

Kwara State Government

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International Development

Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning
environment

## Weeks

1—5

## Literacy lesson plans Primary 2 Term 1 <br> Creating an effective learning environment



## Introduction

Quality education is a direct result of the quality of teaching and teachers, more than anything else. Unfortunately, it is in these most critical factors that Kwara State education has suffered the worst setback in recent years.
Reports showing that the majority of children completing the first six years of basic education are unable to read or write have raised serious concerns about the quality of teaching and teachers in our schools.

It was concluded that pupils failed because the teachers' basic education had also failed. In other words, they were all victims of an education system that has collapsed at all levels. Therefore, in seeking to address this serious problem, our intervention is holistic and delivered on a sustained basis.

These lesson plans have been described as a 'cookery book' approach to teacher training. As a teaching manual, they have been designed to provide a step-by-step guide to teachers of literacy and numeracy, while ensuring that children become active learners.

In using these lesson plans, teachers are continuously supported by both the State School Improvement Team and the school support officers who have been trained to provide such support.
I am delighted to note that within a very short time of these lesson plans being introduced into our schools, children's learning abilities have improved considerably. The lesson plans have also made learning and teaching a lot more exciting for both teachers and pupils.

I am confident that these lesson plans will raise standards in our schools and improve the quality of children proceeding to higher levels of education in the near future.

I commend all those who have worked very hard to produce these lesson plans and thank the UK Department for International Development (DFID) for its abiding support to Kwara's education reform through its ESSPIN project.

## Bolaji Abdullahi

Honourable Commissioner for Education,
Science and Technology, Kwara State

## Literacy

 lesson plansPrimary 2

Creating an
effective learning environment

# Introduction <br> Creating an effective learning environment 

Weeks
1-5

An effective learning environment

The school environment has to make pupils feel comfortable, and stimulate their minds for learning to take place. There is plenty you can do to improve the feel of the classroom for your pupils.

1
Teaching methodology

The lesson plans use a large variety of activities. If followed carefully, they will keep the pupils interested, motivated and will support effective learning in a structured way. These methods are designed to involve pupils in their learning and give them the opportunity to learn from each other.

2
Build good relationships
Learn all your pupils' names and use them frequently.
Find out about your pupils' lives and interests by listening to them and asking questions. Greet them individually in the mornings and encourage them to greet and talk to each other.

Tell them about yourself and your family. Pupils love finding out that teachers are 'human' too!

Notice when pupils are unhappy and make an extra effort to be friendly to them. Smile and make learning fun for the pupils.
Praise and encourage pupils for effort and achievement, instead of punishing them for 'laziness' or getting things wrong. Shouting and treating your pupils harshly, or beating them, will affect them emotionally and make them unable to learn.

3
Use classroom space
Arrange the seating in different ways. Look at the photographs in some of the lesson plans to help you think of different ways of working.

U-shaped formations mean all the pupils can see each other and there is a space in the middle for activities.

Pushing tables together means that four or six pupils can sit together.
If there is no space in your classroom, take the pupils outside to play circle games or do activities.

## 4

Display
Displaying pupils' work is motivating and helps them to remember things they have learned. The activities in these lesson plans encourage you to display pupils' work in different ways.

At the start of each week display the key words.

## 5

Teaching aids
There are lots of suggestions in the lesson plans for making low- and no-cost teaching aids. Making these may take some time, but they can be used more than once and can last a long time if they are made carefully.

## Literacy

 lesson plansPrimary 2
Term 1
Creating an
effective learning
environment

Introduction
Songs and stories for the term

Weeks
1—5

|  |  |  |  | Sound story: oi | Sound story: ou | Sound story: ar | Sound story: qu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | 1 | 0 | 15 | Ade could not sleep in his | Two chicks were playing | The farmer has lost his | Ade had a hen which he |
| b | 2 | p | 16 | a noise, so he put oil in | evening. The big chick | She is not on the farm. | she laid six eggs. 'Come |
| c | 3 | q | 17 | his lamp and went outside | noticed the round moon | She has gone far. The | quickly', Ade shouted to |
| d | 4 | $r$ | 18 | window, he found a big | and she called the little | the dark. The farmer is sad. | also came to see. 'Quack, |
| e | 5 | s | 19 | toad croaking 'oi, oi, oi, oi'. | chick to look at it. As they | Suddenly, he hears barking. | quack', they said. |
| f | 6 | t | 20 |  | were watching the moon, there was a loud bang |  |  |
| g | 7 | u | 21 |  | of thunder. The proud mother |  |  |
| h | 8 | v | 22 |  | hen opened her mouth. She shouted at her chicks, |  |  |
| i | 9 | w | 23 |  | 'Out! Out!'. |  |  |
| J | 10 | x | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| k | 11 | Y | 25 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 12 | z | 26 |  |  |  |  |
| m | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| n | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Literacy |
| :--- |
| lesson plans |
| Primary 2 |
| Term 1 |
| Creating an <br> effective learning <br> environment |

## Sound story:

er
Esther went to the river with her friend Peter. They were very excited to watch fishermen catching some fish. One of the fishermen gave them a big fish.

## Sound story:

ue
Abbas and his friends are playing football. The teams wear red and blue. The football is broken. They fix the ball with glue. They use a tissue to clean the ball.

The hokey cokey

Put your right arm in, your right arm out / In out, in out, and shake it all about /
Do the hokey cokey and you turn around, and that's what it's all about / Oh, do the hokey cokey / Oh, do the hokey cokey / Oh, do the hokey cokey / Knees bend, arms stretch, hurrah, hurrah, hurrah.

