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Type of lesson plans/ Grade

Term/ Learning theme

Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Weeks

21-25

Literacy lesson plans
Primary 2 Term 3
Asking questions

This is the fifth in a series of six literacy lesson plan publications, designed to be used throughout the three academic school terms.







Teaching and learning processes in Kwara State have improved as a result of the introduction of the new lesson plans developed by the State School Improvement Team (SSIT). The recent improvement in the quality of education in Kwara is a direct function of quality teaching.

Evidence of improved teaching quality includes an increase in the number of pupils completing basic education and a general improvement in literacy and numeracy levels.

Teachers in Kwara have experienced tremendous professional improvements through training and refresher programmes on the new lesson plans, facilitated by SSIT and school support officers (SSOs).

These lesson plans, designed and edited by Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN), have become Kwara teachers' classroom companion. As teaching manuals, the lesson plans have been designed to provide a step-by-step guide in the teaching of literacy and numeracy. The lesson plans promote more collaborative, interactive, participatory and reflective learning to encourage children to become active learners.

I am sure that continuous use of these lesson plans by teachers will raise the standard of our education in Kwara State and also assist in consolidating the new administration's education reform.

I therefore appreciate
the contribution of the
UK Department for
International Development
(DFID), through ESSPIN,
in designing, editing and
producing the lesson plans.

Alhaji Saka Onimago
Honourable Commissioner
for Education and Human
Capital Development,
Kwara State

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The Executive Chairman
of the State Universal
Education Board

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Introduction Asking questions

Weeks

21—25





Questioning is a very useful way to find out what pupils already know and whether they understand what they are learning. It is also a strategy to measure how successful your teaching is.

When you use questioning as part of your teaching, you are involving pupils in their learning, and giving them immediate feedback. This is a good way to develop motivation.

Pupil participation

Ask pupils to discuss questions in pairs or small groups. This is a good way to get the whole class talking. It gives pupils the chance to explain their thinking.

Explain to your class that the question is for them to discuss in a pair or a group. Tell them they have 2—3 minutes to discuss it. Ask the question and walk around the class listening to the pupils talk. You can then ask further questions to extend their thinking or help their understanding.

Thinking time

It is really important that when you ask pupils questions you count to 15 in your head before you choose someone to answer. This gives all pupils the chance to think of something to say, not just the 'quick thinkers'.

When asking questions remember to choose pupils from different areas of the classroom – choose pupils who do not have their hand up and choose pupils whose understanding you want to check.

Different questions

The main types of questions are 'closed' questions and 'open' questions. When you ask closed questions there will only be one answer, eg: 'What is 3 x 4?', 'What colour is the dog in the story?'. It is easier to ask closed questions. An open question is one that has many answers, eg: 'What do you think Hassan likes doing on a Saturday?' Asking open questions makes children think of different ideas.



Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Introduction Stories, songs, rhymes and teaching aids for the term

Weeks

21-25





The goat is hurt.
She has burned her fur.
'Ur, ur, ur', she sobs.
She turns and turns.
She curls up tight.
'Ur, ur, ur', she sobs.

Tortoise and the wisdom pot story

Tortoise was very wise.
He knew a lot but he wanted to know everything. He wanted all the wisdom in the world. He said, 'I will take all the wisdom and put it in a big pot. I will hide the pot at the top of a tree. It will all be mine'.

Tortoise asked Monkey, 'How do you climb?' Monkey told him. Tortoise put the wisdom in his pot.

He asked Bee, 'How do you make honey?' Bee told him. So Tortoise put the wisdom in his pot.

Then he asked Bird, 'How do you fly?' Bird told him. Tortoise put this wisdom in his pot as well. What do you think Tortoise will do with all his wisdom?

Mother Hen story

One day Mother Hen found a bag of flour. She asked, 'Who will make some bread?'
Mouse said, 'I will not'. 'Very well then, I will make the bread', said Mother Hen. She mixed the flour and water.

Mother Hen asked, 'Who will make a fire to bake the bread?'
Hare said, 'I will not'.
'Very well then, I will make the fire', said Mother Hen. She lit the fire and baked the bread.

Mother Hen asked, 'Who will set the table?'
Dog said, 'I will not'.
'Very well then, I will set the table', said Mother Hen.
She put the plates and the bread on the table.

Mother Hen asked,
'Who will eat this bread?'
'I will', said Mouse.
'I will', said Hare.
'I will', said Dog.
'Oh, no, you will not',
said Mother Hen.
And away she ran
with the bread. She ate

all the bread herself.

Why does the cat always chase the rat? story

A long time ago, the Lion Emperor called all the animals to his birthday party. He asked them to have a race across the river.

All the animals jumped into the water. The cat and the rat could not swim. They asked the ox to help them cross the river. They climbed on to the ox's back. Before they had crossed the river, the rat pushed the cat into the water. The cat spent the whole day getting to the land. By the time he had arrived, the race was over.

The cat was very angry.
The cat is still chasing the rat today. The cat wants to know why the rat pushed him into the water!



Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Weeks 21—25

The yam is in the bag song

The yam is in the bag, The yam is in the bag / Ee i adieyo, the yam is in the bag /

The rat eats the yam, The rat eats the yam / Ee i adieyo, the rat eats the yam /

The cat chased the rat, The cat chased the rat / Ee i adieyo, the cat chased the rat /

The cat caught the rat,
The cat caught the rat /
Ee i adieyo, the cat caught
the rat /

or

The rat escaped the cat, The rat escaped the cat / Ee i adieyo, the rat escaped the cat.

This is the way we hoe the field song

This is the way we hoe the field,
Hoe the field, hoe the field /
This is the way we hoe the field
So early in the morning /

This is the way we sow the seed, Sow the seed, sow the seed / This is the way we sow the seed So early in the morning /

This is the way we harvest our beans,
Harvest our beans, harvest our beans /
This is the way we harvest our beans
So early in the morning.

If you're happy and you know it song

If you're happy and you know it, clap your hands (clap, clap) /

If you're happy and you know it, clap your hands (clap, clap) /

If you're happy and you know it and you really want to show it. /

If you're happy and you know it, clap your hands (clap, clap) /

The clapping rhyme

(Pupils stand in a circle and do the actions)

Clap in, clap out / Clap up, clap down / Clap over, clap under / Clap all around.





