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Literacy lesson plans Primary 5, term 1, weeks 6—10 Rainforests, responsibility and keeping clean

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#### Introduction

The commitment of the Lagos State Government towards improving the quality of education has continued to take priority in her efforts to move the State forward. This is evident in successes recorded so far in the School Improvement Programme (SIP) initiated for this purpose and supported by the Education Sector Support Programme in Nigeria (ESSPIN).

With the introduction of the full literacy and numeracy lesson plans. which came after the initial pilot abridged version, the story of ineffective methods of teaching of literacy and numeracy is changing. The introduction of the lesson plans was to ensure that classroom teachers' capacity was improved. Among other things, the lesson plans sought to address the issue of poor methods of teaching by offering a step-by-step guidance to teachers on how to deliver good quality lessons in literacy and numeracy.

The complete modules of the lesson plans for Primary 1 to 3 were produced through the efforts of school improvement personnel such as the State School Improvement Team (SSIT) and the technical assistance from ESSPIN, funded by the UK Department for International Development (DFID). Within the short period of being introduced, the Primary 1 to 3 lesson plans have yielded a significant improvement in the teachers' approach to handling literacy and numeracy in our schools. This in turn had impacted positively on the performance of our pupils in the two subjects.

It is therefore with the same expectation of positive results that I introduce the newly produced lesson plans in literacy and numeracy for Primary 4 and 5 for use in our 1007 public primary schools to further improve the quality of primary education, as the bedrock of our education system in Lagos State.

#### **Gbolahan K Daodu**

Executive Chairman, Lagos State Universal Basic Education Board

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The literacy lesson plans help you teach reading, writing, grammar, speaking and listening. Each week focuses on either reading or writing.

How

How?

This section illustrates a key concept through simple instructions and photographs. A sign at the top of the column shows you which part of the lesson uses this resource.

#### **Learning expectations**

Every pupil in the class will be at a different stage of understanding in literacy. The first page of each week identifies learning expectations for the week. These learning expectations are broken into three levels:

What **all** pupils will be able to do.

What **most** pupils will be able to do.

What **some** pupils will be able to do.

#### **Assessment**

Weeks 7 and 9 include an assessment task (found on the weekly page) for you to carry out with five pupils at the end of the week. This will help you find out whether they have met the learning expectations.

Next to the task, there is an example of a pupil's work, which shows what a pupil can do if they have met the learning expectations.

If most pupils have not met the learning expectations, you may have to teach some of the week again.

For reading tasks, ask pupils to write answers in their exercise books so you can see what they can do.

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#### **Spelling**

Each lesson starts with a spelling section. Pupils need to identify sounds in words in order to spell them. Tell them to try to sound out words before they spell them.

#### **Grammar**

Pupils will be taught different types of grammar to help them improve their writing and reading.

#### Comprehension

Pupils will do activities to help them understand the passage they have been reading. Activities might be questions, role plays or drawing pictures.

#### Reading

Arrange the class into groups of eight or fewer for supported group activities. There are four activities, A, B, C and D, which each group will complete during the week.

If you have a very large class, you may have more than one group for each letter.

#### **Shared writing**

Take ideas for writing from the whole class. Write their ideas on the chalkboard and ask questions to develop their ideas and produce a piece of writing.

#### **Guided writing**

Take ideas for writing from a group of pupils. Guide them to write by explaining and showing examples of good writing. Work with the group to produce one piece of writing.

#### Independent writing

Pupils practise good writing using the skills learned during the week. This should be their own ideas and writing, not copied from the chalkboard.

#### **Brainstorm**

Gather ideas for writing by collecting words and phrases that pupils can use during independent writing.
Write the title in the middle of the chalkboard.

Ask questions, and as they reply, write their answers around the title to make a spider diagram.

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

## Week 6: Tropical rainforests

#### Words/phrases

## Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

rainforest
throughout
produce
region
layers
lowest
millions
destroying
clearing
scientists
discovered
traditional

#### **Learning expectations**

#### By the end of the week:

### All pupils will be able to:

Ask and answer questions based on a report.

### Most pupils will be able to:

Identify features of report writing.

### Some pupils will be able to:

Explain what they have read in a report.

#### **Tropical rainforests report**

There are rainforests in the south of Nigeria. They are always warm and have a lot of rain throughout the year. Because they produce more plants than any other region, many different insects and animals live there.