Put your left arm in..
Put your right leg in...
Put your left leg in...
Put your right hand in...
Put your left hand in...
Put your whole body in...

## Coming to school

1, 2, 3, 4 /
Teacher waiting at the door /
5, 6, 7, 8 /
Run to school and don't be late.

## Weeks <br> 1-5

Head, shoulders, knees and toes

Head, shoulders,
knees and toes, knees and toes /
Head, shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes /
And eyes and ears and mouth and nose / Head, shoulders,
knees and toes, knees and toes. (Touch each part of your body as you sing them)
(Touch head silently), shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes /
(Touch head silently), shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes / And eyes and ears and mouth and nose /
(Touch head silently), shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes.

This is the way I ring
(Touch head silently, touch shoulders silently), knees and toes, knees and toes.
(Continue until all the parts of the body are silent then sing it once through again very fast, with the words).

## the bell

This is the way I ring the bell, ring the bell, ring the bell /
This is the way I ring the bell when I go to school /

This is the way I carry my bag, carry my bag, carry my bag / This is the way I carry my bag, when I go to school.

The yam is in the bag

The yam is in the bag, the yam is in the bag / ee $i$ adieyo, the yam is in the bag /
The rat eats the yam, the rat eats the yam / ee i adieyo, the rat eats the yam /

The cat chased the rat, the cat chased the rat / ee i adieyo, the cat chased the rat /

The cat caught the rat, the cat caught the rat / ee i adieyo, the cat caught the rat.
or
The rat escaped the cat, the rat escaped the cat / ee i adieyo, the rat escaped the cat.

My head, my shoulders

My head, my shoulders, my knees, my toes / (sing three times, pointing to the part of the body mentioned as you sing)

All belong to God. (raise hands up in the air)



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 1

Body parts
Day 1

## My body

| Learning outcomes | ds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Flash some of the revision cards and ask the pupils to say the sounds. |
| Say the sound that the letters 'qu' make in a word. |  |
| Write the letters 'qu'. | Show them the 'qu' flash card, say the sound and ask the class to join you in making the sound. |
| Write words about the body. |  |
| Teaching aids | Ask them to repeat it after you. <br> Explain that 'qu' is a sound in many words in English and that q is never on its own. It is always followed by u. |
|  |  |
| Before the lesson: |  |
| Make flash cards for revision |  |
| sounds and the 'qu' sound | Read the 'qu' words and ask pupils to underline the 'qu' sound in each word. |
| Write the 'qu' words on the chalkboard. |  |
| Write the alphabet code on the chalkboard. | Write 'qu' on the chalkboard and get the pupils to write it in the air and on their partners' backs. |
| Prepare pens and large sheets of paper/newspaper, big enough for the pupils to lie on. | Ask pupils to write one of the 'qu' words and draw a picture to explain it: |

for the pupils to lie on.


Make flash cards for revision sounds and the 'qu' sound.

Write the 'qu' words on the chalkboard.

Write the alphabet code on the chalkboard.

Prepare pens and large sheets

Flash some of the revision cards and ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Show them the 'qu' flash card, say the sound and ask the class to Ask them to repeat it after you.
Explain that 'qu' is a sound in many words in English and that $q$ is

Read the 'qu' words and ask pupils to underline the 'qu' sound in each word.

Write 'qu' on the chalkooara and get the pupis to write it in the ar

Ask pupils to write one of the explain it.

| 10 minutes | Song | 25 minutes | Code |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introd | uction | Main activity |  |  |  |
| Whole | class teaching | Group task |  |  |  |
| Stand circle, and do | the pupils in a sing 'The hokey cokey' the actions. | Explain to the pupils that they are going to work in groups, with each pair of groups doing a different task. |  | Explain that each number represents a letter of the alphabet and they have to try and work out what words you have written by changing the letters into words, eg: ' $3,1,20$ ' becomes 'cat'. | If some of the pupils finish early ask them to write some words they know and change them into code. |
| Ask the pupils to name some body parts in English and write them as a list on the chalkboard as they say them. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Put pu | is into four groups. |  | round so that groups |
|  |  | $\overline{\text { Ask gr }}$ | roups one and two |  | one and two work with you on alphabet codes and |
|  |  | lie on and a round | he newspaper other pupil to draw them. | Give them the following codes to work on:$\begin{aligned} & 14,15,19,5 \\ & 5,25,5,19 \\ & 8,5,1,4 \\ & 12,5,7 \\ & 1,18,13 \end{aligned}$ | groups three and four draw and label a body. |
|  |  | Ask th | em to write a label |  |  |
|  |  | for an | body parts that |  |  |
|  |  | they c on the help th | an, using the words chalkboard to em. |  |  |
|  |  | Work and fo play a using | with groups three ur, helping them to game making words alphabet codes. |  |  |

## Whole class teaching

Ask each group to explain to the rest of the class what they did.

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 1
Body parts
Day 2

My head, my shoulders

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready flash cards of the revision sounds and the 'qu' sound.

Write a list of 'qu' words on the chalkboard.
Write the alphabet code on the chalkboard.

Read Macmillan Primary English
2, page 3.


Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash different revision cards and ask the pupils to say the sounds.

Show them the 'qu' flash card, say the sound and ask them to join you in making the sound.
Read the 'qu' story to the pupils.
Bring two pupils out to role play the story.

Read the 'qu' words with the pupils, clearly emphasising the sounds in each word.

