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Type of lesson plans/ Grade Term/ Learning theme

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Weeks 16—20

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 3 Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

This is the fourth in a series of six literacy lesson plan publications, designed to be used throughout the three academic school terms.



Introduction

Over the years, the citizens of Lagos have benefited from a government orchestrated free basic education programme. This has resulted in mass enrolment of school-age children in public primary institutions across the state, and significant expense on education facilities and continuous teacher improvement programmes.

However, the learning outcomes of these public primary schools have not justified the colossal amount of money that has been spent on education in the state. The school system has inadequately equipped our school leavers for everyday life. A baseline assessment of teachers revealed a general weakness around effective teaching methodologies to improve learning outcomes in our schools.

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The State Government. with the support of the Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN) and with funding from UK Aid from the Department for International Development, has recently introduced pilot literacy and numeracy lesson plans in public primary schools (starting with Primary 1-3) to improve classroom teachers' capacity. These lesson plans sought to address the challenges by offering step-by-step auidance to teachers on how to deliver good quality literacy and numeracy lessons effectively.

Now, the hard work of all our personnel – the State School Improvement Team, the school support officers and technical partners from ESSPIN – has brought about the production of a complete module of lesson plans.

I am convinced that the use of these complete versions of the literacy and numeracy lesson plans by teachers in all our 1,003 public primary schools will further raise the standards of education to which we are wholly committed.

Mrs Olayinka Oladunjoye Honourable Commissioner for Education Lagos State

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Introduction Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Weeks 16—20

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Classroom talk

In any classroom, the pupils should do most of the talking, not the teacher. If pupils have the chance to talk they will quickly improve their language skills.

They should experience lots of different types of talk, in pairs, small groups, and within the whole class, eg: Having conversations between themselves and with adults in the school.

Asking questions of each other and of the adults in the school.

Answering questions.

Telling stories.

Taking part in role play.

Expressing opinions.

Explaining how to do something.

Giving instructions.

Solving problems.

Sharing ideas.

Retelling experiences.

Singing songs.

Saying rhymes.

These are all included in the literacy lesson plans.

Here are some ideas to help you encourage all pupils to join in classroom talk:

Ask questions which have lots of different answers and can be answered by individuals, not the whole class at the same time.

When you ask a question, count to 15 in your head before you choose someone to answer. This gives all pupils the chance to think of something to say, not just the 'quick thinkers'. When you ask a question, give the pupils 2 or 3 minutes to discuss the answer with a partner before putting their hands up.

When you ask a question, give the pupils 2 or 3 minutes to write the answer in their exercise books and then ask random pupils. This makes all pupils try to think of the answer.

Sit the pupils in a circle and ask them a question which has lots of different answers. Go around the circle and ask every pupil to answer.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Introduction Stories for the term

Weeks 16—20

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James and Julia at the waterside	Journey to the lake		Arik Air flies to London	
James and Julia were brother and sister. They lived in llorin with their old grandmother Every year, they went to stay with their tall aunt at the waterside near Patigi. Their lovely grandmother did not go with them. James and Julia loved the busy waterside. They liked to go fishing. Sometimes they used an orange net. They didn't catch many fish, but when they caught any large fish they carried them home to cook and eat. Sometimes, James and Julia swam. Sometimes they lay on the yellow sand and slept. Sometimes they went in a wooden boat, far out on the blue river but they never went alone.	Lekan and Ronke liked their holidays very much. They did not go to the seaside. They went with their father to see their uncle. Their uncle lived far away from their home, near Lake Victoria. It was a very long journey to get there. They had to travel by train, lorry and on foot. Ronke and Lekan loved every minute of their holiday. Every day the children went fishing. They used their orange net to catch the fish. They caught many fish and every day they brought home delicious fish for dinner.	When their uncle came with them they went far out on the lake in a boat with a white sail. They often saw boats with white sails on the blue lake, and Ronke thought the sails looked very pretty. Lekan and Ronke also went swimming in the blue water, but they never swam alone because they were afraid of crocodiles. They were very sorry when their holiday ended, as they had seen many new, exciting things. They got home very late at night, very tired but happy to see their mother again.	 Arik Air has announced that it will begin non-stop flights between Abuja, Nigeria and London, England, beginning from Thursday, November 26. A statement on Thursday said the new Abuja to London service would fly five times every week, on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sunday. A spokesman said, Outbound flights will depart Abuja's International Airport at 10.30am, arriving in London's Heathrow airport at 4.05pm. Return flights will depart from London Heathrow at 9.50pm, arriving in Abuja at 5.20am the following morning.' 	The airline's Managing Director, Mr Jason Holt, said 'Arik Air is extremely proud to connect Nigeria's federal capital directly with London. From: 'The Punch', Friday, November 20, 2009.

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Term 2

Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Weeks

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The washerman's donkey (part 1)

Once there was a monkey who lived in a big fruit tree near the sea. He was friends with a bia shark. (A shark is a very big fish.) One day the shark said to the monkey, if he eats the heart of 'I want you to come to my house to see our king and my family.'

'I can't swim', said the monkey. 'How can I get to your home?'

'You can sit on my back and I'll carry you', said the shark.

So the monkey jumped down on to the shark's back and the shark swam across the sea, carrying the monkey.

When they were a long way from the land, the shark said. 'I do not want you to see our home. Our king is ill and will only get better a monkey. So I am taking you to him.'

When he heard that, the monkey was afraid. He thought for a minute or two, and then said to the shark. 'I didn't bring my heart with me. I left my heart up in the tree.'

'If you left your heart up in the tree, I will take you back', said the shark.

When they got back the monkey climbed quickly up the tree. The shark sat down and waited for a very long time, but the monkey did not come down again. Then at last the shark called out, 'Monkey, are you coming down again?'

'Yes, my heart is here,' called back the monkey, 'but I'm not coming down again. Do you think I am like the washerman's donkey?'

'The washerman's donkey? Who is she?' said the shark.

'I'll explain', said the monkey, and he sat down and told the shark the story.

The washerman's donkey (part 2)

This is the story which the monkey told the shark.

The washerman beat his donkey and she had very little food to eat. One day, she ran away and went to live in the forest. She found plenty of good food there and she soon got fat.

There was a weak old lion living in the same forest who was taken care of by a rabbit. One day this lion said, 'I want some meat to eat. Can you find me some meat?'

'That will be easy,' said the rabbit. 'There is a fat donkey living near here. I'll tell her to come and see you. When she comes you can eat her'. The rabbit went to the donkey and said, 'The lion wants you to go to see him.'

'Why does the lion want to see me?' asked the donkey.

