sentence into their exercise<br>books and draw a picture<br>to illustrate the sentence. | -  |

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# Week 14 Asking questions

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Hawas

| 'Revision sounds'       'i'       yes       During the lesson, walk         s       juice       not       and ask questions to         s       jolly       this is       and ask questions to         i       jelly       he       understand what you         p       joke       she       help them to understand         n       jam       I can see       help them to understand         c       jar       dancing       by explaining the idea         f       job       hopping       other negain, or asking         d       jef       running       other stamples         d       jef       running       other stamples         g       What can you see?       of the idea.         u       u       u       u |        | Letters/sounds  |   | Words/phrases   | Assessment  | ŕ              |                                       |
|--|--------|---|---|---|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|
|  |        | S<br>a<br>t<br>i<br>p<br>n<br>c<br>k<br>h<br>r<br>m<br>d<br>e<br>g<br>o<br>f<br>f<br>I<br>b | jug<br>juice<br>jolly<br>jelly<br>joke<br>jam<br>jar<br>jumping<br>James<br>join<br>job | no<br>not<br>this is<br>he<br>she<br>I can see<br>dancing<br>writing<br>drawing<br>skipping<br>hopping<br>running<br>Who is this? | round the classroom<br>and ask questions to<br>see if the pupils clearly<br>understand what you<br>have taught them. If not,<br>help them to understand<br>by explaining the idea<br>to them again, or asking<br>other pupils to help them.<br>You may need to use<br>some different examples |                |                                       |
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|-----------------|--|---|
| Lesson<br>title |  | 15<br>minutes <b>Jj</b>   |
| Yes and no      | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most   | Whole class teaching  |
|                 | pupils will be able to:  | Write the letter 'j' on the chalkboard.   |
|                 | Say the sound that the letter 'j' makes in a word.   | Tell the pupils that the letter makes the sound 'j' as in jug.  |
|                 | Ask and answer simple questions using 'Yes it is' and 'No it is not'.                                  | Ask the pupils to join in with you,<br>making the sound.  |
|                 | Teaching aids  | Read the words on the chalkboard<br>to the pupils, emphasising the<br>sound 'j' at the beginning of each                    |
|                 | Before the lesson:   | word to help them hear it.  |
|                 | Write the 'j' words on the chalk-<br>board and draw a picture or make<br>up an action to explain them. | <ul> <li>Show a picture, an object or do<br/>an action to match each word<br/>and ask the class to say the word.</li> </ul> |
|                 | Practise the sound for 'j'.  |   |
|                 | Make a card for each pupil with the word 'yes' on one side and 'no' on the other.                      |   |
|                 | Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 40.   |   |

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 14 Asking questions Day 1

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| 10<br>minutes   | 25 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1   | 10<br>minutes  |   |
|---|---|--|---|
| Introduction  | Main activity   |  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching  | Whole class teaching  | Pair task  | Whole class teaching  |
| Give each pupil a card with 'yes' and 'no' written on it.   | Ask the pupils to open<br>Nigeria Primary English 1,  | Tell the pupils to look at<br>Nigeria Primary English 1,<br>page 43 and ask each                                     | Ask one pupil to think of an animal, but not tell anybody.                              |
| Ask the class simple<br>questions which have the  | page 40 and look at the pictures.   | other simple questions, this   | Tell the other pupils to ask them questions to try and                                  |
| answer 'yes' or 'no', eg:<br>'Is this book blue?'<br>'Is the table green?'                            | Ask them questions about<br>the pictures which have the<br>answer 'yes' or 'no'.                          | <ul> <li>time answering 'Yes it is'<br/>or 'No it is not', eg:<br/>'Is this a pineapple?'<br/>(Yes it is)</li> </ul> | guess what the animal is, eg:<br>'Is it white?'<br>'Does it have four legs?'            |
| Tell them to answer the<br>question by holding up the<br>side of the card with the<br>correct answer. | Again, ask the class to<br>answer by holding up<br>the side of the card with<br>the correct answer on it. | 'Is this an apple?'<br>(No it is not)  | 'Is it a cow?'<br>The pupil thinking of the<br>animal can only answer<br>'yes' or 'no'. |

### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 14 Asking questions Day 2

# **Jumping James**

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write the letter 'j'.