Present and past tense

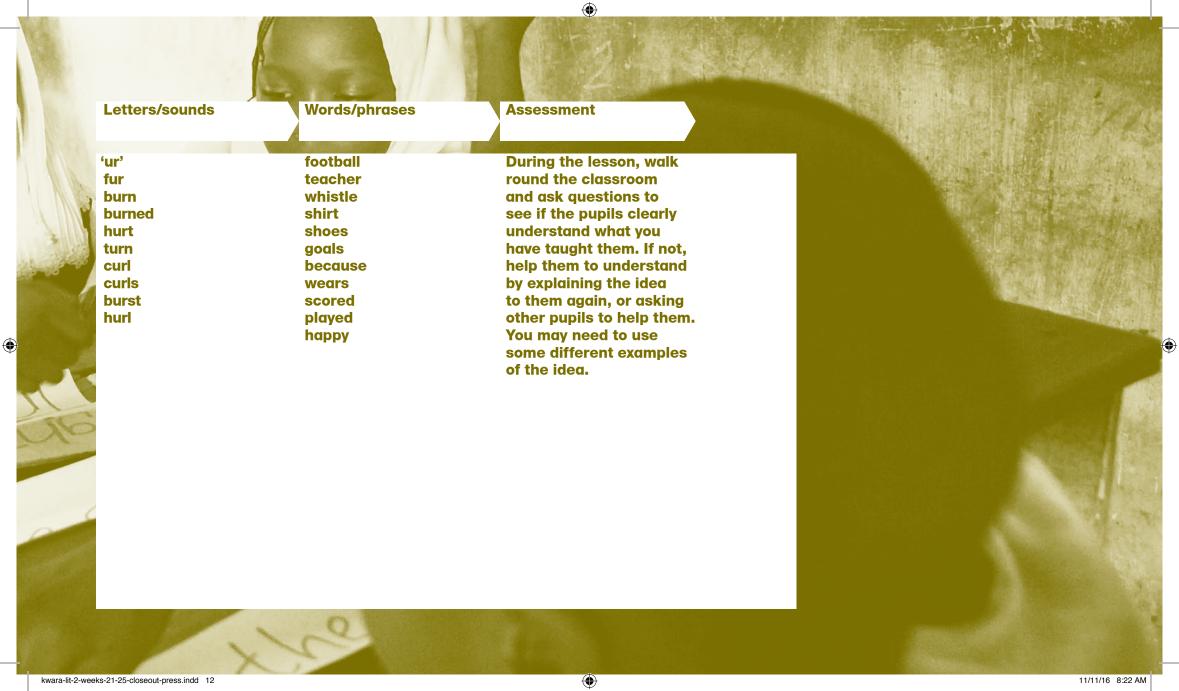
Today	Yesterday
I play football.	l played football.
I work hard.	I worked hard.
I help Mummy.	I helped Mummy.
I clean the pots.	I cleaned the pots.
I walk to school.	I walked to school.

Regular and irregular verbs

Regular verbs	Irregular verbs
talk → talked	go → went
touch → touched	run → ran
jump → jumped	am → was
point → pointed	wear → wore
look → looked	win → won









Lesson

Playing games

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 21 Ali loves football Day 1

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Recognise and say the sound 'ur'.

Say simple sentences using present and past tenses of regular verbs.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the 'ing' and 'air' flash cards from last week.

Write the key words on flash cards.

Read the 'ur' story and write the 'ur' words on the chalkboard.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 64.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Whole class teaching

Flash the 'air' and 'ing' cards to the class.

Story

Write 'ur' on the chalkboard. Say the sound and tell the pupils to make the sound with you.

Read the 'ur' words and explain them.

Choose some pupils to underline the 'ur' sound in the words on the chalkboard.

Sound out and read the words with the pupils.

Read the 'ur' story and do actions to show the meaning.

Read it again with the pupils.

In pairs, tell one pupil to tell the story while the other does the actions.

Tell the pairs to swap roles.

kwara-lit-2-weeks-21-25-closeout-press.indd 13 11/11/16 8:22 AM 10 minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2 25 minutes minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

Introduction

Main activity

Pair task

Tell the pairs to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 64.

Ask them what game the children are playing.

Ask them to tell one another about a game they like playing.

Write their ideas on the chalkboard.

Ask them to say what they can see the children doing in the picture, ie: run, kick, shout.

Write their ideas on the chalkboard.

Tell them that these doing words are called verbs.

Group task

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say what the missing verbs could be:

'Today Ali ___ football with his team.' (plays) and 'Ali ___ the ball.' (kicks).

Explain that 'plays' and 'kicks' are the present tense of the verbs.

Tell the pupils that to change a verb from the present to the past they must put ed on the end of the word.

Write

'Yesterday Ali ___ football with his team' (played) and

'Ali ___ the ball' (kicked).

Ask the pupils to help you put the missing past tense verbs in the spaces.

Tell them to draw pictures of themselves playing a game in their exercise books.

Ask them to write 'Yesterday I played ___' (name of the game).

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Read the key word flash cards with the pupils.

Read the passage in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 64 to them.

Ask the class to explain some of the rules of football (in their local language).





Lesson

Reporting

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 21 Ali loves football Day 2

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read words with the sound 'ur'.

Talk about a football match.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the 'ing' and 'air' flash cards from last week.

Write each sentence from the 'ur' story on a flash card.

Have ready a large piece of paper for each group and a ball and a whistle for the role play.

Make two sets of key word flash cards for each group.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Whole class teaching

Flash the 'ing' and 'air' cards.

Write 'ur' on the chalkboard and say the sound with the pupils.

Story

Tell them to write 'ur' in the air, on the floor, on their backs.

Read the 'ur' story to the class.

Give each group a sentence.

Tell them to practise reading it and doing an action for it.

Call each group, in turn, to say and act their sentence for the class.

Ask the pupils to write their sentences in their exercise books.



10 minutes

25 minutes Game

10 minutes

Introduction

Say 'Today I play'.

Repeat with

Repeat with

Ask the pupils to change the

sentence to the past tense,

'Yesterday I' (played)

'Today I wash, yesterday

'Today I clean, yesterday

Say 'Yesterday I cooked'.

Ask the pupils to change

tense, ie: 'Today I cook'.

'Yesterday I jumped,

the sentence to the present

'Today I pray, yesterday I ___

Main activity

Whole class teaching Whole class teaching

Explain that a newspaper reporter writes stories about interesting things that have happened.

Take the pupils outside and choose 10 pupils to make two teams and one to be a referee.

Tell other pupils that they are going to be reporters. They need to watch the game carefully and remember the important parts.

Ask the referee to blow the whistle and direct the teams to score and save goals.

Group task

Ask the pupils to discuss the important parts of the game.

Ask each group to draw the game on their large piece of paper.

Ask them to write the names of pupils who scored goals and a sentence about the match.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Ask each group to share their pictures and talk about them to the rest of the class.







title

The football match

Lesson

Literacy lesson plans

Primary 2

Term 3

Asking questions

Week 21 Ali loves football Day 3

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read words with the sound 'ur'.

Write longer sentences using conjunctions.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the 'ing' and 'air' flash cards from last week.

Write the 'ur' story on the chalkboard.

Have ready a ball and the pictures each group drew yesterday.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Whole class teaching

Flash the 'ing' and 'air' cards.

Say the 'ur' sound and air write it with the pupils.

Story

Read the 'ur' story, pointing to the words as you say them.

Ask the pupils to shout 'ur' when they hear the 'ur' sound.

Choose some pupils to underline the 'ur' words on the chalkboard.

Read and role play the story with the pupils.

Ask the pupils to draw a picture about the story.

Tell them to write some 'ur' words in their exercise books. Check they form the letters correctly.



10 minutes

25 minutes

Write 'The referee blew the

whistle. The game started.'

Make sure they rub out the

Repeat using sentences from

full stop and change the

the pupils' pictures.

Choose a pupil to make

this into one sentence

using 'and'.

capital letter.

10 minutes

Introduction

Group task

Tell each group to hold up the picture they drew yesterday.

Ask the class to say sentences about each picture.

Tell them they can make sentences longer by using 'and'.

Write 'and' on the chalkboard and explain that this word can join two ideas that are the same.

Main activity

Group task

Tell the pupils they are going to write a newspaper report about the football match they played yesterday.

(

Ask them to discuss the most important parts of the match and share their ideas with the class.