'He has heard how beautiful you are', said the rabbit, 'He is very ill and it will help him to look at a beautiful donkey like you.'

The donkey was very pleased, so she went with the rabbit to see the lion. When they came to his house the old lion tried to catch her, but the donkey kicked him hard and ran back to her part of the forest. Some days later, the rabbit said to the lion, 'I'll go and see that donkey again.'

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So the rabbit went to the donkey and said, 'Please, will you come and see the lion again?'

'No', said the donkey, 'he scratched me all over.'

'I am very sorry,' said the rabbit. 'That is how he shows he loves people. He wants to see you again. He is always talking about your beautiful face.'

'Well', said the donkey, 'If he loves me, I'll come again.'

So the donkey went to see the lion again. This time the lion was ready. As soon as he saw her he jumped on her and ate her.

The journeys of David Livingstone

In almost every part of Africa we remember men or women who travelled here a long time ago.

Some people opened schools, hospitals and missions. Some of you have may know a mission school or have been cared for in a mission hospital.

Other people came to Africa to find out about the plants and trees that grow here. They have brought us new types of plants, fruit and flowers.

Others came to learn about the country. They found out about the rivers, the mountains, hills, lakes and islands to make maps. One of these people was David Livingstone. He was a doctor. He spent many days travelling through Central Africa.

He found out that in Central Africa there were cruel people who bought men and women – and even children – and used them as slaves. They were tied together with great strong ropes and even iron, and had to travel a long way. David Livingstone told many people about this and helped to stop it.

When he died he was kneeling by his bed in his tent, saying his prayers.

Week 16 Journeys ۲

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BOR Parmates

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Letters/sounds

Words/phrases

cars

Assessment

'ue' blue glue due sue queue clue

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buses trucks trailers city horn selling travellers sand fish boat river grandmother

AND During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 16 Journeys Day 1

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City life

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By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Learning outcomes

Pronounce and demonstrate the sound the letter combination 'ue' makes.

Read and understand the content of a story.

Ask and answer questions in English.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the words containing the letter combination 'ue' on the chalkboard.

Write key words on the chalkboard.

Read Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116.

Find or draw a picture of a busy place, eg: a motor park or traffic jam.

Letters and sounds

¹⁵ minutes UE

Whole class teaching

Say the sound that the letter combination 'ue' makes, as in the word 'blue'.

Instruct the pupils to join in with you, making the sound together.

Ask some pupils to put up their hands if they can come out and underline 'ue' in the words on the chalkboard.

Ask some other pupils to put up their hands to say the sound of the 'ue' letter combination.

10 minutes		25 Macmillan New minutes Primary English 3		10 minutes
Introduction		Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Show the class the picture you have found or drawn.	Ask them to talk to each other about what they can see happening in the picture.		Ask the pupils to read the speech work in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 117.	Ask the pupils to read their sentences and show their pictures to the class.
	about what is happening it before.	Ask them to tell you	Tell one pupil to read Agnes' words and the other to read the teacher's words.	
	in the picture. Write their sentences on the chalkboard.	 the answers to the following questions: 'What happened at the start of the story?' 'What happened in the middle of the story?' 	Go round and help each pair. Ask them to draw a picture and write a sentence about it.	
		'What happened at the end of the story?' 'What did you like about the story?'		

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 16 Journeys Day 2

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James and Julia at the waterside

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Spell the key 'ue' words. Say the sound the combination of letters 'ue' makes. Listen to a simple story and recognise adjectives. **Teaching aids** chalkboard. Tell the pupils to write the words in their exercise books, thinking **Before the lesson:** about how to spell them. Write the words containing When the pupils have finished, the letter combination 'ue' on ask individual pupils to spell the chalkboard. the words. Read the story 'James and If their spellings are right, write Julia at the waterside'. them on the chalkboard, telling others to check their own spellings,

Write all the adjectives and their nouns from the story on the chalkboard (they are highlighted in the story).

Letters and sounds

¹⁵ minutes UE

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to pronounce the words on the chalkboard containing the letter combination 'ue'.

Ask some pupils to underline the combination in the words.

Ask them to note the spellings.

correcting them if necessary.

Rub off the words on the

Learning outcomes

10 Story minutes	25 minutes			10 Story minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Individual task	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Read the adjectives and their nouns that you have written on the chalkboard.	Explain that the first word (adjective) tells something more about the second – word (noun).	Ask pupils to choose one of the phrases and draw a picture of the words, eg: 'orange net', 'blue river'.	Ask the pupils to show each other what they have drawn and say what they like about fish.	Read the story to them again.
Ask pupils if they can tell you what they understand by each pair of words.		Ask them to underline the adjective.		
Tell them the story of 'James and Julia at the waterside' and ask them to listen for those phrases	_	Instruct pupils to change the adjective and draw a picture of the new phrase, eg: 'green net', 'wide river'.		
in the story. Draw the shape of a fish on the chalkboard and ask pupils to tell you what colours it might be.	_	Ask the pupils to draw a picture of a fish and write an adjective to describe their fish, eg: 'long fish'.	-	

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 16 Journeys Day 3

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James and Julia at the waterside

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most Whole class teaching pupils will be able to: Ask the pupils to put their hands Spell the key 'ue' words. up if they remember the 'ue' words they have learned (allow a thinking Say simple sentences in the time of 30 seconds). past tense. Tell them they are going to practise Use adjectives in a sentence. spelling 'ing' words. Give each group a set of letter **Teaching aids** cards from a-z. Give each group a 'ue' word for Before the lesson: them to spell using the cards. Make a set of a-z letter cards Ask pupils from each group to show their spelling to the whole for each group. class and say the word. Make a set of flash cards Ask the pupils from other groups containing adjectives: 'tall', 'big', 'soft', 'blue', 'old' if the spellngs are correct. and verbs in the past tense: If they are not, ask the pupils to 'found', 'saw', 'went', 'caught', say the correct spelling. 'cooked', 'played'. You will need one set for each group.

¹⁵ minutes UE

Letters and sounds

10 minutes		25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction		Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching		Group task		Individual task
Ask the pupils questions about the story 'James and Julia at the waterside', which they heard on Day 2. Tell the pupils that an adjective is a word that tells us more about a noun or pronoun, eg: big, green, tall, etc.	Ask the pupils, in turn, to use an adjective to describe the fish so that the list of adjectives to describe the fish grows, eg: 'This is a blue fish.' 'This is a big, blue fish.' 'This is a stripy, big, blue fish.'	Give each group a set of flash cards containing adjectives and another set containing verbs in the past tense. Ask them to put the two piles face down on the table and turn over the top card of each pile.	Call a pupil from each group to say one of their sentences.Write each group's sentence on the chalkboard.Ask pupils from other groups if the sentence is correct. If it is not, tell them to say the correct sentence.	Ask some pupils to put up their hands and come out to underline the adjectives in the sentences you have written on the chalkboard.
Brainstorm some adjectives and write their ideas on the chalkboard. Tell the pupils the sentence: This is a fish.'	-	Ask them to make a simple sentence in the past tense using both words on their flash card, eg: 'They saw a big fish.' 'They saw a tall man.'	-	

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 16 Journeys Day 4

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City life

Learning outcomes

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By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell the key 'ue' words.