Ask them to draw pictures about the story on a large piece of poper.

Ask the pupils to explain their pictures to the rest of the class.


## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 1
Body parts
Day 3

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Hear different sounds in words.
Write words containing the sound 'qu'.
Hear the number of syllables in words and sentences.

Write their name.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready flash cards of the revision sounds and the 'qu' sound.
Write the alphabet code on the chalkboard.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show the pupils the revision flash cards, asking them to say the sound for each.
Ask if anyone can tell you how many sounds there are in each word that you sound out, eg: qu-i-ck ( 3 sounds), qu-a-ck (3 sounds) s-qu-ee-ze (4 sounds). Ask the class to say them after you.

Help pupils to understand the meaning of the words.
Ask pupils to try and write the words on the pictures they drew yesterday as you sound out the words.

Ask them to show their pictures to the rest of the class.

| 10 minutes | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 25 & \text { Code } \\ \text { minutes } & \end{array}$ |  | $\|$10 <br> minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching | Pair task | Whole class teaching |
| Clap the names of body parts with the pupils, using one clap for each syllable, eg: should-ers (clap-clap), el-bows (clap-clap), nose (clap), eyes (clap). <br> Ask pupils to say and then clap the sentences: <br> 'This is my nose.' <br> 'This is my head.' <br> 'These are my eyes.' <br> 'These are my shoulders.' <br> 'These are my elbows.' <br> 'These are my arms.' | Follow the instructions below to help the pupils write the alphabet code in their exercise books. <br> Give them the numbers to copy and ask them to write the letter of the alphabet next to it, eg: $1=\mathrm{a}, 2=\mathrm{b}$. <br> Demonstrate the first two on the chalkboard to help pupils understand, then ask them to complete it. <br> Ask pupils who finish quickly to write their names using the alphabet and then put their names into the code they have written, eg: Comrade = $3,15,13,18,1,4,5$. | Ask pupils to show each other their code names and write each other's name back into the alphabet. <br> If some pupils have finished this task before the end of the lesson, ask them to write some more words they know for their partner to work out. | Sing 'The hokey cokey' with the class. |

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 1
Body parts
Day 4

## Using our feet

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly point to 'qu' words and ask the pupils to try and read them. |
| Hear and say the sound that the letters 'ar' make in words. |  |
| Recognise words in a story. | Point to the star picture and say 's-t-ar'. Hold up the star flash card. |
| Before the lesson: | Point to 'ar', say the sound and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound. |
| Write the 'qu' words on the | Read and explain the 'ar' words. |
| Write the 'ar' words on the chalkboard. | Sound out each word, stamping each sound, eg: 'f-ar-m-er' ( 4 stamps). |
| Draw a star on one side of a card and write 'ar' on the other. | Read the 'ar' story and ask pupils to wave their hands when they hear the 'ar' sound. |
| Have ready two medium sized balls. | Choose pupils to role play the parts in the story. |

## Introduction

## Whole class teaching

Sit all the pupils in two rows facing each other. If you have too many pupils and too little space to do this, make another pair of rows somewhere else in the classroom.

Give a ball to each row.
Tell them they have to pass the ball along the row to the end, without it falling on the floor. Let them try it.

## Then tell them that they

 have to do the same thing but this time they can only use their feet.If they drop the ball, they
have to pick it up and start again from the person who dropped it.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ,

## Main activity

Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to turn to Macmillan Primary English 2, page 3.
Read the page and ask the class to follow the words as you read.
? -

## Term 1

Creating an effective learning environment

## Week 1

Body parts
Day 5

This is my head, these are my fingers

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Hear, read and write the sound that 'ar' makes in words.

Spell and write the names of body parts.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready flash cards of all the sounds you have been learning.
Have ready the 'ar' flash card.
Write the 'ar' words on the chalkboard.

Prepare two sets of flash cards with the 'ar' words on.
Write these mixed up words on the chalkboard: 'eadh', 'ingerfs', 'ares', 'yees', 'sneo'.

## Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching
Use the flash cards to quickly revise all the sounds.
Write the sound 'ar' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to copy you by writing it in the air, on their desks, etc.

Read the 'ar' words with the pupils.
Ask if anyone can tell you how many sounds there are in each word, eg: b-ar-n (3 sounds).
Ask them to write each word as you sound them out.

Give out the flash cards.
Tell the pupils they must find someone with the same card as theirs.

Ask pupils to read their cards to the class.


Week
2
People and places


## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 2

People and places Day 1

## What are you doing?

## Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Say the sound that the letters 'oi' make in a word.

Form and read simple sentences using continuous action.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready all the sound flash cards.

Make a flash card 'oi'.
Write the 'oi' words on the chalkboard.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Quickly show the pupils flash cards of all the sounds they have learned and ask them to say the sound of each.
Show them the 'oi' flash card, say the sound and ask them to join you in making the sound.
Read the 'oi' words and draw pictures or do actions to explain them.
Ask pupils to underline the 'oi' sound in the words and then say the words with them.
Point to a picture or do an action and ask the pupils to say the word.

Ask pupils to write some of the 'oi' words in their exercise books.