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'Team A $__$ and Team B $__$.'

'At half time the score was ___ and Team B were ___.'

'___ scored a goal and ___ took a free kick.'

'The final score was ___ and Team ___ won.'

Choose pupils to say what the missing words could be.

Tell them to write 'The football match' in their exercise books.

Ask them to complete the missing words to write a short report about the match.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Say each of the following sentences and choose pairs to say them in the past tense:

'I play football.'

'Ali kicks the ball.'

'Mary scores a goal.'

'Edet jumps up and down.'

'Ali pushes Edet.'





Lesson

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 21 Ali loves football Day 4

title

Learning outcomes An interview

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words with the sound 'ur'.

Write a short report.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the 'ing' and 'air' flash cards from last week.

Have ready a ball.

Draw the grid (shown left) on the chalkboard.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 64.

minutes Ur

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Flash the 'ing' and 'air' cards.

Read the 'ur' words with the pupils.

Sound them out carefully and ask the pupils to count the sounds, eg: 't-ur-n' (3).

Ask them to find 'ur' words in the grid, ie: burn, turn, nurse, fur, curl.

Choose some pupils to draw circles around the words they find.

Sound out the words slowly. Dictate them and ask the pupils to write them in their exercise books.



minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2 25 minutes 10 minutes Game

Introduction

Main activity

Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils to open Macmillan Primary English 2. page 64.

Ask them to tell you about the story and read it to them again.

Remind them that 'and' is used to join two ideas to make a longer sentence.

Write 'because' on the chalkboard and tell them it can also be used to make a longer sentence.

Ask someone to find the sentence with 'because' in the story and read it to you.

Tell the class that 'because' is used to explain something.

Whole class teaching

Explain that footballers are often asked questions on the radio.

These questions are asked by a reporter who has them ready.

Ask the pupils to think of two questions they could ask Ali about football, ea: 'Why do you like football?'

Ask each group to say their questions and write them

on the chalkboard.

Try to have some questions beginning with 'Why'.

Choose someone to be Ali. Ask each group to ask 'Ali' a question from the chalkboard and tell 'Ali' to answer with a sentence.

Tell 'Ali' to try to say some longer sentences by using 'because' and 'and'.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Get the pupils in a circle and tell them that when vou throw the ball, the one who catches it must say a sentence using 'because'.

Choose some other pupils to have a turn at being 'Ali'. Ask the pupils to write about

Ali in their exercise books.

longer sentences.

Tell them to try to write some

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Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 21 Ali loves football Day 5

All about football

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell words with the sound 'ur'.

Write sentences about football.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the 'ing' and 'air' flash cards from last week.

Ensure that you have a set of alphabet cards for each pair of pupils.

Have ready a ball.

Letters and sounds

minutes **U**

Whole class teaching

Flash the 'ing' and 'air' cards.

Say the 'ur' sound with the pupils.

Tell them to write it in the air, on the floor.

Ask if anyone can remember some words with 'ur'.

Choose some pupils to try to spell 'ur' words on the chalkboard.

Tell the class to help them by sounding each word out.

Write five more 'ur' words, sounding them out carefully.

Rub all the words out.

In pairs, ask the pupils to use their letters to make words with 'ur'.

Tell them to write the words in their exercise books.

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10 minutes 25 minutes 10 minutes

Game

Introduction

Main activity

Pair task

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'You can kick the ball. You cannot throw the ball.'

'You can pass the ball. You cannot run with the ball.'

'You can run to get the ball. You cannot push anyone.'

Read and explain each one.

Tell the pupils that we can use 'but' to join the sentences.

Choose some pairs to say some of the longer sentences.

Ask the class if they know any other rules for football.

Group task

Ask the pupils to say some of the other games they like to play.

Write them on the chalkboard, eg: Ayo likes table tennis.

Remind the pupils that they have been talking and writing about football this week.

Tell them they have written a report on a match and asked questions. Tell them to write 'Football' in their exercise books and write two or more sentences

about football.

Tell them they can explain how to play it, why they like or dislike it, or describe a game they have watched.

Ask them to try to use some longer sentences using the words 'because' and 'and'.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Play 'Simon says' with the pupils.

Tell the pupils that you are going to give instructions and they should obey the command only if Simon tells them to do it. Otherwise, they stand still.







Words/phrases

postman morning letter doesn't haven't hope twenty-eight forty-eight tomorrow dear address

date

Sentences for reading

1 will: Simbi will get a new dress soon.

that: That is Mrs Salami.

this: This is Omi.

then: Then Simbi can get

a new dress.

them: Simbi sees the dresses but needs to try

them on.

with: Simbi is going to the dressmaker with Mrs Salami.

2 will: I will get a pen.

that: That is a big hat.

this: This is a yam.

then: Then Omi and Simbi went home.

them: Simbi likes them.

with: Omi is going to the

shop with Simbi.

3 see: Omo can see Ali.

for: Ali eats yam for dinner.

now: Now we must go

to bed.

down: Ali is going down the hill.

look: I need to look at

the teacher.

too: Omo eats too much.

4 see: I can see a goat on a hill.

> for: Omo is going for his dinner.

now: Ali will do his

sums now.

down: Sit down.

look: Look at me.

too: Omo is good at

sums too.

Assessment

During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.





Lesson title

Letters from

the postman

Primary 2

lesson plans

Literacy

Term 3

Asking questions

Week 22 **Writing letters** Day 1

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read some high frequency words in sentences.

Ask and answer questions.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the 'qu' words on the chalkboard.

Make large cards for the high frequency words 'will', 'that', 'this', 'then', 'them' and 'with'.

Write the list 1 sentences on flash cards. Make enough for each pair to have one.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 67.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Say the sound 'qu'. Ask the pupils to sound out and read the 'qu' words with you.

Display a high frequency word flash card.

Sound out the word carefully, eg: 'w-i-ll'.

Read the sentence card with the matching word, slightly emphasising the word.

Repeat with each high frequency word card.

Give each pair one of the list 1 sentences.

Ask them to read it together.

Tell them to write it in their exercise books and draw a picture to explain the meaning.





Macmillan **Primary English 2**

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

Introduction

10

minutes

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 67.

Ask them what the man is holding and what his job is (a postman).

Ask them to say what the letter might be about.

Ask the pupils to help you list different kinds of letters on the chalkboard, eq: invitations, bills.

Ask them to say other ways we can tell people things. eg: text messages, meetings, mobile calls.

Pair task

Read and explain the story in Ask several pairs to say Macmillan Primary English 2. page 67 to the class.

Ask them who they think Omo would like to get a letter from and what it would say.

Choose some pairs to share their ideas with the class.

Tell them that Omo is waiting for a letter from his older brother.

Explain that Omo's father is going to let Omo call his brother.

some questions that Omo could ask his brother.

Ask other pairs to say what the answers might be.

Tell the pairs to take it in turns being Omo and his brother asking and answering questions on the mobile.

Choose some pairs to act out their call for the class.

Group task

Read the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 68.

Give each group a question to discuss.

Ask each group to say their answer and ask the class to say if they are correct.





Lesson title

The school day

Literacy lesson plans

Primary 2

Term 3

Asking questions

Week 22 Writing letters Day 2

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read some high frequency words.

Write sentences using irregular past tense verbs.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the 'qu' words on the chalkboard.

Have ready the large cards for the high frequency words 'will', 'that', 'this', 'then', 'them' and 'with'.