Learning outcomes

Ask and answer simple questions using 'Yes he/she is' and 'No he/ she is not'.

**Teaching aids** 

### **Before the lesson:**

Write the 'j' words on the chalkboard.

Read the rhyme 'Jumping James' and make sure you understand it.

Write the rhyme on the chalkboard.

**Letters and sounds** 

15 minutes

## Whole class teaching

Write the letter 'j' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to say the sound.

Read the words on the chalkboard with the pupils, sounding the letter 'j' at the beginning of each word.

Choose pupils to come and underline the 'j' sound.

Ask the pupils to practise writing the letter on their desks, on the back of their friends, in the air, etc.

Tell them to open their exercise books and write the letter 'j' as large and as small as possible on the page.

Ask them to draw objects that begin with the 'j' sound.

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes   |  | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Pair task   | Group task   | Whole class teaching   |
| Read the rhyme 'Jumping<br>James' and ask the pupils<br>to join in with you. | Tell the pupils to ask each<br>other questions about<br>the rhyme which have the  | Ask the pupils to mime one of the pupils in the rhyme.   | Ask each group to practise saying the rhyme and doing the actions.     |
| to join in with you.   | <ul> <li>the rhyme which have the answers 'Yes he is' or</li> <li>'No he is not', eg:</li> <li>'Is James jumping?'</li> <li>(Yes he is)</li> <li>'Is Hassan jumping?'</li> <li>(No he is not)</li> <li>'Is Raila skipping?'</li> <li>(No she is not)</li> </ul> | Choose pupils to guess who<br>they are miming. They must<br>ask their questions in the<br>same way as before, eg:<br>'Is she Raila?' and the<br>group should answer, eg:<br>'Yes she is' or 'No she is not'. | Ask each group to show<br>their role play to the rest of<br>the class. |

### Less title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 14 Asking questions Day 3

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# **Jumping James**

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write the letter 'j'.

Ask and answer simple questions in English using the phrase 'Who is this?'

**Teaching aids** 

### **Before the lesson:**

Write the rhyme 'Jumping James' on the chalkboard.

Write the words 'jug', 'jam', 'job' and 'jet' on the chalkboard.

Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 47.

Prepare a sand tray for each pair of pupils.

### **Letters and sounds**

## Whole class teaching

Read the rhyme 'Jumping James' and ask the pupils to join in with you.

Say the rhyme together.

Ask the pupils to point to the 'j' sounds in the rhyme.

Sound out the 'j' words with the pupils carefully, eg: 'j-u-g is jug'.

In pairs, ask the pupils to practise writing the letter 'j' in the sand tray.

Ask one pupil to write one of the 'j' words from the chalkboard in the sand and draw a picture to show the meaning of the word.

The other pupil should use the picture to help them read the word.

| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   | 25 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1  | 10<br>minutes   |
|---|--|---|
| Introduction  | Main activity  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching  | Individual task  | Pair task   |
| Ask the pupils to tell you the<br>names of the children in the<br>rhyme 'Jumping James'.<br>Write the names of the<br>children on the chalkboard. | Ask the pupils to choose two<br>of the children in the rhyme<br>and draw a picture of them in<br>their exercise books, to show<br>what they are doing.<br>Tell pupils to write the<br>name of the child underneath<br>the picture. | Tell the pupils to practise<br>asking and answering<br>questions with each other<br>about their pictures using the<br>phrase 'Who is this?', eg:<br>'Who is this?' (This is James,<br>he is jumping.) |
|   | While they are doing this,<br>go round the class and read<br>Nigeria Primary English 1,<br>page 47 with each pupil.  |   |