Identify adjectives in simple sentences.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Look at the picture and read Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116.

Letters and sounds

¹⁵ minutes UE

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to put up their hands if they remember the 'ue' words they have learned.

Write the words on the chalkboard as they say them.

Tell them they are still going to learn how to spell the words.

Rub the words off the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to write the words in their exercise books while thinking about how to spell them correctly.

When they have finished, ask individuals to read the word and spell it, while the others listen and check their spellings are correct.

10 Macmillan New Primary English 3	25 Macmillan New minutes Primary English 3		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Group task
Read the story 'City life' in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116.	Ask the pupils to discuss the picture in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116 – (give them 5 minutes).	Still in the same groups, ask them to open Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 117.	Write the correct spellings on the chalkboard and ask pupils to check their answers.
Tell the class that they are still learning about how to use adjectives to describe things.	Ask each group to write one sentence about some- thing that is happening in the picture, trying to use an adjective in the sentence.	Tell the pupils to do the spelling activity in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 117, using the story to help them.	
	Ask each group to say their sentence.		
	Write each sentence on the chalkboard.		
	Ask a pupil to come out and underline the adjectives in the sentence.		
	If there is no adjective, ask the class if anyone can suggest one.		

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 16 Journeys Day 5

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City life

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Pronounce and demonstrate the sound the combination of letters 'ue' makes.

Read simple rhymes in English and illustrate their meaning.

Ask and answer simple questions in English.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Read Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116 and the questions on page 117.

Find a picture of a car.

Letters and sounds

¹⁵ minutes UE

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to put their hands up if they remember the sound they have learned during the week. If they don't, remind them.

Ask them to put their hands up if they can tell you the words that contain the combination of the letters 'ue'.

Write the words on the chalkboard as the pupils say them.

Ask pupils to put their hands up if they can pronounce the words correctly. If they can't, help them.

Ask each pair to think of a sentence containing one of the 'ue' words.

10Macmillan NewminutesPrimary English 3	25 Macmillan New minutes Primary English 3		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to look at the picture of a car.	Ask the pupils to look at the picture in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 116,	Peg all the pictures onto the string across the classroom.	Ask the pupils to read together all the sentences on the chalkboard.
Ask them to put their hands up to say what they can see.	thinking about the activities that are taking place.	Ask each group to answer questions i—v in Macmillan	
Ask the pupils to read part A of the story in Macmillan New Primary English 3,	Ask the pupils to draw a bus or car that they might	New Primary English 3, page 38 in full sentences.	
page 116.	see in the city.	After completing the task, call a pupil from each group	
Then ask them to read part B on pages 116—117.	Ask the pupils to share their pictures with the rest	to read out their sentences.	
	of the class.	Ask the pupils in the other groups if the sentences are correct. If they are not, let them say the correct sentences.	

Week 17 Farmers' fair

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Conditioner of Them

Letters/	sounds

Words/phrases

Assessment

ʻaw' jaw saw drawer hawk paw flaw

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swimming little travel journey orange blue water lake fish dinner holidays crocodiles yams maize tomatoes peppers farmer fair

During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Literacy lesson plans

Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 17 Farmers' fair Day 1

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Audu at the farmers' fair

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the sound the letters 'aw' make in a word.

Pronounce key words.

Read and understand the content of a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write 'aw' words on the chalkboard.

Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'yams', 'maize', 'tomatoes', 'peppers', 'farmer', 'fair'.

Read Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 108.

Letters and sounds

minutes **CW**

Whole class teaching

Say the sound that the letter combination 'aw' makes, as in 'paw'.

Pronounce the words that contain the sound while pupils listen and say them after you.

Ask the pupils if they know the meaning of any of the words. If they do not, explain the meaning to them in their local language.

Ask some pupils to put up their hands if they can come out and underline the letters 'aw' in the words on the chalkboard.

Ask some other pupils to put up their hands to say the sound of the letters.

ntroduction		Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to look	Tell the pupils to talk to	New Primary English 3, \overline{A}	Divide the class into pairs.	Read the story to the
at the picture in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 108.	each other about what they can see happening in the picture.		Ask each pair to read the same story once together.	 pupils again. This will help their understanding.
	Ask each pair to say one sentence about what they can see.	to follow the words in their textbooks while you read it.	Go round the class and help each pair with difficult words.	
	Ask the pupils what they know about fairs. Tell them to talk in their local language.		Tell them that this time, when they read the story, they should act the part of one of the characters	
	Explain to them that a fair		in the story.	
	is a place where people display their best products, in this case food.		Ask one or two of the pairs who are confident to act out their role play for the	
	Read the key words from the story, written on the chalkboard, and ask the pupils to say each one after you.		rest of the class.	

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 17 Farmers' fair Day 2

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Journey to the lake

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the sound the letter combination 'aw' makes.

Listen to a simple story.

Ask and answer simple questions about the story they have listened to.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the words containing 'aw' on the chalkboard.

Write the key words relating to the story on the chalkboard.

Read the story 'Journey to the lake' from the introduction.

Letters and sounds

minutes **CW**

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to read and say the words containing 'aw'.

Read the key words and give them 1 minute to look at the spellings.

Rub one word off the chalkboard and ask the pupils to write the word in their exercise books, thinking about how to spell it.

When they have finished, write the word on the chalkboard again and ask them to check their spelling, making corrections where necessary.

Repeat for four or five words.

Ask the pupils to check each other's spellings, correcting them if necessary.

10 Story minutes	25 minutes			10 Story minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching Ask the pupils what they can remember about last week's story, 'James and Julia at the waterside'. Write down anything they say on the chalkboard. Read them the story 'Journey to the lake'.	 Whole class teaching Ask the pupils the following questions about the story: 'Where did Lekan and Ronke go for their holidays?' 'What did they do on their holidays?' 'Did they learn any new things?' 'Did they do the same things as James and Julia, or did they do different things?' 	Write the answers to the final question on the chalkboard. Ask pupils to divide a page in their exercise books into four equal parts, and on one side, write 'James and Julia at the waterside' and on the other side 'Journey to the lake'. In the top boxes, ask them to draw something	In the bottom boxes, ask them to draw something that was different, eg: Lekan and Ronke went out in a sailing boat, Julia and James went out in a wooden boat. Ask the pupils to show each other what they have drawn and say what interests them in the drawings.	Whole class teaching Read the story to the pupils again.
	'Which activities were the same, and which were different?'	that the children did in each story that is the same, eg: they both went fishing with an orange net.		