Write the list 2 sentences on flash cards, enough for each pair to have one.

Make flash cards with the following irregular verbs on them: 'went', 'ran', 'was', 'wore', 'won'.

minutes

| Frequent words

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Say the sound 'qu' and ask pupils to sound out and read the 'qu' words with you.

Display a high frequency word card.

Sound out the word carefully, eg: 'w-i-ll'.

Read the sentence card with the matching word, slightly emphasising the word.

Repeat with each high frequency word card.

Give each pair a sentence card.

Tell them to read it, write it in their exercise books and draw a picture about it.



10 | Ma

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

25 minutes Macmillan Primary English 2 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils to look at Macmillan Primary English 2, page 67.

Ask them what they can remember about the story.

Pair task

Ask the pairs to look at the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 67 and point to some verbs.

Explain that not all verbs use 'ed' in the past tense.

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard, read and explain them:

'Today I go to market.

Yesterday I ___ to market.'

'Today I wear my shorts.'
Yesterday I ___ my shorts.'

'Today I run to school.'
Yesterday I ___ to school.'

'Today I am happy.

Yesterday I ____ happy.'

'Today I win a prize. Yesterday I ___ a prize.' Hold up a past tense verb flash card and ask the pupils to read it.

Ask one pupil to come and put the card in the correct place.

Repeat with different pupils and different verbs.

Group task

Tell the pupils they are going to help you write a letter to the Head Teacher.

Ask them to say some things they did yesterday in their own language.

Give each group a part of the day to draw, eg: getting ready for school.

Tell the pupils to ask and say something to each other, in English, about their picture.

Ask them to write a sentence under the picture to describe what happened.

Tell them to use past tense verbs.

Group task

Ask each group to explain their picture to the class.





Lesson title

A letter of

information

Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Week 22 Writing letters Day 3

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read some high frequency words.

Say the main parts of a letter.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have the high frequency word flash cards from yesterday and make large flash cards for 'see', 'for', 'now', 'down', 'look' and 'too'.

Write the list 3 sentences on cards so each pair can have one.

Have ready the pictures from yesterday and some tape.

Write one sentence that each group wrote yesterday in the middle of the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency word cards from yesterday and check that the pupils can read and understand them.

Display a new high frequency word card.

Sound out the word carefully, eg: 's-ee'.

Read the sentence card with the matching word.

Repeat with each high frequency word card.

Display each word again and ask the pupils to say the word without sounding it out.

Give each pair a sentence card.

Tell them to read it, write it in their exercise books and draw a picture about it.





10 minutes

25 minutes

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say why people might write letters.

Remind them that they are writing a letter to the Head Teacher.

Ask the pupils to help you read all the sentences and choose pairs to say what they think is the correct order.

When the sentences are in the correct order, number them 1, 2.

Whole class teaching

Explain that we need to write our address when we write a letter.

Write the school address above the sentences in the top right-hand corner.

Tell the pupils that we need to write the date in a letter and choose a pupil to write it under the address.

Explain that we also need to write who the letter is for.

Write 'Dear Head Teacher' above the sentences on the left-hand side.

Ask the pupils to read the letter with you.

Tell them they have written the address, the greeting and the main part.

Ask them what else they think they will need to write, ie: their name.

Show them how to write the ending and their name.

Ask them to copy the name of the school and the greeting carefully in their exercise books.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Read the letter again and choose pupils to come and touch the verbs.

Ask them to say what tense they are in.

Tell them to make sure they can write their own address for tomorrow.





Lesson

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 22 **Writing letters** Day 4

A letter for Omo

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read some high frequency words.

Write a simple letter.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the flash cards with the words 'see', 'for', 'now', 'down', 'look' and 'too'.

Write the list 4 sentences on to flash cards so each pair can have one. Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'I like having breakfast and ____.'

'I like to ___ but ___.'

'I like ___ because ___.'

'I walk or ___.'

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency words learned yesterday.

Display a high frequency word card.

Sound out the word carefully, eg: 's-ee'.

Read the sentence card with the matching word, slightly emphasising the word.

Repeat with each high frequency word card.

Give each pair a sentence card.

Ask them to read it together.

Tell them to write it in their exercise books and draw a picture to explain the meaning.





10 minutes 25 minutes Macmillan Primary English 2 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'and', 'because', 'but', 'or'.

Explain the meaning of 'or' to the class.

Ask if the pupils know what job these words have in sentences.

Remind them that they join sentences together to make the meaning clearer.

Ask the pupils to read the sentences on the chalkboard and say how they could complete them.

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils if they remember the story 'Omo and the postman'.

Read the story from Macmillan Primary English 2, page 67.

Pair task

Tell the pupils they are going to write a letter to Omo so they can make friends with him.

Ask them to think of some things they can tell him, eg: what games they like to play.

Ask each pair to say a sentence to the class.

Write some of the words they say on the chalkboard.

Tell them they are going to start the letter.

Help them to write their address and the date in their exercise books, in the top right-hand corner.

Show the pupils how to write 'Dear Omo'.

Tell them to try to write some sentences about themselves underneath.

Tell them they can use some of the words on the chalkboard to help them.

Whole class teaching

Choose some pairs to read their letters to the class.





Lesson

A letter for Omo

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 22 **Writing letters** Day 5

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read 12 high frequency words.

Write a simple letter.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready all the cards for the high frequency words learned this week.

Look at all four lists of sentences for reading.

Choose and write one sentence for each high frequency word on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

Frequent words

Group task

minutes

Flash the high frequency word cards and tell the pupils to read them with you.

Hold up a word card and ask one of the pupils to come and find it in the sentences on the chalkboard.

Repeat with the other high frequency words.

Read the sentences with the pupils.

Hold up a high frequency word card.

Tell the pupils that the first group with their hands up who can read the word correctly gets to keep the card.

The group with the most cards is the winner.

When all the cards have been used. ask each group to hold up and read the cards they collected.



•

10 minutes 25 minutes 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils if anyone can tell the story of Omo and the postman that they heard yesterday.

Ask them to think of questions they would like to ask Omo, eg: 'How old are you?', 'What do you like doing at school?'.

Choose some pairs to say their questions to the class.

Write their ideas on the chalkboard.

Ask them what you need to write at the end of the sentences, ie: a question mark.

Group task

Tell the pupils to look at the letter they wrote yesterday.

Tell them to write two questions for Omo.

When they have done that, show them how to end the letter with 'from' and write their name.

Choose some pupils to read their letters to the class.

Ask the class to listen out for any conjunctions that they have used such as 'because' and 'or'.

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to say the missing word in these sentences as you say them:

'Today I run. Yesterday I'

'Today I play. Yesterday I ___.'

'Today I jump. Yesterday

'Today I go. Yesterday I ___.'







Letters/sounds

Words/phrases

Sentences for reading

Assessment

Revise high frequency words

will that this then them with see for now down look too

New high

help children iust

frequency words

long short

woman picture dressmaker teaching dresses sew bought

- 1 I just need a yam from a shop.
- 2 Just let me get a pen to mark his sums.
- 3 I can see a goat on a hill.
- 4 Omo is going for his dinner.
- 5 Ali will do his sums now.
- 6 The children sit down.
- **7** Ali eats yam for dinner.
- 8 Now we must go to bed.
- 9 Ali is going down a hill.
- 10 I need to look at a book.
- 11 Omo eats too much.