### Lesson title

**Jumping James** 

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 14 Asking questions Day 4

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|  | <sup>15</sup><br>minutes <b>Gg LI Ff</b>  |
|--|---|
| Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
| By the end of the lesson, most<br>pupils will be able to:<br>Identify the sounds 'g', 'l' and 'f' at<br>the beginning of words.                        | Whole class teaching<br>Call out today's letter sounds<br>and choose pupils to write them<br>on the chalkboard.     |
| Make sentences using the words 'he' and 'she'.   | Check pupils form the letters correctly.  |
| Teaching aids  | Ask the pupils to write them in the<br>air and on each other's backs.<br>Put pupils in groups and go outside.       |
| Before the lesson:<br>Make sets of letters 'g', 'l' and 'f'<br>for groups of 3—4 pupils and hide<br>them outside.                                      | Call out a word beginning with<br>'g' and ask groups to find the<br>correct sound.<br>Repeat with the other sounds. |
| Make sets of flash cards with the<br>words 'jumping', 'writing', 'reading',<br>'running', 'skipping', 'playing',<br>'dancing', 'eating' and 'hopping'. | Say each sound and ask pupils to<br>give you a word that it begins with.<br>Repeat several times.                   |
| Read Nigeria Primary English 1, page 47.   |   |

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| 10<br>minutes  | 25 Nigeria<br>minutes Primary English 1  | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   |
|--|--|---|
| Introduction   | Main activity  | Plenary   |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task   | Whole class teaching  |
| Stand the pupils in a circle<br>and show them a card with<br>an action word on it. | Remind the class that 'he'<br>can be used instead of 'boy',<br>while 'she' can be used<br>instead of 'girl'. | Say the rhyme 'Jumping<br>James' with the pupils and<br>do the actions. |
| Ask all the pupils to do the action written on the card.                           | Give each group a set  |   |
| Continue until you have used all the cards.  | of flash cards, placing them face down on the table.   |   |
|  | Ask each pupil in the group<br>to pick a card, read it and<br>do the action for the rest of<br>the group.    |   |
|  | Ask the other pupils in<br>the group to guess the<br>action, saying: 'He is'<br>or 'She is'                  |   |
|  | Tell pupils to take it in turns,<br>in their groups, to read the<br>sentences in Nigeria Primary             |   |

English 1, page 47.

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### Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 14 Asking questions Day 5

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# **Jumping James**

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Identify words that begin with the sounds 'b', 'g', 'l' and 'f'.

Ask and answer simple questions using the phrase 'What can you see?'

**Teaching aids** 

### **Before the lesson:**

Draw pictures for words beginning with 'b', 'g', 'l' and 'f'.

Collect together the flash cards with the following words: 'dancing', 'writing', 'drawing', 'skipping', 'hopping', 'running', 'jumping'.

### **Letters and sounds**

<sup>15</sup> minutes **Bb Gg LI Ff** 

### Whole class teaching

Ask the class if they can remember any words starting with the sounds 'b', 'g', 'f' or 'l' and write the words on the chalkboard as pupils say them.

Ask each pupil to think of something they could buy which starts with the letters 'g', 'f', 'b' or 'l'.

Tell each pupil to say their object in the following sentence, eg: 'I went to the market and I bought a goat.'

Go round the class, giving each pupil a turn to say the sentence and their object.

Tell pupils to draw a picture for each sound.