10 minutes

## Plenary

Whole class teaching
Let each group read what they have written.
lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 2
People and places Day 2

## Simbi at home

| Learning outcomes | s and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly show the pupils the sound flash cards and ask them to say the sound for each. |
| Say the sound that the letters 'oi' make in a word. |  |
| Recognise the sound 'oi' in a word. | Read the 'oi' words with the pupils, clearly emphasising the sounds in each word, eg: b -oi-l ( 3 sounds), t -oi-l-e-t ( 5 sounds) and ask them to say them after you. |
| Say simple sentences about a picture. |  |
| Teaching aids | Ask if anyone can tell you how many sounds there are in each word that you sound out. |
| Before the lesson: | Read the 'oi' story. |
| Write a list of words containing the letter combination 'oi' on the chalkboard. | Read it again and ask pupils to stand up when they hear the sound 'oi'. |
| Read Macmillan Primary English <br> 2, page 5 and check you can read it easily. | Bring two pupils out to role play the story. |
|  | Ask the class to draw a picture of the story. |


| $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 & \text { Macmillan } \\ \text { minutes } & \text { Primary English } 2 \end{array}$ | 25 minutes | Macmillan <br> Primary English 2 |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}\right.$ | Song |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  |  | Plena |  |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |  |  | Pair task | Who | class teaching |
| Read the story 'Simbi at home' in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 5. | Tell the pupils to open Macmillan Primary English 2, page 5. |  | Ask the question: <br> 'What is Simbi doing?' <br> Encourage pupils to answer: | Ask the pupils to try and read the story in pairs. | Sing 'T <br> all toge | he hokey cokey' ther. |
| Read it again and ask the pupils if they can tell you anything about the story, either in English or their local language. | Ask them to say words or sentences about the picture. |  | 'Simbi is sitting'. <br> Write some key words from the story on the chalkboard, eg: 'basket', 'pink', 'bag', 'mangoes', 'orange'. <br> Ask if any of the pupils can tell you their meaning. <br> Ask them to find sentences in the story that contain those words. |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

> Week 2
> People and places Day 3

## Simbi at home

| Learning outcomes | d sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Quickly show the pupils the sound flash cards and ask them to say the sound for each. |
| Hear the sound the letters 'oi' make in words. |  |
| Write words containing the sound 'oi. | Read the 'oi' story with the pupils. Choose pupils to come and put a circle around the 'oi' words. |
| Make up simple sentences. |  |
| Read simple sentences in English. | Read the 'oi' words with the pupils, clearly emphasising the sounds in each word, eg: b-oi-I (3 sounds) and ask them to say them after you. |
| Teaching aids |  |
| Before the lesson: | Ask the pupils to try and write the words in their exercise books as you sound out the words. |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. |  |
| Write the 'oi' story on the | Read the 'oi' story again. |
| Make flash cards with the list of words in the introduction. | Ask the pupils to write 'oi' words on the pictures they drew yesterday. |
| Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 5. |  |


| 10 minutes |  |  | Macmillan Primary English 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  |  |
| Group task |  | Pair task |  | Whole class teaching |
| Spread flash cards with the following words on the table: <br> jumping <br> skipping <br> running <br> dancing <br> sitting <br> looking <br> walking | Ask the groups to check they understand the word and then prepare a mime all together that shows the action. <br> Ask the other groups to guess the word and then mime their own word for the rest of the class. | Ask th <br> Macm <br> 2, pag pictur 5 min <br> Ask th can tell the pi words | pupils to open Ilan Primary English 5 and look at the with a partner for tes. <br> pupils if anyone you anything about ture, either in single or sentences. | Read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 5 and ask pupils to listen for any of the things they said about the picture. <br> Ask if anyone can read any of the words or sentences that you have written on the chalkboard. |
| Pick one and mime the action written on the card. <br> Ask the pupils to guess the action. |  | Write sente board you w | heir words and ces on the chalkreading them as te. | Ask the pupils to read the story alone and then with a partner. |
| Ask a person from each group to come out and pick a word. |  |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 2
People and places Day 4

## Simbi at home

| $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Song |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  | Plenary |  |
| Group task | Group task |  | Whole class teaching |  |
| Write the word 'tortoise' on the chalkboard. | Ask the pupils in each group to read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 5. |  | Sing 'Head, shoulders, knees and toes' with the whole class. |  |
| Ask the pupils to look at the letters and make as |  |  |  |  |
| many words as they can using only those letters. | Ask pupils to find objects to represent things in the story. |  |  |  |
| Give them an example: 'sit'. |  |  |  |  |
| After 10 minutes ask each group to say how many words they have made. | Ask each group to choose one person to be Simbi and to remake the picture in the textbook, using themselves and the objects. |  |  |  |
| See which group has the |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ask the other groups to ask questions about the 'picture'. |  |  |  |
|  | Let each group have a turn at showing their 'picture' and answering questions. |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 2

People and places Day 5



| Letters/sounds | Words/phrases | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 'er' <br> sister <br> herself <br> silver <br> letter <br> river <br> thunderstorm <br> afternoon <br> under <br> corner <br> number <br> finger <br> singer <br> 'ue' <br> due <br> fuel <br> rescue <br> glue <br> blue <br> true <br> value <br> tissue | headmaster classrooms bell ringing map Nigeria office teacher books standing <br> Where are __? <br> Who are __? <br> What are they doing? | During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea. |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 3

People and places Day 1


| 10 Macmillan <br> minutes Primary English 2 | 25 minutes | Macmillan <br> Primary English 2 | 10 Macmillan <br> minutes Primary English 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Group work | Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 9 and tell you in their local language what they can see. <br> Ask them these questions in English: <br> 'Where are the people?' <br> 'Who are the people?' <br> 'What are they doing?' | Ask each group to prepare a role play of the scene, showing what everybody might be saying and doing. <br> Tell them they can talk in their local language, and also use any English words they might know. <br> Ask each group to show their role play to the rest of the class. | Read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 9 to the class. <br> Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'office', 'Nigeria', 'ringing', 'teacher', 'classrooms'. <br> Ask the pupils to say what they understand by each word. <br> Ask them to point to the head teacher's office, the map of Nigeria and demonstrate ringing the bell. | Read the story again and ask the pupils to listen for the words you have mentioned. |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 3
People and places
Day 2