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Lesson title		15 minutes CIVV
Shady tree	Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds
	By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:	Group task Give each group letter cards
	Spell the words that the blend of letters 'aw' makes.	from a—z. Ask each group to spell an 'aw'
	Write some simple sentences using adjectives.	word, show their spelling to the whole class and say the word.
	Identify adjectives in simple sentences.	Tell each person in the group to write down a word they can spell, without telling anyone else in the group.
	Before the lesson:	Ask them to find the letter cards that spell it and lay them face down on the table.
	Have ready a set of a—z cards and an additional 'r' for each group.	Ask another person in the group to turn over the cards, see if they
	Make flash cards containing the key words.	 can guess what the word is and then put the cards in the right order to spell it correctly.
	On the chalkboard write some sentences containing adjectives.	/

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 17 Farmers' fair Day 3

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10 minutes	25 minutes	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Pair task
Tell the pupils you are going to continue working on adjectives. Ask the pupils to put their hands up if they can tell you what an adjective is (if they can't, remind them).	Take the pupils outside to look at a tree.Ask them to bring their exercise books and a pencil.Tell them to draw the tree in their exercise books, looking carefully at its shape.Ask them to tell you as many words as possible that they can think of to describe the tree, eg: 'shady tree'.When you get back to the classroom, write their words on the chalkboard.Ask them to find the picture of the tree they drew and choose three adjectives to write on the picture.	Ask them to show their pictures and read their words to each other.

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 17 Farmers' fair Day 4

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Journey to the lake

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Recognise simple words.

Sequence a story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Make a list of 10 words that the pupils have learned during the past week, words which would be quite easy to draw.

Read the story 'Journey to the lake'.

Make one set of sentence flash cards for each group using the sentences in the main activity, opposite.

Letters and sounds

aw

Group task

minutes

Go round each group and tell them a word from your list (quietly, so that the other groups cannot hear).

Ask one person from each group to come out and draw a picture of that word, without speaking or writing any letters.

Ask the rest of the groups to try and guess the word.

Give a point to the group which guesses the word correctly.

Ask each group to spell the word out loud.

Give each group a point for spelling it correctly.

Repeat with the other words, then add up the total number of points for each group.

10 Story minutes			25 minutes	10 minutes
Introduction			Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching			Group task	Group task
Give each group two of the following phrase cards, which match together to make one sentence:	 'Lekan and Ronke' 'liked their holidays too' 'it was a long journey' 'to get there' 'they used their orange net' 'to catch the fish' 'they often went out' 'in a wooden rowing boat' 'they also went swimming' 'in the blue water' 'they were very sorry' 'when their holiday ended' 	Instruct each group to make a complete sentence and read their sentence to the rest of the class. Ask one member of each group to bring their sentence and stand at the front. Tell the class to work together to put the sentences in the correct order of the story. Ask each group to make up a short role play, which tells the story of their sentence.	Give each group a set of flash cards and ask them to put them together to make six sentences about the story. Ask pupils to read the sentences to each other and put them in the order in which they happened in the story. Ask them to make up a short role play for each sentence in the correct order, to make a story.	Ask the groups to role play their sentences in the correct order so that the whole class tells the story.

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 17 Farmers' fair Day 5

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My journey

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils should be able to:

Pronounce and demonstrate the sound the blend of letters 'aw' makes.

Write a simple story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Read the story 'Journey to the lake'.

Letters and sounds

15 minutes **QW**

Whole class teaching

Ask pupils to put their hands up if they can write the words that contain the letter combination 'aw'.

Write the words on the chalkboard as they say them.

Ask them to put their hands up if they can pronounce the words correctly. If they can't, help them.

Dictate the following sentences to the class to write in their exercise books: 'I saw a dog with four paws.' 'I saw a hawk fly in the sky.'

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Individual task		Whole class teaching
Ask the class to discuss a journey they have taken to visit a relative or friend.	Ask them to divide a page of their exercise books into four and number each	books in each box which describes	Ask one or two pupils to share their stories with the rest of the class.
Brainstorm words to describe the experience, eg: tired, long, bumpy, etc.	box 1—4. Ask the pupils to draw four pictures which tell the story of their journey in the correct order, eg: 1 The journey. 2 One thing they did while they were there. 3 Another thing they did while they were there. 4 Arriving home.	Encourage them to add an adjective before their nouns and help them think of an appropriate one, eg: 'I ate a huge plate of yam.'	

Week 18 Journeys

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Letters/sounds

Words/phrases

Assessment

'wh' when where which white who what whole wheel whip while

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announce non-stop statement operate depart international arriving far missions tried lead wild sailing plants trees slaves travelling

During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 18 Journeys Day 1

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Arik Air flies to London

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By the end of the lesson, most	Whole class teaching
pupils will be able to:	Say the sound that 'wh' makes.
Say the sound that the letter combination 'wh' makes.	Ask the pupils to join in with you, making the sound together.
Listen to and understand factual accounts.	Show the pupils the words containing 'wh' on the chalkboard
Teaching aids	Ask them to discuss in pairs if they notice any pattern in the words. If they do, let them put up
Before the lesson:	their hands and say it.
Write the words containing the blend of 'wh' on the chalkboard.	 Ask pupils to put up their hands if they can underline 'wh' in the words on the chalkboard.
Write key words on the chalkboard.	
Read the newspaper report Arik Air flies to London'.	

15 minutes **wh**

10 minutes	25 Story minutes			10 minutes	
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary	
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching		Pair task	Whole class teaching	
 a picture of an aeroplane and discuss with each other, in their local language, what they know about aeroplanes. Ask them to put up their hands and share their ideas about aeroplanes, in their local language. Explain to them the an account of an a which people wan one to know about Ask if any pupils of tell you anything of the passage. Explain in your loog language that it is paper account, ar that Arik Air will fly 	Read the pupils the news- paper account 'Arik Air flies to London'.	 the pupils to listen carefully for the answers to the following questions: the pupils to listen carefully for the answers to the following questions: Which days will Arik Air fly to London?' Which airport will they fly from?' What is the name of the airport in London?' What time will the plane arrive in Abuja?' 	Ask the pupils if they can tell you why people travel on aeroplanes.	Ask each pair to give you their answers.	
	Explain to them that it is an account of an event which people want every- one to know about.		Ask the pupils to give you the name of each of the following: a village		
	Ask if any pupils can tell you anything about the passage.		'What is the name of	a town a big city Tell them to discuss	_
	Explain in your local language that it is a news- paper account, announcing that Arik Air will fly to the UK every week.		how they could travel to each of those places.		