Ask them to write the correct letter by the picture.

| 10<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes   |   | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes                              |
|--|---|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |   | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   |   | Pair task   | Whole class teaching                             |
| Take the pupils outside and stand them in a circle.                                      | Ask another pupil to answer<br>the question using the                               | Ask the pupils to draw<br>the pictures of one of the  | Say the rhyme 'Jumping<br>James' together and do |
| Put the flash cards face<br>down on the floor in the                                     | <ul> <li>phrase: 'I can see (name<br/>of pupil), s/he is (action).'</li> </ul>      | pupils doing an action in the middle of the circle.   | the actions.                                     |
| middle of the circle.  | Ask everybody to join in<br>- the action.   | Tell them to ask each other about their picture       |  |
| Ask one pupil to turn over<br>a card, read it (with help)<br>and do the action 10 times. | Tell the pupil who answered to come out, turn over                                  | using the question:<br>'What can you see?'            |  |
| The pupil in the middle<br>asks the question:<br>'What can you see?'                     | - another card and repeat.<br>Continue until all the cards<br>have been used twice. | Ask the other pupil to answer<br>'I can see, s/he is' |  |

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# Week 15 Fruit and vegetables

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|    | Letters/sounds  | CVC words | Words/phrases | Assessment                 |                    |
|----|---|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
|    |   |           |               |                            |                    |
|    | 'Revision sounds'   | pan       | fruits        | During the lesson, walk    | 100 M              |
|    | S   | man       | apple         | round the classroom        |                    |
|    | a   | sad       | banana        | and ask questions to       |                    |
|    | t   | mad       | mango         | see if the pupils clearly  |                    |
|    | i -   | mat       | pineapple     | understand what you        |                    |
|    | р   | rat       | orange        | have taught them. If not,  |                    |
|    | n   | pot       | cashew fruit  | help them to understand    |                    |
|    | C   | cot       | vegetables    | by explaining the idea     |                    |
|    | k   | mop       | cabbage       | to them again, or asking   |                    |
|    | h   | sob       | Irish potato  | other pupils to help them. | Contraction of the |
|    | r   | job       | sweet potato  | You may need to use        |                    |
|    | m   | cup       | carrot        | some different examples    |                    |
|    | d   | bus       | tomato        | of the idea.               |                    |
| 2  | е   | mum       | chilli pepper |                            | Contraction of     |
| -  | g   | hum       | is good       |                            |                    |
| m  | 0   | sum       | is better     |                            | a start            |
|    | f   | hut       | is best       |                            |                    |
|    | The second se | cut       |               |                            |                    |
| 20 | b   |           |               |                            | 1000               |

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| Lesson<br>title |  | 15<br>  minutes   🖸 in cvc words  |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Fruit           | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:                               | Whole class teaching<br>Flash the revision sounds,  |
|                 | Read cvc words containing the vowel 'a'.   | telling pupils to join in as you say the sounds.  |
|                 | Say the names of a range of fruits.  | Give each pupil a flash card and tell them to find a partner.   |
|                 | Teaching aids  | Pupils should take it in turns<br>to say their sound to their partner<br>and listen as their partner says   |
|                 | Before the lesson:   | his/her sound.  |
|                 | Have ready the revision sound flash cards.   | Repeat four times with different partners   |
|                 | Write the words 'pan', 'man',<br>'sad', 'mad', 'rat' and 'cat' on the<br>chalkboard. | Read the words on the chalkboard,<br>saying each sound carefully, eg:<br>'p-a-n is pan' and tell the pupils |
|                 | Collect real fruit or pictures and write the names of the fruit on the chalkboard.   | <ul> <li>to join in.</li> <li>Ask the pupils if they can see<br/>any words that look and sound</li> </ul>   |
|                 | Make flash cards, each containing<br>the name of a fruit from the<br>'Fruit' rhyme.  | – the same (rhyme).   |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 15 Fruit and vegetables Day 1