During each lesson, walk around the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Lesson

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 23 The dressmaker Day 1

title

Words with opposite meaning

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences with the word 'help'.

Say the opposite of some words.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the high frequency words from last week on the chalkboard.

Write the key words on flash cards.

Make a set of 'opposite' flash cards for each group, ensuring that each word is on a separate card: 'long', 'short', 'big', 'small', 'right', 'wrong', 'high', 'low', 'light', 'dark', 'sad', 'happy', 'soft', 'hard', 'bright', 'dull'.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Read the high frequency words from last week with the pupils.

Ask them to say a sentence for some of the words.

Write 'help' on the chalkboard and explain what it means.

Sound it out and read it with the pupils.

Write the following on the chalkboard: 'Help me.', 'Tomi needs help with her sums.', 'I help in the shop.', 'I help to clean the room.'

Choose a pupil to underline 'help' in the first sentence and read the sentence together.

Ask the class to read the other sentences. Tell them to sound words out if they cannot read them.





Read the opposite flash

Give each group a set of

Ask the pupils to sort them

cards and explain their

meaning.

flash cards.

into opposites.

10 minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to name some jobs that people do.

Tell them to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71.

Ask them what job they can see in the picture.

Ask them to describe what is happening.

Show the pupils the kev word flash cards, read and explain them.

kwara-lit-2-weeks-21-25-closeout-press.indd 38

Group task

Explain the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71 to the pupils in their own language.

Read the story to them.

Choose some pupils to help you to role play the story.

Say, 'Some dresses are long' and ask the pupils to point to them in the picture.

Tell them that 'long' and 'short' are opposite words.

Ask them if they can find any other opposite words in the story, ie: 'big' and 'small'.

Plenary

Group task

Say one of the words and ask a group to say the opposite.

Repeat until all the groups have had a turn.





Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 23 The dressmaker Day 2

an outfit

Learning outcomes Designing

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences with the word 'help'.

Draw and label simple diagrams.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the high frequency words from last week on the chalkboard.

Have ready the key word flash cards.

Have ready the set of opposite flash cards for each group.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Read the high frequency words from last week with the pupils.

Ask them to think of a sentence for some of the words.

Write 'help' on the chalkboard and read it with them.

Draw a picture to explain 'a goat needs help'.

Ask the pupils to say other animals that might need help and write them on the chalkboard.

Ask them to write a sentence about an animal that needs help in their exercise books.

Tell them to swap sentences with a partner and read each other's sentences.





10 | Macmillan minutes | Primary English 2

25 minutes 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Group task

Hold up the key word flash cards and ask the pupils to read them with you.

Tell the pupils to look at Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71 and read the story with them.

Ask them if they can find some words that are opposite, ie: 'long' and 'short', 'big' and 'small'.

Pair task

Tell the pupils they have been learning how to tell people things.

Ask them to think of ways
Mrs Simbi could tell the
dressmaker about the dress
she wants, eg: send her a
text message, write a letter.

Explain what a diagram with labels is.

Draw clothes for a girl and a boy on the chalkboard.

Choose some pupils to come and write labels for 'long', 'short', 'big', 'small', 'light' and 'dark'. Draw arrows from the labels to the correct part of the clothes.

Ask the pupils to draw clothes for themselves in their exercise books.

Tell them to write some labels on the drawing.

Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to draw their diagrams on the chalkboard.





Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 23 The dressmaker Day 3

Using 'but' with opposites

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences containing the word 'children'.

Write words with opposite meanings in simple sentences.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write 'help' and the high frequency words from last week on the chalkboard.

Make two flash cards for each key word. Make a set for each group.

Have ready a set of opposite flash cards.

Write the sentences listed opposite on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Read the high frequency words with the pupils and ask them to think of a sentence for some of the words.

Write 'children' on the chalkboard and explain what it means.

Sound it out and read it with the pupils five times.

Underline 'children' in the first sentence and read the sentence together.

Ask the class to read the other sentences without sounding the words out if they can.

Ask them to think of other sentences starting 'The children ___'.

Write these on the chalkboard and save them for tomorrow.





Macmillan Primary English 2 minutes

Game

minutes

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

Introduction

10

Main activity

Plenary

Group task

Tell the pupils to look at Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71.

Ask what they can remember about the story.

Read the key word flash cards and make sure the pupils understand them.

Place a set of key word flash cards in front of each group.

In turn, tell the pupils to turn over two cards to play the matching game.

Continue until all the cards have been taken.

Ask each group to say some of the words.

Pair task

Remind the pupils they have been learning about opposites.

Hold up each of the opposite flash cards and ask the pupils to read it and say the opposite.

Tell the class the dressmaker did not listen very well when Mrs Salami told her what to do.

Write on the chalkboard. 'I wanted a long dress but I got a ___ dress. I wanted a high neck but I got a ____ neck. I wanted a bright dress I got a ___ dress.'

Read it to the class and say this is what Mrs Salami wrote to the dressmaker.

Ask them to say what the missing opposites are.

Remind the pupils that 'but' can be used to join a sentence.

Ask them to copy and complete the sentences in their exercise books.

Pair task

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71 to the pupils.

Ask them to say the answers to the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 72, 1 to their partner.

Sentences

The children look sad. She helps the children. The children must go to bed. Children help to clean the house.



Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 23 The dressmaker Day 4

A letter to the dressmaker

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences with the word 'just'.

Write a simple letter.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write 'help', 'children' and the high frequency words from last week on the chalkboard.

Write the following on the chalkboard: 'Just let me go to bed.' 'Just wait for me.' 'Just help me clean the room.' 'Just get a yam from the shop.'

Write the sentences listed opposite on the chalkboard.

minutes

Frequent words

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Read the high frequency words with the pupils.

Read the sentences from yesterday.

Choose some pupils to underline 'children' on the chalkboard.

Write 'just' on the chalkboard and explain that it means 'only'.

Sound it out and read it with the class.

Choose a pupil to underline 'just' in the first sentence on the chalkboard and read it.

Ask them to read the other sentences without sounding the words out.

Ask them to think of some sentences beginning with, 'Just ___' and write them on the chalkboard.



10 minutes

25 minutes 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Group task

Tell the pupils you are having clothes made and you want them to be perfect.

Ask them how you can make sure the dressmaker understands, ie: draw a diagram and give clear instructions.

Draw the clothes on the chalkboard. Make them have a high neck, big sleeves, a long skirt or trousers and a bright top.

Choose some pupils to come Ask them to say some and draw labels.

Pair task

Tell the pupils you are going to write a letter to the dressmaker.

Ask them what you need to write first, ie: the address and date.

Choose some pupils to help vou do this.

Ask another pupil to write 'Dear Dressmaker'.

Write 'I want you to make me some clothes because .'

reasons, choose one and write it in.

Write: 'I want ___ sleeves not ___ sleeves'.

(

Choose some pupils to come and help you finish the letter.

Ask them what you need to write at the end. ie: vour name.

Read the letter with the pupils and ask them to check that the instructions match the diagram.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Read the opposite sentences on the chalkboard with the class.

Discuss what the missing words could be.

Ask the pupils to complete the sentences in their exercise books.

Opposite sentences

Simbi is big, Ralia is ____. It is light in the day, it is ___ at night. The bench is hard, the bed is ____. This bench is low, that bench is ____. Ali has a short shirt. Hassan has a ___ shirt.