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 18 Journeys Day 2

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The journeys of **David Livingstone**

By the end of the lesson, most Whole class teaching pupils will be able to: Recognise the letters 'wh' in words. Ask and answer simple questions In pairs, ask them to discuss about a story. how to say the sound. Spell the key words. **Teaching aids** of the class. **Before the lesson:** Write the 'wh' words and the key words on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to come out, Find the sets of a-z letter cards (one for each pair of pupils). Read the story 'The journeys the words. of David Livingstone' from the introduction.

¹⁵ minutes **Wh**

Letters and sounds

Ask the pupils to put up their hands if they can remember the sound they were taught the previous day.

Tell the pupils to put up their hands if they can show the rest

Ask other pupils if they were correct. If not, tell them to say the right sound. If they can't, show them how.

underline the letters, and read one of the 'wh' words you wrote earlier (one each). Do this for all

Learning outcomes

10 minutes	25 Story minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Read the list of words to the pupils and check they all understand their meaning.	Ask the pupils to sit in a circle.	Ask each pair to discuss the story and write down one question that they would	Ask them the following questions about the story. Give them a few minutes
Ask pupils to look at	Ask them what they can remember about the	like to ask about the story.	to discuss each answer:
the words and think how to spell them.	newspaper story from the previous day.	Ask one pupil from each pair to say the question,	'Why did people come to Africa a long time ago?'
Rub the words off the chalkboard, and give each	Explain that you are going to read them another	and ask other pupils to answer them.	'What are some different plants and trees you
pair letter cards to spell one of the words.	account of events. This tells a story about things	Read them 'The journeys of David Livingstone' again.	can find in your local area?'
Ask each pair to spell the word for the rest of the class.	that happened in Africa a long time ago.		
Write the words on the chalk- board until all the words have been correctly spelled.	Go round the circle and ask each pupil to tell you one thing about Nigeria, in their local language.	-	

Read 'The journeys of David Livingstone' to the pupils.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 18 Journeys Day 3

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Simple Sentences

Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds
By the end of the lesson most pupils should be able to:	Pair task Ask pairs to tell each other the
Spell and say some words that the letters 'wh' make.	sound they have been learning this week.
Say simple sentences in the past tense.	Ask one pupil to say the letters and another to say the sound.
Teaching aids	Instruct each pair to write down as many words as they can with t letter combination 'wh'.
Before the lesson: Read the story: 'The journeys	Ask the rest of the pupils if their spelling is right. If not, ask them to say the correct spelling.
of David Livingstone'.	When the words are spelled
Write the following sentences on the chalkboard:	 correctly, ask pupils to tell you some simple sentences which
'Some people <mark>opened</mark> schools, hospitals and missions.'	use the word. Write their sentences on the
'Others <mark>came</mark> to learn about the country.'	chalkboard.

15 minutes Wh

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10 Game minutes	25 minutes			10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Pair task	Pair task		Whole class teaching
Arrange the furniture in a U-shape and ask the pupils to stand in a circle in the middle. Go round the circle and give each pupil one of these words from 'The journeys of David Livingstone': 'hill', mountain', 'lake', 'island'. Call out the word and those who have been given that word should change places with each other. Play the game for about 5 minutes, making it as much fun as possible. (Avoid playing the game for more than 5 minutes, as the pupils will get bored).	Tell pupils to discuss the account they listened to the previous day.Ask one pupil from each pair to say one statement about it.Ask other pupils to say if the statement is true.If it is true, write it on the chalkboard. (Do this until all the major points have been covered).Ask pupils to read the sentences written on the chalkboard.	 Explain to pupils that the past tense tells us about actions in the past. Read the sentences you wrote on the chalkboard and ask a pupil to underline the verb in the past tense in each sentence. Write the following words on the chalkboard and explain that these are verbs in the past tense: 'saw' 'went', 'came' 	Ask pupils to discuss and think of a sentence using these words. Call a pupil in each pair to use one of the words in a sentence. Ask the pupils to tell you the present tense of these verbs and put them into a sentence, eg: see \Rightarrow saw go \Rightarrow went come \Rightarrow came	Write down each correct sentence on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to come out and read them.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 18 Journeys Day 4

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The journeys of **David Livingstone**

Learning outcomes	Letters and sounds
By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Write simple sentences in the past tense. Sing a simple song in English and illustrate its meaning.	Whole class teaching Ask the pupils to put up their hand to tell you the letter combination they have been learning since the beginning of the week. Ask them to say the sound.
Teaching aids	Tell the pupils to put up their hands if they remember some of the words containing 'wh' that they have learned.
Before the lesson: Read the song 'I see the moon' in Macmillan New Primary English 3, page 42, number 2.	Ask one pupil to mention a word and another pupil to spell it. (Do this until you have at least six 'wh' words.)
Write the first and second verses of the song on the chalkboard.	Write every correct spelling on the chalkboard.
	Ask individual pupils to read all the words on the chalkboard.

15 minutes **Wh**

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hands

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10 Story minutes	25 minutes	10Macmillan NewminutesPrimary English 3
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to tell you about 'The journeys of David Livingstone'.	Ask the pupils to discuss the story together in groups. Ask them to divide	Ask them to look at the song 'I see the moon' in Macmillan New Primary
Ask them to tell you any- thing they know about why people came to Africa.	a page of their exercise books into four.	English 3, page 42, number 2. Ask them to sing the song
Write their statements on the chalkboard.	Ask them to draw four things they know about people coming to Africa, based	and make up some actions. Ask all the girls to sing
Check that they understand the meaning of the words.	on the story you have read them this week.	the song. Then ask all the boys to
Read the story to the pupils again.	Ask the pupils to try and write a sentence about their picture.	sing the song. Tell the whole class to sing the song together.

Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 18 Journeys Day 5

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Guided writing

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Answer questions about a story.

Speak to each other using simple English sentences.

Read simple rhymes in English and illustrate their meaning.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write 20 words that pupils have recently learned on the chalkboard.

Write the following questions: 'Who is David Livingstone?' 'Where did he travel through?' 'What did he see on his journeys?' 'What did he find out?' 'What did he do to help?'