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  |   | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  |   | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching   |   | Whole class teaching   |
| Ask the pupils to tell you<br>the types of fruits they like<br>to eat.   | Show the class some real fruit or pictures of the fruit named in the rhyme.  | Tell pupils to draw two<br>fruits from the rhyme in their<br>exercise books and copy                    | If you have real fruit, cut<br>them up into pieces so that<br>all the pupils can try some. |
| Teach them the 'Fruit' rhyme and explain its meaning.  | Show them the flash cards and say the names  | the name of the fruit under-<br>neath their picture.  | If you don't have real fruit,<br>ask pupils to find out if they                            |
| Ask them to tell you the<br>local names of the fruits in<br>the rhyme.<br>Write the local names of<br>the fruits on the chalkboard<br>next to their English names. | of the fruits.<br>Ask if anyone can match the<br>name of a fruit to a picture<br>or real fruit.<br>Choose pupils to stick the<br>card next to the correct<br>picture or hold it by the real<br>fruit for the class to see. | While they are doing this,<br>walk around the class and<br>help pupils read the names<br>of the fruits. | can try some at home and<br>tell you what they tasted like.                                |

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| Lesson<br>title |  | 15<br>minutes in cvc words  |
|-----------------|--|---|
| The best fruit  | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
|                 | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:   | Whole class teaching Flash the revision sounds to   |
|                 | Write cvc words containing the vowel 'a'.  | the class.<br>Read the words on the chalk-  |
|                 | Make a simple sentence in English about a fruit.   | board and ask the pupils to look at the pictures.   |
|                 | Teaching aids  | After 30 seconds, ask them all<br>to turn around so they can't see<br>the chalkboard.                     |
|                 | Before the lesson:   | Rub off one of the pictures and ask the pupils to look at the chalkboard.                                 |
|                 | Have ready the revision sound flash cards.   | Tell the pupils to draw the missing picture in their exercise books, then                                 |
|                 | Write the words and draw pictures<br>for 'pan', 'man', 'sad', 'mad', 'rat' and<br>'cat' on the chalkboard.   | compare it with the person sitting next to them.  |
|                 |  | Repeat with the other pictures.   |
|                 | Make sets of fruit name flash cards<br>and some with the phrases 'is good'<br>and 'is best', for each group. | Now rub out the words and ask<br>them to try to write the words to<br>match the pictures they have drawn. |
|                 |  |   |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 15 Fruit and vegetables Day 2

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| 10 Rhyme minutes   | 25<br>minutes   |  | 10<br>minutes  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |  | Plenary  |
| Whole class teaching   | Group task  |  | Whole class teaching   |
| Say the 'Fruit' rhyme with the pupils.                         | Give out a set of flash cards to each group.  | Ask them to use the flash cards to make a sentence   | Ask if anyone knows the names of any other fruits.                               |
| Ask them: 'Which is your favourite fruit?'                     | Ask each group to look<br>at the names of the fruit   | for each person in the group<br>in turn according to their<br>favourite fruit, eg: 'Orange | Ask them to say the colours<br>of fruits they know, eg:<br>'A banana is yellow.' |
| Encourage them to<br>answer using the sentence<br>'_ is good'. | <ul> <li>and decide which one<br/>each person in the group<br/>likes best.</li> </ul>           | is good, pineapple is best.'<br>Ask the pupils to read                                     | A bundhu is yellow.  |
|  | Tell them to practise asking<br>and answering the question,<br>'Which is your favourite fruit?' | their sentence to the rest<br>of the class.  |  |

|          |  | ninutes in cvc words   |
|----------|--|--|
| ble soup | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds   |
|          | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:                   | Whole class teaching<br>Write the letter 'o' on the chalkboard.          |
|          | Read and write cvc words containing the vowel 'o'.                       | Ask the pupils to join in with you making the sound.                     |
|          | Say and recognise words for some vegetables.                             | Read the 'o' words, sounding out each sound.                             |
|          | Teaching aids  | Do actions for each word and ask pupils to match the action to the word. |
|          | Before the lesson:   | Give each pair a sand tray and ask                                       |
|          | Write: 'o', 'pot', 'cot', 'mop', 'sob'<br>and 'job' on the chalkboard.   | them to practise writing the 'o' words<br>in the sand.                   |
|          | Prepare sand trays for each pair.  | Ask one of them to draw one of the words containing 'o' in the sand      |
|          | Read the rhyme 'Vegetable soup'.   | and the other to guess the word.   |
|          | Collect a selection of vegetables to show to the pupils.                 | Repeat, giving the other pupil a chance to write the word.               |
|          | Make sets of flash cards with the names of different vegetables on them. |  |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