Literacy lesson plans

Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Week 23 The dressmaker Day 5

A thank you letter Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences with the high frequency words learned so far.

Write sentences using 'because' in a letter.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write all the high frequency words on the chalkboard.

Write this week's sentences for reading on flash cards, so that each group can have two.

Learn the 'Clapping' rhyme.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Frequent words

Whole class teaching

Read the high frequency words with the pupils several times.

Give each group two sentence cards to read together.

Ask them to write the sentences in their exercise books and draw pictures to explain them.

Tell them to hold up their flash cards and read out their sentences to the class.

Ask the other pupils if they have read them correctly.

If time, swap cards around and repeat.

Say a high frequency word and choose someone to point to it on the chalkboard.





Rhyme 10 minutes

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Whole class teaching

Say the 'Clapping' rhyme together.

Choose pupils to come and write the opposite words from the rhyme on the chalkboard.

Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils to look in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 71.

Show them how to start a letter, ie: write their address and the date in the top righthand corner in their exercise books.

Tell the pupils to write 'Dear Dressmaker' underneath on the left.

Tell them they are going to thank the dressmaker for the clothes she has made.

Tell them to look at the diagram in their exercise books from Day 2 and think of sentences describing what they like about it.

Tell them use 'because' in their sentences, eg: 'I like the trousers because they are bright'.

Choose some pupils to say some of their sentences to the class.

Pair task

Tell the pupils to write 'Thank you for the clothes' under 'Dear Dressmaker'.

Ask them to write three sentences about the clothes.

Tell them to try to use the word 'because' in at least one sentence.

Remind them to end their letters with their name.

Plenary

Pair task

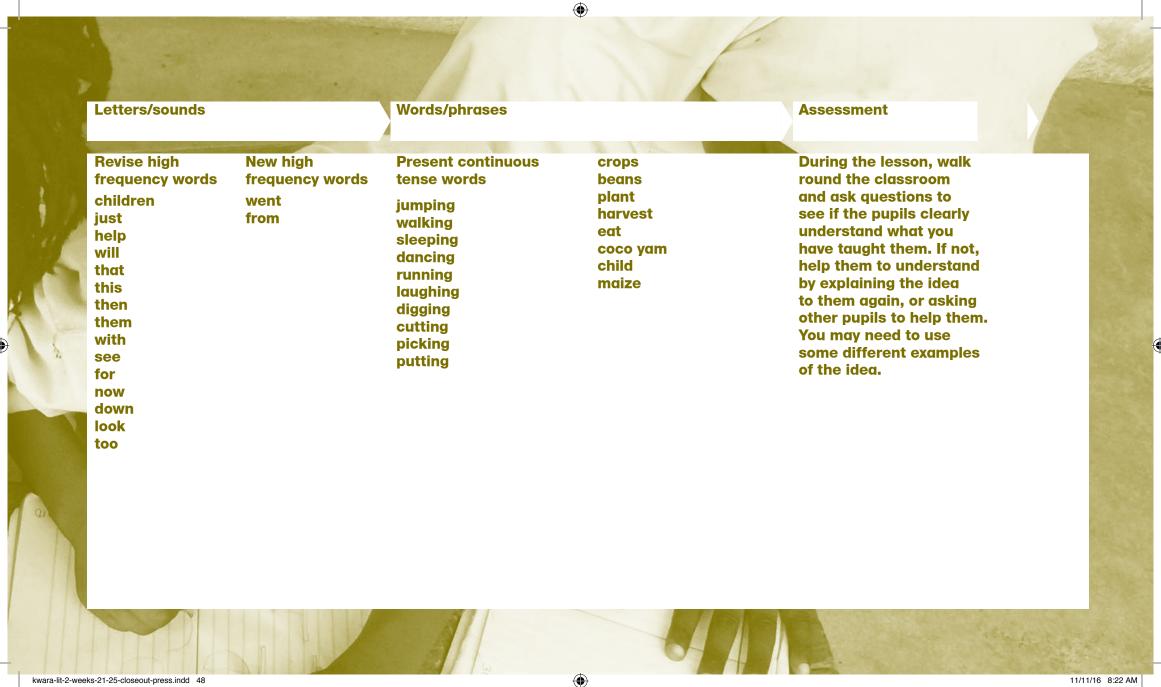
Tell the pupils to swap letters with their partner and read them.

Ask them to tell the class if their partner has used the word 'because'.

Ask some pairs to read one of their 'because' sentences to the class.









Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Week 24 Stories and rhymes Day 1

Using the present continuous tense

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read sentences with high frequency words.

Use the present continuous tense in sentences.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready flash cards of the high frequency words learned so far.

Write the words for the present continuous tense on flash cards.

Bring in some farming tools like a hoe, cutlass or basket or draw them on the chalkboard.

Practise the song 'This is the way we hoe the field'.

minutes

Sentences

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Write 'from' on the chalkboard and sound it out carefully, 'f-r-o-m'.

Say a sentence using the word, slightly emphasising the word.

Repeat with 'went'.

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard and discuss where 'went' and 'from' should go: 'Tomi ___ to Oro.'

'Simbi got a pen ___ the shop.' 'The greedy goat ___ to sleep.'

Choose some pupils to write in the missing words.

Ask the pupils to read the completed sentences.





Tell them to draw a person

using one of the tools.

Tell them to label their

present continuous tense,

pictures using the

eg: 'He is digging.'

10 minutes 25 minutes 10 minutes

Plenary

Song

Introduction

Main activity

mani dotivity

Group task

Show the pupils the present continuous tense flash cards.

Mime 'digging' and ask, 'What am I doing?'.

Tell them to reply 'You are digging'.

Give each group a flash card to mime.

Ask each group to perform their mime and ask, 'What are we doing?'.

Choose pupils to answer, 'You are ___' (say the action).

Whole class teaching

Write 'digging', 'cutting', 'putting' and 'picking' on the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to sound them out.

Tell the pupils that 'gg' and 'tt' are one sound and remind them that 'ck' is one sound.

Rub the words out and choose some pupils to try to write them on the chalkboard.

Show the pupils some of the farming tools.

Ask them what they think each tool is used for.

Whole class teaching

Sing 'This is the way we hoe the field' and do the actions with the pupils.

As they do each action ask them, 'What are you doing?'

Tell them to reply, 'I am ___'.





Crops

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 24 Stories and rhymes Day 2

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and understand sentences using knowledge of sounds.

Write sentences in the present continuous tense about crops.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the key words on flash cards.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 74.

Have ready the present continuous tense flash cards.

Write the sentences listed opposite on the chalkboard and draw pictures on flash cards to match them.

minutes

Sentences

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Point to the first sentence on the chalkboard, sound it out and read the first word, 'l-oo-k'.

After sounding and reading the second word, say both words, ie: 'look at'.

Continue with the next word. ie: 'look at Sam'.

Display the pictures and ask the pupils which sentence each picture belongs to.

Repeat with the next sentence.

Ask the pupils to copy the sentences and draw pictures to explain them in their exercise books.





Macmillan Primary English 2 minutes

25 minutes

minutes

Introduction

10

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Ask the class to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 74.

Read the poem 'Crops' and explain it to the pupils in their own language.

Ask them to say the names of the crops in the poem.

Choose some pupils to try to write the crop names on the chalkboard.