Gather stones or counters (enough for up to eight for each pupil).

Letters and sounds

Game

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to divide a page of their exercise books into eight.

Ask the pupils to help you read the 20 words which you have written on the chalkboard.

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Ask them to choose eight of them and write one word in each square on their page.

Call out the words one at a time in any order, and ask pupils to use a stone or a counter to cover up the word as you say it.

The first person to cover up all eight words on their page is the winner.

Play this game again once or twice.

10 Story	25	10			
minutes	minutes	minutes			
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary		
Whole class teaching	Group task	Pair task	Whole class teaching		
Ask the pupils to discuss	Instruct them to discuss	Ask the pupils to discuss	Ask some pupils to		
any of the stories they have	as a group, then write	the questions you wrote	put their hands up and		
learned this week.	or draw anything they	on the chalkboard.	read their answers		
Read out the last paragraph of 'The journeys	- have learned about David Livingstone.	Ask them to write the answers in sentences in	 to specific questions. Ask the rest of the 		
of David Livingstone',	Ask one person from each	their exercise books.	pupils if they are correct.		
which tells about David	group to say something		If not, ask them to give		
Livingstone.	about David Livingstone.		the correct answer.		

Week 19 The washerman's donkey

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Letters/sounds

Words/phrases

Assessment

'ph' graph photographer orphan trophy phone photo

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swam carry better shark sea wait ill island afraid heart behind quickly

climbed

During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Lessor

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 19 The washerman's donkey Day 1

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Once there was a monkey

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most <u>pupils will be able to:</u>

Say the sound the letters 'ph' make in a word.

Understand and enjoy a story.

Read simple sentences in English.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the 'ph' words on the chalkboard.

Read 'The washerman's donkey (part 1)'. Practise different voices for each character.

Write the sentences about the story (see introduction, opposite) on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

15 minutes

Whole class teaching

Say the sound that the letter combination 'ph' makes and ask the pupils to join you in making the sound.

Ask the pupils to put up their hands if they can come out and underline the combination 'ph' in the words written on the chalkboard.

Say the 'ph' words that you have written on the chalkboard.

Ask some pupils to come out and read the words.

Explain the meaning of the words through pictures or actions.

10 Story minutes			25 Story minutes	10 Story minutes
Introduction			Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching			Group task	Whole class teaching
Explain that you are going to read a story called 'The washerman's donkey.'	Explain that these sentences are part of the story and ask them to listen for them	Ask if anyone can tell you anything about the story in English.	Collect some large sheets of paper for each group of pupils to draw on, eg:	Ask each group to hold up their picture for everyone to see and say
Read the following sentences which you have written on the chalkboard, and help the pupils understand their meaning: 'Once there was a monkey	as you read the story. Ask if anyone can tell you anything about the story, using their local language, eg: 'What happened at	Write their ideas on the board. Read out the sentences you have written on the chalkboard.	 the back of old calendars. Read the story again, asking the pupils to listen for the sentences that you have written on the chalkboard. 	their sentence. Read the story again, asking each group to hold up their picture when they hear their sentence.
who lived in a big fruit tree near the sea.' 'The shark swam across the sea, carrying the monkey.'	the beginning of the story?' 'What happened at the end of the story?' 'What did the monkey do?'		Give each group one of the sentences on the chalkboard and a large sheet of blank paper.	-
'I left my heart up in the tree.' 'Yes my heart is here,' called back the monkey, 'but I'm not coming down again.'			Ask them to draw a picture which shows the meaning of their sentence.	_

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Lessor title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 19 The washerman's donkey Day 2

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I left my heart up in the tree

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Say the sound the letters 'ph' make in a word. Listen to a simple story. Say simple dialogue in English. Teaching aids Before the lesson:

Write the 'ph' words on the chalkboard.

Learning outcomes

Write the key words on the chalkboard and make sure that you can explain their meaning.

Practise reading the story 'The washerman's donkey (part 1)'.

Write dialogue from the main activity on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds

15 minutes

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils if they can say the words containing the letter combination 'ph' written on the chalkboard.

Ask them if anyone can underline the letter combination 'ph' in the words.

Pair task

Give each pair one of the key words.

Ask them to write it down and practise reading it.

Explain to each pair the meaning of their word.

Ask each pair to do an action to illustrate the word.

Ask them to show the action to the rest of pupils and see if they can guess what the word is.

10 Story minutes		25 minutes		10 Song minutes
Introduction		Main activity	Plenary	
Whole class teaching		Whole class teaching	Pair task	Whole class teaching
Write the following dialogue on the chalkboard: Monkey: 'I can't swim.'	Ask the pupils what they can remember about the story you read to them	Read the simple sentences that you wrote on the chalkboard.	Ask each pair of pupils to decide who will be the shark, and who the monkey.	Sing 'Five little speckled frogs' together with the class.
Shark: 'Sit on my back and I'll carry you.'	the previous day. Read them the story	Explain that these are the words that the shark	Tell them to practise reading the words they	Remind the class that rhyming words are words
Shark: 'Our king is ill. He wants your heart.'	'The washerman's donkey (part 1)' again.	and the monkey say to each other.	say to each other.	that sound the same.
Monkey: 'I didn't bring my heart with me.'	Ask them if they under- stood anything new about	Ask two pupils to be the shark and the monkey	the dialogue.	some of the rhyming word in the song:
Monkey: 'I left it up in the tree.'	the story from listening to it today.	and read the dialogue to the rest of the class.	Ask one or two pairs to show their short role play to the rest of the class.	Five little speckled frogs sat on a speckled log
Shark: 'I will take you back.'			Individual task	eating the most delicious grubs, yum yum.
Monkey: 'I can see my heart up there.'			Ask the pupils to draw	One fell into the pool
Shark: 'Are you coming down again?'			a picture of a monkey or shark, and choose one	where it was nice and coo then there were four green speckled frogs, glub glub.
Monkey: 'I'm not coming down again.'			of their sentences to write in a speech bubble.	speckied irogs, glub glub.

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 19 The washerman's donkey Day 3

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The monkey climbed the tree

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to: Spell the 'ph' words. Write simple sentences in the past tense. the chalkboard. Retell a story. **Teaching aids** Group task **Before the lesson:** Have ready a set of a-z letter cards for each group. the letter cards. Make flash cards containing the key words: 'swam', 'climbed', 'waited'. 'carried'. correct spelling.

Letters and sounds

15 minutes

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to put their hands up if they can remember any words with the letter combination 'ph'.

Write the words they say on

Tell them they are going to learn how to spell the words.