## Simbi at school

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Use the flash cards to quickly |
| Recognise and write the sound 'er' in words. | revise all the sounds. |
|  | Show the 'er' flash card, say the sound and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound. |
| Read a simple story in English. |  |
| Make simple sentences about the story. |  |
|  | Read the 'er' words and ask the pupils to join in. |
| Teaching aids | Sound out each word, stamping each sound, eg: ‘s-i-s-t-er’ ( 5 stamps). |
| Before the lesson: | Write the sound 'er' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to copy you by writing it in the air, on their desks, etc. |
| Have the sound flash cards ready. |  |
| Write the 'er' words on the chalkboard. |  |
|  | Read the 'er' story. |
|  | Ask pupils to write words from the story on the picture they drew yesterday. |



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 3

People and places Day 3

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Hear and write the sound 'er' in words.

Listen to and read a simple story in English.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready the sound flash cards.
Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'Nigeria', 'classroom', 'bell', 'ringing', 'standing', 'teacher', 'books', 'headmaster'.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 9 so you can read it easily.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Play the sound flash card game.
Read the 'er' words with the pupils, stamping the sounds in each word, eg: ‘s-i-s-t-er’ (5 sounds), 'c-or-n-er' (4 sounds).

Ask pupils to say words after you and tell you how many sounds they can hear.

Ask them to write each word as you sound them out.
Read the 'er' story.
Ask some pupils to take on the different roles in the story and act it out for the class.
Ask pairs of pupils to say three 'er' words they have learned.

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole | class teaching | Individual task | Pair task |
| Sit the pupils in a circle and go round the circle, asking each pupil in turn | Ask th read th written | pupils to help you e words you have on the chalkboard. | Ask the pupils to draw a picture of the school and label it using the words | Ask the pupils to share their pictures with a partner, reading the labels to |
| to tell you something they like about school. | $\overline{\text { Ask th }}$ any ot know about | m to tell you er words they in English that are school. | on the chalkboard. <br> While they are doing this, go around the class and ask as many individual | each other. |
|  | Add th list on they s | ose words to the the chalkboard as y them. | pupils as possible to read the story to you. |  |
|  | Read Primar | he story in Macmilla y English 2, page 9. |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 3

People and places Day 4

## Simbi at school



| $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}\right\| \text { Song }$ | 25 <br> minutes | Macmillan <br> Primary English 2 |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |  | Pair task | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils to sing the song 'This is the way I ring the bell'. | Ask everyone to write down six words from the story about school that you read on Day 3. |  | Ask the pupils to read the story in pairs, helping each other with the difficult words, and then ask and answer the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 10. | Ask the pupils to say sentences about what they can see in the classroom. |
| Ask them to make up other verses by completing the sentence 'This is the way I _-' | $\begin{aligned} & \text { on Day } \\ & \hline \text { Read t } \\ & \text { Macm } \\ & 2, \text { pag } \\ & \text { look ar } \\ & \hline \text { Ask th } \\ & \text { the wo } \\ & \text { written } \\ & \text { with a } \\ & \text { hear th } \end{aligned}$ | 3. <br> e story in lan Primary English 9 while the pupils d listen. <br> m to listen for ds they have and cover them counter when they em. | words, and then ask and answer the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 10. <br> While they are doing this move around the classroom and ask individual pupils to read the story to you. Choose those pupils who you did not have time to read with on Day 3. |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 3
People and places Day 5

Lesson
title

## Simbi

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, mos | Whole class teaching |
| Recognise the sound 'ue' in a word. | Put the sound flash cards on the floor and gather the pupils in a circle around them. |
| Read and write some 'ue' words. | Say a sound and ask pupils to find the correct card. |
| Write words by listening to the sounds. |  |
| Say words and sentences about a character in a story. | Read the 'ue' story to the pupils and ask them to listen for the 'ue' sound. |
| Teaching aids | Ask some pupils to role play the story. |
| Before the lesson: | Read the 'ue' words with the pupils, clearly emphasising the sounds in each word, eg: g-l-ue (3 sounds), f-ue-l (3), t-i-ss-ue (4). |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. |  |
| Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 9. | Ask them to write each word in their exercise books as you sound them out. |


| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Individual task | Whole class teaching |
| Ask the pupils to tell you anything they know about Simbi. | Ask pupils to draw a picture of Simbi in their exercise books. | Ask each pupil to show their pictures of Simbi and read their sentence to |
| Write their ideas on the chalkboard. | Ask them to choose one of the sentences about Simbi that you have written on the chalkboard and copy it underneath the picture. | the class. Help pupils that are finding it difficult. |
|  | Tell them that they will be asked to read the sentence they have chosen to the class. |  |
|  | While the pupils are completing this task, go around the class and ask individual pupils to read the story to you. |  |




Literacy
lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 4
Numbers
Day 1

## Counting objects

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Use the flash cards to quickly revise all the sounds. |
| Recognise and say the sound 'ou'. |  |
| Use numbers confidently. | Show the class the 'ou' flash card, say the sound and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound. |
| Teaching aids |  |
| Before the lesson: | Read the 'ou' words, explain their meaning and ask pupils to underline the 'ou' sound. |
| Have ready the sound |  |
| flash cards. | Sound out the words and stamp each sound, eg: 'c-l-ou-d' (4 sounds). |
| Write the 'ou' words on the chalkboard. |  |
| Have ready a large square, triangle and circle. | Ask the pupils to join in. |
|  | Read the 'ou' story. |
| Write a list of objects on the chalkboard that the pupils | Ask groups of three to role play the story. |
| can easily count eg: trees, buildings, birds. | Choose some groups to act out the story for the class. |


lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 4
Numbers
Day 2

## The face



By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read and write words with the 'ou' sound.