**Term 2** Involving pupils in their learning Vegeta

**Week 15** Fruit and vegetables Day 3

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| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes  | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity  | Plenary   |  |
| Whole class teaching   | Pair task  | Whole class teaching  |  |
| Ask the pupils to say what their favourite soup is.                                      | Tell the pupils that their sand tray is a soup pot.                              | Read the rhyme 'Vegetable soup' again and encourage   |  |
| Ask them the types of<br>vegetables that their mothers<br>usually use in preparing their | Ask them to draw the vegetables in the sand that will make their soup.           | - the pupils to join in with you.<br>Ask them to show you some<br>actions to show the meaning |  |
| favourite soup.  | When they have done  | - of the rhyme.   |  |
| Read the rhyme 'Vegetable<br>soup' and help pupils<br>understand its meaning.            | this, ask each pair to show<br>their soup to the class and<br>say what is in it. |   |  |
| Show them the vegetables<br>and say the names of<br>the vegetables with them.            |  |   |  |
| Show the class the flash cards and read them with the pupils.                            |  |   |  |
| Choose pupils to try to<br>match the flash cards to<br>the correct vegetables.           |  |   |  |

|  |  | Lesson<br>title                   |  | hinutes II in cvc words   |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| olans<br>1<br>g pupils<br>learning<br>d<br>les |  | <section-header></section-header> | Learning outcomes  | Letters and sounds  |
|  |  |                                   | By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:   | Whole class teaching  |
|  |  |                                   |  | Write the letter 'u' on the chalkboard  |
|  |  |                                   | Read and write cvc words containing the vowel 'u'.   | Say the sound with the pupils.  |
|  |  |                                   | Match the names of vegetables to the correct objects or pictures.                                | Read the 'u' words, saying each sound carefully, eg: 'c-u-p is cup'.                  |
|  |  |                                   |  | Tell the pupils to join in.   |
|  |  |                                   | Teaching aids  | Ask if they can see any words that rhyme.   |
|  |  |                                   | Before the lesson:   | Ask each group to come out<br>and choose a flash card to take<br>back to their table. |
|  |  |                                   | Make a set of flash cards with the   |   |
|  |  |                                   | words 'cup', 'bus', 'mum', 'hum',<br>'sum', 'hut' and 'cut' and write them<br>on the chalkboard. | Ask each group to practise an action which shows the meaning of the word.             |
|  |  |                                   | Have ready the vegetables from yesterday.  | Tell each group to show their actio to the rest of the class.                         |
|  |  |                                   | Prepare sand trays for each pair of pupils.  | Ask the class to guess the word.  |
|  |  |                                   | <u> </u>   | Ask pupils to write the words in their exercise books.                                |

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 15 Fruit and vegetables Day 4

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| 10 Game<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes   |  | 10<br>minutes  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Introduction  | Main activity   | Plenary  |  |
| Whole class teaching  | Whole class teaching  | Pair task  | Whole class teaching   |
| Play 'I went to market and<br>I bought' with the class.<br>Ask them to finish the       | Show the pupils different vegetables and say the names in English.  | <ul> <li>Read out the name of<br/>a vegetable and tell the<br/>pupils to write its first letter<br/>in their sand tray.</li> <li>Repeat with the rest of the<br/>vegetables.</li> <li>Ask the pupils to choose<br/>a vegetable and write<br/>its name in the sand tray,<br/>then draw it in their exercise<br/>books and write the name<br/>underneath.</li> </ul> | Ask some pupils to show<br>their pictures and read<br>their words to the rest of<br>the class. |
| sentence with the name of<br>a vegetable or fruit that they<br>could buy in the market. | Show them again and<br>ask if anyone can tell you<br>the local name and/or its  |  |  |
| Encourage them to<br>say different fruits and<br>vegetables.                            | <ul> <li>English name.</li> <li>Ask the class if anyone<br/>can hear which sound</li> <li>the English name of each<br/>vegetable starts with.</li> <li>Write the name of the</li> </ul> |  |  |
| Continue until every pupil<br>has had a turn.   |   |  |  |
|   | vegetables on the<br>chalkboard and read<br>the words.  | While they are doing this,<br>go around the class and<br>read the names of the   |  |
|   | Ask the pupils to come<br>out and underline the first<br>letter of the words.   | vegetables with the pupils.  |  |
|   | Ask them if they can tell you what sound the letters make.  |  |  |