Give each group a set of letters of the alphabet and a 'ph' word for them to spell using

Ask a pupil from each group to show their spelling to the whole class and say the word.

Ask the pupils from other groups if they are correct. If they are not, ask them to say the

10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to sit in a circle.	In their groups, give the pupils flash cards containing - the key words.	Explain to the pupils that these sentences are all in the <mark>past</mark> tense.	Ask a pupil from each group to read out the sentences they have written.
Go round the circle, asking each pupil to say one thing they can tell you about the monkey or the shark from the story 'The washerman's donkey (part 1)'.	Ask them to use the key words to make two or three simple sentences and write them in their exercise books, eg:	Ask them if they can say the sentences again this time, changing the verb so that it is in the present tense, eg:	Write each sentence on the chalkboard. Ask pupils from other groups if the sentence is correct. If it is not, ask them to
	'The shark swam across the sea.' 'The monkey climbed	swam → <mark>swims</mark> climbed → <mark>climbs</mark> waited → <mark>waits</mark>	say the correct sentence.
	the tree.'	carried → carries	

Lesso title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 19 The washerman's donkey Day 4

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The washerman's donkey

on the chalkboard.

Letters and sounds Learning outcomes By the end of the lesson, most Whole class teaching pupils will be able to: Ask the pupils to put up their Spell the words that the hands if they remember the 'ph' combination of 'ph' makes. words they have learned. Write three sentences to retell Write the words on the chalkboard part of a story. as they say them. Ask the pupils to complete the **Teaching aids** 'word search', looking for 'ph' words. Check all the pupils have found all the words. **Before the lesson:** Draw the 'word search' (shown opposite on the far right)

15 minutes

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10 Story minutes	25 minutes	10 Song minutes								
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary	Þ							
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching								
Sit the class in a circle.	Ask each group to go out-	Ask the pupils to form	Woi	rd s	ear	ch				
Ask each person to	side and collect a selection of sticks, stones, leaves, etc.	a circle.	0	r	р	h	а	n	j	k
say the name of		Ask them to choose their	f	е	n	0	m	X	е	n
their favourite animal.		favourite songs to sing.			h	р	u			
Read them the story	objects to make a picture on the floor, a picture which		h o	g s	O f	r V	y o	h b	g k	g s
'The washerman's donkey	tells a part of the story.		t		k	n	c	p	j	a
(part 1)'.	. ,		0	r	е	р	g	y	h	m
	Ask them to write three sentences about their		x	р	h	u	m	V	d	У
	picture, which tell that part of the story.		orpl trop pho	ohy						
	Ask each group to show the rest of the class their pictures and read their sentences out loud.		pho	ito						

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 19 The washerman's donkey Day 5

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A story about animals

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Letters and sounds Learning outcomes By the end of the lesson, most Pair task pupils will be able to: Say one of the words with the Spell words containing the letter letter combination 'ph' and combination 'ph'. ask all pupils to write it in their exercise books. Tell a simple story. Ask one pupil to come out Write a simple story. and write one of the words on the chalkboard. **Teaching aids** Ask the other pupils to check they have spelled them correctly, and give themselves a point **Before the lesson:** if they have. Write the key words on Continue, until all the words the chalkboard. have been spelled.

15 minutes

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10 minutes		25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction		Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching		Group task		Whole class teaching
Ask the pupils to sit in a circle.	Ask the pupil sitting next to you to say one sentence – telling something which	Give each group a large piece of paper and ask them to divide it into four,	Ask the pupils to look at their notes and draw an answer to each question	Ask each group to read their story to the rest of the class.
Explain that you are all going to tell a story in their local language.	happened to the lion, then the next pupil continues the story, etc.	labelling the boxes 1—4.	in the box with the matching number to make a story.	
Start the story with an opening sentence and explain to the pupils that they should each continue the story with one sentence of their own.	Continue round the circle until everyone has had the chance to contribute.	 different animals and make up answers to the following questions (in their local language), noting down the answers: 1 Where do the animals live? 	Help them to write simple sentences about each picture. This will tell a story.	
Say the starting sentence: In a forest at the edge of the village, there lived a hungry lion'.	_	2 Are they friends or enemies? 3 One of the animals has a problem. What do they think it is?		
		4 How do they solve it?		

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Week 20 The washerman's donkey

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Words/phrases

Assessment

'ew' dew new few flew drew view news grew

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donkey washerman one day forest lion strong fat beautiful rabbit scratch face jump ate love pleased heard took care of him During the lesson, walk round the classroom and ask questions to see if the pupils clearly understand what you have taught them. If not, help them to understand by explaining the idea to them again, or asking other pupils to help them. You may need to use some different examples of the idea.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 20 The washerman's donkey Day 1

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Donkey

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the sound that the letters 'ew' make in a word.

Listen to and understand a story in English.

Answer questions about the story.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Write the words containing the blend of 'ew' on the chalkboard.

Read 'The washerman's donkey (part 2)' and make sure you can read it aloud easily and in an interesting way. Use different voices for the lion, the donkey and the rabbit.

Bring in or draw a picture of a donkey.

Letters and sounds

ew

minutes

Whole class teaching

Say the sound that the letter blend 'ew' makes.

Ask the pupils to join in with you, making the same sound.

Ask some pupils to come out and underline the blend of 'ew' in the words on the chalkboard, saying the sound as they do.

Tell the pupils to read the list of 'ew' words on the chalkboard to each other, trying to sound out the words, eg: 'f—ew' = 'few.'

Ask pupils to read one word out to the class, and encourage others to help them if they are stuck.

10 minutes	25 Story minutes			10 Story minutes
Introduction	Main activity			Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching			Whole class teaching
Show the pupils a picture of a donkey.	Tell the pupils you are going to read them a story	Read the story 'The washer- man's donkey (part 2)'.	Ask the following questions one at a time, allowing	Read the story to the pupils again – this will help
Ask the pupils to discuss everything they know about donkeys.	 about a donkey. Explain that this donkey was beaten by her master 	Ask the pupils if they can tell you what happened to the donkey at the end of	 3 minutes for the pupils to discuss each answer in pairs before telling the class: 	their understanding.
Tell them these facts about donkeys: 'Donkeys make a very	 so she went away to live in the forest, where she met a lion who wanted to catch her and eat her. 	the story.	'Which animals lived in the forest?' 'Why did the lion want to see the donkey?'	
loud noise called a bray.' 'Donkeys like to live in desert areas.' 'Donkeys can kick very	Ask them to put up their hands if they think that the lion will eat her at the end of the story.	_	'What did the lion do to the donkey the first time?' 'What did the rabbit tell the donkey about	
hard with their back legs.' 'Another name for a donkey is an ass.'	Ask them to listen carefully to find out.	_	his scratches?'	