Write simple sentences in English.

## Teaching aids

Before the lesson:
Have ready flash cards with the sounds you have been learning.
Write the 'ou' sounds and pictures on the chalkboard.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 4.

Draw a face on the chalkboard with eyes, a nose, mouth, ears and hair.

Write the numbers one to ten in words on the chalkboard.

15
minutes

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the cards with the sounds you have learned and ask the pupils to say them.

Read the 'ou' story and ask the pupils to stand up when they hear the 'ou' sound.

Write the sound 'ou' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to copy you by writing it in the air, on their desks, etc.
Read the 'ou' words with the pupils, sounding them out carefully.
Ask pupils to draw a picture about the story.

Ask them to write five 'ou' words around the picture.

| 10 minutes | Song | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { minutes }\end{aligned}\right.$ | Game |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction |  | Main activity |  | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching |  | Whole class teaching | Pair task | Whole class teaching |  |
| Lead the class in singing 'My head, my shoulders', making sure that they point to those parts of their body as they sing. |  | Explain that they will be looking at parts of the face today. | Ask pupils to look at Macmillan Primary English 2, page 4, exercise 8. | Play the game 'Simon says'. <br> Make sure that each of your commands asks the class to do something with the body parts they have used in the lesson, eg: 'Simon says touch your nose'. |  |
|  |  | Show them the picture on the chalkboard. | Read the sentences, with the pupils following in their books. |  |  |
|  |  | Tell them the name of each part of the face and |  |  |  |
|  |  | ask them to say the words with you. | Ask the pupils to take it in turns to read the sentences to each other, filling in the gaps. | Include at least one command asking them to count, eg: ‘Simon says use your mouths to count from one to five'. |  |
|  |  | Ask a pupil to stand up and show the class his or her eyes. | Ask pairs to write two sentences using the numbers on the chalkboard and completing the starting phrase, 'My face has __,' eg: My face has two eyes. |  |  |
|  |  | Repeat with the other parts of the face. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ask how many parts of the face they have learned the words for. | eg: My face has two eyes. <br> Ask some pairs to share their best sentence with the class. |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 4
Numbers
Day 3

## 'The Salami's on Saturdays'

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Use the flash cards to quickly |
| Recognise and spell words with the 'ou' sound. | revise all the sounds. |
|  | Read the 'ou' story to the pupils. |
| Know some everyday action words. | Bring two pupils out to role play |
| Know the word 'verb'. | the |
| Teaching aids | Read the 'ou' words with the pupils, emphasising the sounds in each word, eg: ' $\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{ou}-\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{d}$ (4 sounds). |
| Before the lesson: | Ask them to say the words after |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. | you and tell you the number of |
| Write the 'ou' words on the chalkboard. | sounds in each. |
| Read Macmillan Primary English | you sound it out. |
| 2, page 12. | Read the story again and ask the pupils to point to the 'ou' words from the story that are on the chalkboard. |


| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 |  |  | 10 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  |  | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |  |  | Pair task | Whole class teaching |  |
| Tell the class what jobs you do at home, or what you did when you were a child. | Let the pupils look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 12 for about 30 seconds, then tell them to close their books. |  | Write the pupils' ideas on the chalkboard for them to look at. | Ask the pupils to talk about the story together and draw one thing that they heard in the story. | Read out Macmillan Primary English 2, page 13, question a. Tell the pupils that the answer is either 'yes' or 'no'. |  |
| Ask the pupils to tell a partner five jobs that they |  |  | Read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 12 to the pupils and ask them to listen for the jobs that Ali does. |  | Ask them to stand up if they think the answer is 'yes' and stay seated if they think it is ' no '. |  |
| do at home. | Ask them to tell their partner three things they saw in the picture. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Say different tasks and ask pupils to stand |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| up and mime them, eg: washing, sweeping. | Ask them questions about what they have seen taking place, eg: 'What is Simbi doing?' 'What is his brother doing?' |  | Read it again. This time, each time you come to an action show pupils the action, eg: for 'She is carrying two bags', act as if you are carrying two heavy bags. |  | Read the question out again, and count out loud in English the number of pupils standing up. |  |
| Ask if anyone does jobs at home that you |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| haven't mentioned. |  |  | Congratulate those who were right. |  |  |  |
| Remind them that all of the action words are called verbs. |  |  | Read the story a third time and encourage pupils to do the actions with you. |  |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 4

Numbers
Day 4

## 'The Salami's on Saturdays'



By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read and write words with the 'ou’ sound.

Read numbers in words.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Have ready sound and $0-9$ flash cards.

Place the 'ou' flash cards around the room.
Write 'The mouse is in the house.' on the chalkboard.

Have one counter for each pupil.
Write numbers $0-9$ in words on flash cards and on the chalkboard.

## Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Flash the cards with the sounds you have learned and ask the pupils to say them.

Write 'ou' and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound.
Ask pairs to look around the room and find an 'ou' word.
Tell them to read the words to the class and praise their efforts.