Read the poem again and ask the pupils to try to join in with you.

Encourage them to do actions for the words: 'eat'. 'plant' and 'harvest'.

Whole class teaching

Flash the present continuous tense words.

Explain that the present continuous tense is used to describe actions in the present that are still happening.

Tell the pupils that words in the present continuous tense end in 'ing'.

Write 'eat', 'plant' and 'harvest' on the chalkboard.

Choose some pupils to come and add 'ing' to these words.

Ask them. 'What is the woman eating?'

Tell them to reply, 'The woman is eating the beans.' and write it on the chalkboard.

'What is the woman planting?' 'What is the man harvesting?' 'What is the child eating?'

Write on the chalkboard,

Ask the pupils to say the answers.

Tell them to write the answers in their exercise books.

Whole class teaching

Song

Sing 'This is the way we hoe the field' with the pupils and do some actions.

Sentences

Look at Sam. Run down a hill. Three boys see a goat. Hassan is with Apo.



Lesson

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 24 Stories and rhymes Day 3

Rhymes

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and understand sentences using knowledge of sounds.

Say a simple rhyme in English and explain its meaning.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the high frequency words learned so far on flash cards.

Draw pictures on the chalkboard to match the sentences in Letters and sounds.

Make a set of key words on flash cards for each group.

Write the 'If you're happy and you know it' song on the chalkboard.

minutes

Letters and sounds

Sentences

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'Look at Sam.'

'Run down a hill.'

'Sam is with his mummy.'

'A dog ran from a shop.'

'Sam can see a big goat.'

Ask the pupils to read the first two sentences.

Teach them to read the rest of the sentences using the same method as yesterday.

Ask them to write the last three sentences in their exercise books and draw pictures to explain them.





Ask the pupils to try to

exercise books.

write the answers in their

Go round and check they

Encourage them to sound

out words they do not know.

can read the questions.

10 Macmillan Primary English 2 minutes

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2 minutes

Song

Introduction

Main activity

Group task

Ask the pupils to tell you some crops they read about yesterday.

Display, read and explain the key word flash cards.

Give each group a set of the key word cards.

Say one of the key words and ask the groups to find it and hold it up.

Repeat with the other key words.

Ask the pupils to look in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 74.

Ask them to point to the key words in the rhyme as you say them.

Group task

Divide the class into three groups.

Ask each group to read one section of the poem in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 74, ie: woman, man or child.

Read the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 75.

Tell the pupils to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 74 and say the answers.

Ask them to help you write the answers on the chalkboard.

Rub out the answers.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Say or sing 'If you're happy and you know it' with the class and explain it to them.





Literacy lesson plans

Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Week 24 Stories and rhymes Day 4

Rhyme and story Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and understand sentences using knowledge of sounds.

Retell a story in the correct order.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the Week 23 sentences for reading on flash cards, so each group can have one.

Make sure 'If you're happy and you know it' is still on the chalkboard.

Read the 'Mother Hen' story and write it on a large piece of paper.

Make each group a set of Mother Hen flash cards: 'She found the flour.', 'She mixed the flour and water.', 'She lit the fire.', 'She baked the bread.', 'She set the table.' minutes

Sentences

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency words learned so far.

Read two Week 23 sentence flash cards with the pupils using the method learned this week.

Give each group a sentence card.

Ask each group to read the card, copy it out and draw a picture about it.

Tell the pupils to get a new card when they finish.

When all groups have done two cards, ask them to read out their sentences.





 10 minutes
 Song minutes
 25 minutes
 Story minutes
 10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Tell the class to sing 'If you're happy and you know it' with you.

Read it again and do the actions.

Whole class teaching

Read the 'Mother Hen' story and explain it to the pupils in their own language.

Ask them why Mother Hen would not give the other animals any bread.

Choose some pupils to help you role play the story.

Ask them to list all the things Mother Hen did.

Write the words 'hen', 'mouse', 'hare' and 'dog' on the chalkboard.

Read the words with

the pupils.

Ask them to come and touch these words in the story.

Tell them to write the words and draw a picture for each in their exercise books.

Group task

Hold up the Mother Hen flash cards and read them with the pupils.

Shuffle the sentence cards for each group.

Give each group a set of Mother Hen sentence cards.

Ask them to put them in the correct order.

Ask some of them to read the sentences to the class.

Ask the other groups if they are correct.





Lesson

title

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 24 Stories and rhymes Day 5

Story

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and understand sentences using knowledge of sounds.

Answer questions about a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Make two sets of high frequency word flash cards.

Have ready the Week 23 sentence flash cards and draw pictures to explain them on the chalkboard.

Have ready the 'Mother Hen' story from the previous day.

Write the Mother Hen questions listed opposite on flash cards. Make enough for each pair to have two.

Letters and sounds

minutes

Sentences

Whole class teaching

Gather the pupils into a circle. Scatter the high frequency word cards face down inside the circle.

Choose a pupil to turn one over, read it and try to find the matching card.

Game

If correct, the pupil keeps the cards. If not, they must replace them.

Repeat until all the cards are found.

Give each group a sentence card.

Tell them to read it and decide which picture it goes with.

Ask someone from each group to read the card and point to the matching picture.

Repeat several times.





10 minutes 25 minutes Story

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Pair task

Ask the pupils to name the animals in the 'Mother Hen' story.

Ask one pair to start retelling the story.

Ask another pair to continue it.

Carry on until the end of the story.

Ask the class to check that each pair keeps to the correct order in the story.

Repeat so that all the pairs have a turn.

Pair task

Read the 'Mother Hen' story to the pupils.

Flash the question cards and read them to the class.

Make sure they understand them.

Give each pair two Mother Hen question cards to answer.

Ask some pairs to say the answers.

Ask the class if they are correct.

Swap the cards around and repeat.

Ask them to try to write the answers to the questions in their exercise books.

Ask the pupils to draw Mother Hen doing one of the actions in their exercise books.

Tell them to write what she is doing under the picture.

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to show their pictures to the class and read their sentences.

Mother Hen questions

What did Mother Hen find?
What did she want to make?
How did Mouse and Hare help her?
What did Mouse and Hare say?
Who mixed the flour and water?
Who lit the fire?
Who set the table?





Letters/sounds

Words/phrases

Assessment

(

Revise high frequency words

frequency work
went
from
children
just
help
will
that
this
then
them
with
see
for

now down look too returning setting nearly forest began rabbit killed picked through During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.



Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 25 **Stories** Day 1

Audu and the rabbit

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and know if a sentence makes sense.

Read the key words in a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the high frequency words on flash cards.

Have the following words ready on flash cards: 'bedroom'. 'farmyard', 'cars'.

Write the key words on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

Sentences

minutes

Whole class teaching

Flash the high frequency words.

Write 'The cows are in the field.' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to read the sentence in pairs then read it as a class.

Rub out a highlighted word and substitute it with a flash card word. eg: 'The cars are in the field.'

Ask the pairs to read the sentence and raise their hands if they think it makes sense.

Repeat with different flash cards to make new sentences.

Ask the pupils to decide whether each sentence makes sense.





10 minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

minutes

Macmillan Primary English 2

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Pair task

Ask the pupils to look at the picture in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 77.

Ask them to say what they can see.

Tell them to say, 'I can see ___.'

Write some of their sentences on the chalkboard.

Read the story in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 77 to the pupils.