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 20 The washerman's donkey Day 2

Animal characters

Learning outcomes Letters and sounds By the end of the lesson, most Whole class teaching pupils will be able to: Ask the pupils to say the words Write the 'ew' words on containing 'ew' on the chalkboard. the chalkboard. Call some pupils to come out and underline 'ew' in the words. Listen to a simple story. Identify characteristics of the Ask them if anyone knows what animals in the story. each word means. Ask them to copy the words into **Teaching aids** their exercise books and draw a picture to illustrate each word. **Before the lesson:** Write the words containing the blend of 'ew' on the chalkboard. Read the story 'The washerman's donkey (part 2)'.

15 minutes **EW**

Write the names of the animals in the story on small pieces of paper and fold them.

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10 Story minutes	25 minutes	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Pair task
Sit the pupils in a circle and ask them to tell you something they can remember about the story 'The washerman's donkey'.	Tell a member from each group to pick a folded piece of paper with the name of one of the story characters on it.	Take the class outside and ask them to draw pictures of the animals from the story in the ground, using sticks. Ask them to write one or
Read the story 'The washer- man's donkey (part 2)' to the class, making it as much fun as possible.	Ask each group to open their folded paper and write down any words which describe the character written on it.	two words about the picture underneath each one.
Ask them the names of the main characters in the story (the lion, the donkey, the rabbit).	Ask them to put those words into sentences. Ask a pupil from each group to read out what they have written.	

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 20 The washerman's donkey Day 3

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The lion is going to eat the donkey



10 minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Whole class teaching		Pair task
Read out the key words and explain their meaning in the pupils' local language.	Ask the pupils to put their hands up and say what they can remember	Tell the pupils that we use the expressions: 'going to' or ' <mark>will</mark> ' to	Ask each pair to use the future tense to say what they will do at home this evening,
Ask the pupils to divide a page of their exercise books into eight.	about the story of 'The washerman's donkey'. Tell the pupils that you	express <mark>future</mark> events. Ask them to listen to these sentences and say which	eg: 'This evening I am going to'. Ask one or two pupils
Ask them to choose eight words from the chalk- board and write one in	are going to teach them how to say things that will happen in the future.	words tell them that it is an event which will happen in the future:	to say their sentences to the rest of the class.
each square.		'The donkey <mark>will</mark> go and live in the forest.'	
Ask them to collect eight stones/counters.		'The rabbit will tell the donkey about the lion.'	
Read out the words in any order and if they have one of the words they cover it with a stone/counter.		'The lion is <mark>going</mark> <mark>to</mark> eat the donkey.'	
The first person to cover all their words is			

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the winner.

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Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 20 The washerman's donkey Day 4

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The donkey will

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell 'ew' words.

Use the future tense.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

- Write the following sentences on strips of card:
- 'The donkey went to live in the forest.'
- 'The lion has heard how beautiful you are.'
- 'The donkey went with the rabbit to see the lion.'
- 'She kicked the lion hard and ran back to her part of the forest.'
- 'He jumped on her and ate her.'

Letters and sounds

Game

Whole class teaching

Play the game 'Who stole the meat from the soup pot' with the pupils.

ew

All together: 'Who stole the meat from the soup pot?' Leader: 'Ade stole the meat from the soup pot.' Ade: 'Who, me?' All together: 'Yes, you.' Ade: 'Not me.' All together: 'Then who?' Ade: 'Bola stole the meat from the soup pot...' (Repeat until the names of about six pupils have been mentioned).

Ask the pupils to draw a table and make their own 'word search', hiding three or four 'ew' words in the square.

Ask them to find a partner to do the 'word search' they have made.

10 Story minutes	25 minutes		10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity		Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task		Whole class teaching
Read the story 'The washerman's donkey	Give each group a sentence card.	Instruct one person from each group to come out	Ask one or two pupils to read out the sentences
(part 2)' to the class.	Tell them to read the sentence and discuss	 and hold their sentence up so that everyone can see. 	in the correct order, so that they make a story.
	the question: 'What will happen after this?'	Ask the rest of the class to work together to	_
	Ask them to write one sentence, telling what will happen next in the story, using the starting phrase: 'The donkey will' 'The lion will'	 put the sentences in the correct order. 	
	Ask the groups to read out their sentences to the rest of the class.	_	

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Lesson title

Literacy lesson plans Primary 3

Term 2 Creating opportunities for classroom talk

Week 20 The washerman's donkey Day 5

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Guided writing

Learning outcomes

By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell 'ew' and 'ph' words correctly.

Retell a story through drama.

Teaching aids

Before the lesson:

Collect a selection of scraps of material, cardboard, large leaves, sticks, etc.

Letters and sounds

Whole class teaching

Play 'I went on a journey to...' Ask the first pupils to say a town beginning with the letter A, the second beginning with the letter B etc, eg: Abuja, Badagry, Calabar.

ew

Play for about 5 minutes.

Say the words with the letter combinations 'ph' and 'ew' and ask the pupils to write them down in their exercise books, trying to spell them correctly.

Write the correct spellings on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to sit in pairs and check each other's work to see how many are correct.

Ask them to correct any words that they spelled incorrectly.

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10 Story minutes	25 minutes	10 minutes
Introduction	Main activity	Plenary
Whole class teaching	Group task	Whole class teaching
Read the story 'The washerman's donkey' (parts 1 and 2).	Divide the class into groups of five and ask each person in the group to	Ask each group to show their role play to the rest of the class.
Ask the pupils to help you make a list of the characters in the story.	choose which character from the story they will pretend to be.	
Ask the pupils to tell you about each part of the story.	Ask them to practise a short play of the whole story and be prepared to show it to the rest of the class.	
	Give out a selection of scraps of material, etc to each group.	
	Ask them to use the material to change them into that character.	

Credits

Special thanks go to:

In 2008, Kwara State carried out a Teachers' Development Needs Assessment for all primary school teachers. This showed that most teachers in Kwara State did not have strong literacy and numeracy skills. The Kwara State Government responded by developing a strategy to support existing teachers and improve new teachers' pre-service training.

These literacy and numeracy lesson plans, developed by the Kwara State School Improvement Team, were part of that strategy. Two years after introducing these plans alongside the training and support programme, Kwara State began to see strong improvements in teachers' teaching skills and pupils' learning outcomes. The Honourable Commissioner and staff of the Kwara State Ministry of Education and Human Capital Development, as well as the Kwara State Universal Basic Education Board for their support and valuable input and for agreeing to share these plans with other states.

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