Ask if anyone can read the sentence on the chalkboard.
Read it with the pupils and explain its meaning

Ask a pupil to underline the 'ou' words in the sentence.

Ask them to copy the sentence and draw a picture.

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

Week 4
Numbers
Day 5

## 'The Salami's on Saturdays'

| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| :---: | :---: |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |
|  | Gather the pupils around you. |
| Read and write some words with the 'ou' sound. | Put the flash cards on the floor so that the pupils can see the words. |
| Order words to make sentences. |  |
| Read a simple story in English. | Say a word and ask a pupil to find it. |
| Teaching aids | Repeat until they have all had a turn. |
|  | Let some pupils say a word for the others to find. |
| Have sets of flash cards with 'er', 'ue' and 'ou' words on. | Write 'ou' on the chalkboard. Say the sound with the pupils. |
| Write on the chalkboard: <br> 'm _ _ th, cl _ _ d, h _ _se, | Tell the pupils to write it in the air, on their backs and on their desks. |
| r $\quad$ _ $n d$ '. | Ask the pupils to copy the words from the chalkboard and put in the missing letters. |
|  | Ask them to draw a picture to explain each word. |


| 10 | Macmillan |
| :--- | :--- |
| minutes | Primary English 2 | learn how to spell them.

Ask pupils to close their books and give them 5 minutes to write as many number words as they can, from zero to ten.

Ask them to say how many they have written. Write the words on the chalkboard for pupils to check.

25 Macmillan minutes Primary English 2


Whole class teaching
Tell the class that they are going to write number words from zero to ten with you.
Ask pupils to look at the numbers in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 8 for 2 minutes, trying to

Ask the pupils to tell you as many action words (verbs) as they can remember which appear in the story 'The Salami's on Saturdays'.
Write the list of verbs on the chalkboard.

Whole class teaching

## Main activity

Write the following sentences with the words in the wrong order on the chalkboard and ask pupils to try and write them in the correct order in their exercise books:
Simbi grass cutting is the.'
'two bags red Mrs Salami carrying is.
'room Simbi cleans her.' 'her plays ball she with.' 'to market she goes the.

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to role play an action and ask the rest of the class to say what they are doing.



## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 5

Letters and words Day 1

## Learning about the alphabet

minutes

Letters and sounds

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Write down simple words.
Know some simple CVC words.
Identify vowels in a word.
Read a simple story in English.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Write these sentences on the chalkboard:
'He shouts at me.'
'She is sad.'
'Let me in the house.'
'We run fast.'
'The dog needs to be fed.'
Have ready a piece of paper for each group.


## Whole class teaching

Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'we', 'me', 'he', 'be', 'she'.

Read the words while the pupils look and listen.

Tell the pupils how to make the sound 'e' in these words.

Read each sentence and use role play to explain what it means.

Ask the pupils to underline the 'e' words.
Divide the class into groups. Give each group a different sentence to copy on the paper.
Ask each group to draw a picture to explain their sentence.
Tell each group to read their sentence to the rest of the class and show their picture.

| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 |  | 10 minutes | Rhyme |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |  |
| Whole class teaching |  |  | Group task | Whole | class teaching |
| Ask pupils if they can remember how many letters are in the alphabet. | Ask five pupils to come to the front of the class. |  | Give each group one vowel and ask them to write down as many words as they know which contain that letter. | Say the rhyme 'Coming to school' with the pupils |  |
| Lead them in writing each letter as large as possible | Ask each one to use their body to make the shape of a vowel: a, e, i, o, u. |  |  |  |  |
| in the air using their: <br> right hands for a-f <br> left hands for g —l <br> right feet for $\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{q}$ <br> left feet for $r$ - $v$ <br> heads for $w$ - $z$ | Point to the vowels in turn and say the sounds. Ask the class to say the sounds with you. |  | Tell them to look at the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 12, to help them start. <br> Ask each group to choose two words and make a simple sentence with each. |  |  |
| Tell the class that, out of the 26 letters of the alphabet, there are five special ones. |  |  | simple sentence with each. <br> While they are doing this move around the classroom and read the story |  |  |
| Ask if anyone knows which letters are the vowels. |  |  | in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 12, 'The Salami's on Saturdays' with each group. |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 5

Letters and words
Day 2

## Using vowels

|  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 15 & \text { we me he be she } \\ \text { minutes } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Group task |
| Form and read sentences with the words: 'we', 'me', 'he', 'be', 'she'. | 'be', 'she' on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to say the words with you. |
| Make some CVC words. Teaching aids | Give each group a different picture from the one they drew themselves on Day 1. |
|  | Try not to let the other groups see the picture. |
| Before the lesson: | Ask the groups to read |
| Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'we', 'me', 'he', 'be', 'she'. | sentence by the picture and practise a role play for the sentence. |
| Have ready the pictures the pupils drew yesterday. | Ask each group to do their role play. |
| Write the sentences from Day 1 on the chalkboard. | Ask other pupils to guess the sentence they think the role |
| Make a flash card like the one opposite for each group and draw a copy on the chalkboard. | play is about. |


| 10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| minutes |$|$| 25 |
| :--- |
| minute |

## Introduction

## Whole class teaching

Ask pupils how many vowels they learned yesterday.

Ask if anyone can remember all of the vowels.

Group task
Show the class the table on the chalkboard.
Show them how they can make a word by drawing lines between the letters as in the diagram on the right.

Give each group their own flash card.

Ask them to use it to make as many words as they can.