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## Lessor

Literacy lesson plans Primary 1

Term 2 Involving pupils in their learning

Week 15 Fruit and vegetables Day 5

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# Fruit or vegetable?

# Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and write cvc words containing 'a', 'o' or 'u'.

Ask and answer simple questions in English.

**Teaching aids** 

### **Before the lesson:**

Have ready the revision sound flash cards for each group.

Write 'pan', 'sad', 'man', 'pot', 'mop', 'hut' and 'cup' on the chalkboard.

Write the sentence 'A sad man on a bus.' on the chalkboard.

Draw two large circles on the ground. Label one circle 'fruit stall' and one circle 'vegetable soup'.

### **Letters and sounds**

15 minutes **O U** in cvc words

### Whole class teaching

Hold up the revision sound flash cards and tell pupils to join in as you say the sound.

Read the words on the chalkboard, saying each word carefully.

Tell the pupils to join in with you.

Give each group a pack of revision sounds.

Ask them to make some three-letter words with the cards.

Read their words to the rest of the class.

Ask if any of the pupils can read the sentence on the chalkboard.

| 10 Rhyme<br>minutes  | 25<br>minutes   |  | 10 Rhyme<br>minutes   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Introduction   | Main activity   |  | Plenary   |  |
| Whole class teaching   | Whole class teaching  | Pair task  | Whole class teaching  |  |
| Ask the pupils to tell you<br>the name of some fruits and<br>vegetables that they have | Take the pupils outside<br>and ask them to find a long<br>stick they can draw with.   | Tell the pupils to ask<br>each other 'What can you<br>see?' They should answer<br>by finishing the sentence<br>'I can see' | Together, say all the fruit and<br>vegetable rhymes that you<br>learned during the week with<br>the pupils. |  |
| learned this week.   | Tell the class that they are<br>going to fill the 'fruit stall'<br>with fruit and the 'soup pot'<br>with vegetables.<br>Divide them into two groups<br>and ask each group to stand<br>around the edge of one of<br>the circles. |  |   |  |
|  |   | Repeat with the other circle.  |   |  |
|  |   | Ask the class which<br>circle has more – fruits or<br>vegetables?  |   |  |
|  |   |  |   |  |
|  | When you say 'go', the<br>pupils should draw<br>as many different fruits<br>or vegetables as they can<br>inside their circle.   |  |   |  |
|  | After 10 minutes, tell the pupils to stop and bring them together around one circle.  |  |   |  |

### Credits

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### Special thanks go to:

In 2008, Kwara State carried out a Teachers' Development Needs Assessment for all primary school teachers. This showed that most teachers in Kwara State did not have strong literacy and numeracy skills. The Kwara State Government responded by developing a strategy to support existing teachers and improve new teachers' pre-service training.

These literacy and numeracy lesson plans, developed by the Kwara State School Improvement Team, were part of that strategy. Two years after introducing these plans alongside the training and support programme, Kwara State began to see strong improvements in teachers' teaching skills and pupils' learning outcomes. The Honourable Commissioner and staff of the Kwara State Ministry of Education and Human Capital Development, as well as the Kwara State Universal Basic Education Board for their support and valuable input and for agreeing to share these plans with other states.

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Thanks also go to the teachers of Kwara State who have used these plans to bring about change in their classrooms.

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