Explain it to them in their local language.

Read the key words and explain them.

Ask the pupils to say them with you.

Read the story with the pupils again.

Ask them to point to the key words in the story.

Choose some pupils to help you role play the story.

Pair task

Tell them to read the questions in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 78 with you.

Explain the questions.

Choose some pairs to say their answers.

Ask the class if they are correct.

Plenary

Pair task

Tell the pupils to draw Audu running to get the rabbit in their exercise books.

Ask them to write a sentence under the picture.

Tell them to start the sentence with, 'I can see ___.'





Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 25 **Stories** Day 2

Audu and the rabbit

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and know if a sentence makes sense.

Retell a story in the correct order.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready the high frequency word flash cards and key word flash cards.

Have ready flash cards of 'goat', 'car' and 'road'.

Write the 'Audu and the rabbit' sentences (see opposite) on flash cards.

Read Macmillan Primary English 2, page 77.

minutes

Whole class teaching

Letters and sounds

Sentences

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Write 'The shop is on the corner.' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to read the sentence in pairs then read it as a class.

Rub out a highlighted word and swap it for a flash card word. eg: 'The goat is on the corner'.

In pairs, ask the pupils to read the sentence and raise their hands if they think it makes sense.

Repeat with different flash cards to make new sentences.

Ask the pupils whether each sentence makes sense.



Macmillan Primary English 2 minutes

25 minutes minutes

Song

Introduction

Group task

Main activity

Ask the pupils what they can tell you about 'Audu and the rabbit'.

Tell them to look in Macmillan Primary English 2, page 77.

Read the story with the pupils.

Ask them what they think will happen to Audu as he runs home.

Ask them what he might see.

Choose some groups to say their ideas to the class.

Whole class teaching

Flash the key words and make sure the pupils understand them.

Flash the 'Audu and the rabbit' sentences and ask the pupils to read them with vou.

Choose some pupils to come and touch the key words in the sentences.

Get the pupils into a circle and scatter the sentence flash cards on the floor.

Ask pupils to come out and put them in the correct order to tell the story.

Write the following questions on the chalkboard:

'Who forgot the rabbit?'

'Who wants to eat the rabbit?'

Read the questions with the pupils.

Ask them to try to answer the questions in their exercise books.

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Sing 'This is the way we hoe the field'.

Audu and the rabbit sentences

It was nearly dark. There are bad things in the forest. He picked up the rabbit. He ran home through the forest.

Sali and his son Audu were returning from the farm.

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Lesson

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 25 **Stories** Day 3

title

Why does the cat always chase the rat?

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and know if a sentence makes sense.

Talk about characters in a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready high frequency word and 'fell', 'soil', 'floor' flash cards.

Write 'He sat down on the mat.' on the chalkboard.

Write the story 'Why does the cat always chase the rat?' on the chalkboard and leave it for tomorrow.

Sentences

Letters and sounds

Pair task

minutes

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Ask the pupils to read the sentence on the chalkboard with their partners.

Repeat the process of substituting words.

Write the sentence on the chalkboard again.

Ask pairs to change one word and rewrite the sentence in their exercise books.

Read the sentences to the class.

Ask the class if the sentences make sense.







 10 minutes
 Story minutes
 25 minutes
 Story minutes
 10 minutes
 Song minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils you are going to read a story, and ask them to listen carefully.

Read 'Why does the cat always chase the rat?'

Explain it to the pupils in their local language.

Choose pupils to help you role play the story.

Group task

Read the story again to the pupils.

Point to the animal names on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to read the words and do a mime for each animal.

Ask them to discuss why the rat pushed the cat in the water.

Ask each group to say a sentence about a different animal.

Ask a pupil from each group to say their sentence to the class.

Individual task

Ask the pupils to draw pictures of the animals and write their names under them.

Whole class teaching

Sing 'The yam is in the bag' with the class.





Literacy lesson plans Primary 2

Term 3
Asking questions

Week 25
Stories
Day 4

Retell a story Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and know if a sentence makes sense.

Retell a story in the correct order.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready high frequency word and 'cows', 'chickens' and 'pushed' flash cards.

Write 'Apo fed the goats.' on the chalkboard.

Ensure that 'Why does the cat always chase the rat?' is still on the chalkboard.

Make two sets of large sentence flash cards from the story.

minutes

Sentences

Letters and sounds

Pair task

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Ask the pupils to read the sentence on the chalkboard with their partners.

Repeat the process of substituting words.

Write the original sentence on the chalkboard.

Ask pairs to change one word and rewrite the sentence in their exercise books.

Ask some pairs to read their sentences to the class.

Ask the class if they make sense.





Story 10 minutes

25 minutes

minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to tell you the names of the animals 12 groups. in 'Why does the cat always chase the rat?'

Ask them why the cat always chases the rat.

Read the story with the pupils.

Ask them questions to make sure they have understood the story.

Group task

Arrange the class in

Shuffle the story sentence cards.

Give each group one sentence from the story.

Ask them to read the sentence and draw a picture to explain it in their exercise books.

Tell them to write the sentence under the picture.

Ask them to stand in a line and hold up their sentences.

Ask each group to read their sentence.

Tell the pupils to move around so that the sentences are in the correct order to tell the story.

Ask them to read the sentences in the order they have made.

Ask them if they think it is correct. If not, ask them to move around and try again.

Group task

Tell the pupils to prepare a simple role play for their sentences.

Ask each group, in order, to read and role play their sentence.





Lesson

The tortoise and

the wisdom pot

Literacy lesson plans **Primary 2**

Term 3 **Asking questions**

Week 25 **Stories** Day 5

title

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Read and know if a sentence makes sense.

Answer simple questions about a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Have ready flash cards of the high frequency words learned so far.

Write the 'Tortoise and the wisdom pot' story on the chalkboard.

Write the 'comprehension questions' about the story on the chalkboard (see opposite).

Letters and sounds

Sentences

Pair task

minutes

Flash the high frequency word cards.

Write the four sentences you have used this week on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to read each sentence.

Ask pairs to choose one sentence and decide a new word that could go in that sentence.

Tell them to write the sentence in their exercise books.

Ask them to repeat the activity, choosing another sentence.





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10 minutes 25 minutes Story

10 minutes

Introduction

Main activity

Plenary

Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to say the names of the stories they have read this week.

Ask some pupils to help you role play 'Audu and the rabbit' and 'Why does the cat always chase the rat?'

Tell them they are going to listen to another story called 'Tortoise and the wisdom pot'.

Pair task

Read the story and explain it to the pupils in their local language.

Explain the words 'wise' and 'wisdom'.

Ask the pupils to name the animals in the story and you write them on the chalkboard.

Write 'Monkey told him how to ___.'

Ask them to say the missing word (climb) and write it in.

Repeat this for the Bee and the Bird.

Read the 'comprehension questions' with the pupils.

Ask them to say the answers.

Tell them to try to write the answers in their exercise books.

Choose pairs to read their answers and ask the class if they are correct.

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils what they could tell Tortoise to do.

Tell them to mime some actions for the class to guess, eg: writing, digging, sewing.

Choose some pupils to help you role play 'Tortoise and the wisdom pot'.

Comprehension questions

What did Tortoise want?
Where did he want to hide the pot?
Who told Tortoise how to climb?
What did Bee tell Tortoise?
What did Bird tell Tortoise?



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