## Group task

Ask pupils to write six words they have made in their exercise books, then read them to someone in their group.

Remind them that not every combination will make a word.

While they are doing this move around the classroom and read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 12, 'The Salami's on Saturdays' with each group.

Macmillan
Primary English 2

10
minutes

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask each group to say how many words they made and read some out for everyone to hear.


Making words


## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 5

Letters and words Day 3

## Spelling threeletter words

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & \text { minutes } \end{aligned}$ |  | \| we me he be she |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Learning outcomes | Letters and sounds |  |  |
| By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: | Whole class teaching |  |  |
|  | Take the pupils outside and as them to stand in groups. |  |  |
| confidently. | Hold up a sound flash card an ask the first group to say it. |  |  |
| Write simple sentences containing three-letter words. |  |  |  |
| Read a simple story in English. | If the group is correct, they keep the card. If not, tell them the sound and put it to the back of the pile. |  |  |
| Teaching aids | Repeat with the other groups. |  |  |
|  | The group with the most cards wins. |  |  |
| Before the lesson: | Quickly show the word flash cards and ask the pupils to say the words loudly and then quietly. |  |  |
| Make flash cards for the words 'we', 'me', 'he', 'be' and 'she'. |  |  |  |
| Have ready the sound flash cards. | Read the sentences from Day |  |  |
| Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 16. | Read them again slowly and ask the pupils to write them in their exercise books. |  |  |


| 10  <br> minutes Game | 25 Macmillan <br> minutes Primary English 2 |  |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |  | Pair task | Whole class teaching |
| Play 'Hangman' on the chalkboard, using only three-letter words. | Tell the class that they will listen to a story that contains some three-letter words with vowels in the middle. | Each time a pupil puts their hand up, ask which three-letter word they have heard. | Ask the pupils to count the number of three-letter words in the story. | Ask pairs to read their sentence with the class. |
| Write the vowels on the chalkboard and tell pupils that they should choose one of those letters first as one of them is in almost every word in the English language. | Ask pupils to listen carefully and read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 16. <br> Ask them to follow the story while you read it. | have heard. <br> Ask them the question: 'Does that word have a vowel in the middle?' | Ask them to choose a three-letter word and count how many times it is used in the story. <br> Ask pupils to choose one of the three-letter words and make a sentence |  |
| Play again. | Read the story again, slowly and clearly. Tell the class that this time, if you read a three-letter word, they should put their hand up. |  | containing that word. <br> While they are doing this, move around the pairs and read the story with as many of them as possible. |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 5

Letters and words Day 4

## Simbi's bedroom



| 10 minutes | 25 minutes | Macmillan Primary English 2 |  | 10 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Introduction | Main activity |  |  | Plenary |
| Whole class teaching | Whole class teaching |  | Individual task | Pair task |
| Ask pairs to tell one another what the place where they sleep is like. | Ask pupils to look at Macmillan Primary English 2 , page 16 and say what they can see. |  | Ask pupils to draw the place where they sleep in their exercise books. | Ask pupils to show one another their drawings and labels. |
| Ask them to say at least five things that are in that place in English. | Write these words on the chalkboard. |  | Ask them to use the words on the chalkboard to label objects in their picture. | Ask them to check each other's work. |
|  | Explain that this is where Simbi sleeps - it is her bedroom. |  | While they are doing this, move around the classroom and read the story with pairs of pupils. | Ask if they can add one more word to their partner's drawing. |
|  | Read ask th words | upils the story and $m$ to listen for the on the chalkboard. |  |  |

## Literacy

lesson plans
Primary 2

## Term 1

Creating an
effective learning environment

## Week 5

Letters and words Day 5

## Numbers



By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:
Read and write sentences with 'e' words.

Write the numbers $1-10$ in words.

## Teaching aids

## Before the lesson:

Prepare two blank cards for each pair of pupils.

## Write:

'He shouts at me.'
'Let me in the house.'
'She is sad.'
Have ready Day 4's alphabet cards, 10 pieces of card and if possible crayons.
Draw the numbers 1-10 on the chalkboard and write each number in words.

Letters and sounds

## Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to read the sentences on the chalkboard with you, then clean the chalkboard.

Dictate the sentences to the pupils and ask them to write them down.

Write 'ar' and 'er' on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to tell you words which have these sounds in them. Write their ideas on the chalkboard.

Give each pair the blank cards.
Ask them to write 'ar' and 'er' on the cards.

Ask pupils to use their alphabet cards to make words containing the sounds 'ar' and 'er'.

Ask them to share these with the rest of the class.

Introduction

Whole class teaching
Take the class outside and ask them to stand in a circle.

Explain that they will walk around in the space and you will call out a number between one and ten.

When you call out a number, the pupils must arrange themselves in a group of that number.
Any pupils who cannot be in a group should stand with you.
Each time the pupils have made groups, lead them in drawing the number in the air as large as possible.

## Main activity

## Group task

Take the class back inside.
Give each group a sheet of paper and a number between one and ten. Ask them to draw their number in the middle of the piece of card or paper.

If no pupils feel confident in writing the number in words, you lead them.
Write each number in words in the air several times. Call out different numbers.
The last number you call out should put the class into groups.
Tell the pupils that they will now be working in those groups.
Then ask if any pupils can write the number in words in the air. If they can, ask them to lead the class in writing the number's name. out should

## Plenary

## Whole class teaching

Ask each group to show their card to the class.

Ask each group in turn to lead the class in writing their number in the air.

Display the numbers around the classroom.

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