You can find different layers in the forests. The lowest is the damp forest floor where there are small plants and millions of insects, which live among the leaves and fallen wood. Next comes the dark cool forest with tall plants and low trees. Many animals live here, especially snakes and monkeys. There is plenty of fruit for them to eat.

Above this area is the upper part of the forest with very tall trees and many birds.

Did you know that a lot of the food we eat today, such as bananas, oranges, peppers, coffee and cocoa, came from the rainforests originally?

Sadly, we are destroying our rainforests by cutting down the giant trees to sell as wood, and by clearing the forest to make space for farming.

Because of this, more than 100 kinds of plants and animals are lost every day. Scientists think that at least 30,000 kinds of animals and plants have not been discovered yet and many will vanish before we even know that they existed! Today, we are trying to look after our forest by replanting trees that we cut down and stopping unnecessary

clearing of our forests.

Without the forests, the air we breathe will be unhealthy and changes to our climate will make life in Nigeria very difficult. We will also lose trees and plants we need for traditional medicine.

#### **Report writing rules**

Write the following rules on the chalkboard and leave them there for weeks 6 and 7:

The first paragraph should explain what the report is about.

Each paragraph should describe a different section, eg: clothes, food, habits. Paragraphs can be in any order.

Write in the third person.

Use the present tense.

Use technical vocabulary.

Use factual information.

Include tables, pictures and diagrams if needed.

Grid/ Cards

### Week 6:

## Tropical rainforests

# Day 1: Tropical rainforests

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write singular and plural words.

Order words alphabetically to the second letter.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read the alphabetical order instructions from the grammar task, as shown right.

Copy the plural grid, as shown right, on to the chalkboard.

Read How? Alphabetical order game, as shown below, and prepare word cards.

## How? Alphabetical order game



Write 20 familiar words on cards. Make a set for each of the groups.



Shuffle the cards and give each group a set.



Ask the pupils to look carefully at the first letter of each word.



Tell the groups to arrange their cards in alphabetical order on the floor or desk



Ask the pupils to copy the words in alphabetical order into their exercise books.

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minutes

Word/phrase cards

minutes

minutes

Matching game/ Snap game/Alphabetical order game

minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### **Grammar**

#### Reading

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Revise the rules for writing plurals with the class.

For many words just add an 's' for the plural. For words that end with 'ch', 'sh', 'ss' or 'x', add 'es'.

For words that end with 'f and 'fe', we drop the 'f' or 'fe' and add 'ves'.

For words that end with 'y', we drop the 'y' and add 'ies'.

Tell the pupils to complete the plural grid using other words they know.

#### Plural grid

s	es	ies	ves
chairs	boxes	puppies	scarves

#### Whole class teaching

Read all the words/phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the first three word/ phrase flash cards and explain their meaning.

Ask the pupils to look at the text on the chalkboard.

Read and explain the first paragraph to the pupils.

Ask the pairs to choose two things they would like to see in a rainforest.

#### Whole class teaching

Explain that sometimes objects need to be written in alphabetical order so it is easy to find them, eq: in a library or a museum.

Write the following words on the chalkboard. 'dog', 'cat', 'punch', 'rat', 'snake', 'goat', 'pool', 'hen' and choose some pupils to rewrite them in alphabetical order.

Explain that if two words begin with the same letter we need to look at the second letter.

Teach How? Alphabetical order game, as shown left, with familiar words such as: 'bird', 'boy', 'girl', 'school', 'yam'.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Group A:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to write some of the foods that come from rainforests, eg: bananas, peppers, coffee.

#### **Group B:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books. then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups C and D:**

Tell these pupils to play the alphabetical order game.

#### Pair task

Write the following on the chalkboard: 'bananas'. 'oranges', 'peppers', 'coffee'.

Ask the pairs to discuss the meaning of the words and say them in alphabetical order.

Choose some pairs to explain some of the words to the class.

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Cards

### Week 6:

## Tropical rainforests

### **Day 2:**

## Alphabetical lists

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write singular and plural words.

Order words alphabetically to the third letter.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the cards for the alphabetical order game from yesterday.

Prepare 12 blank cards for each group.

Read How? Plurals matching game, as shown below.

#### How? Plurals matching game



Give 12 blank cards to each group.



Tell them to write singular words on one card and plural words on another.



Remind them to use the grid from yesterday.



Tell the groups to shuffle their cards and then give them to another group.



Tell the groups to match the cards and say the words.

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15 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Report 10 minutes 20 minutes Alphabetical order game/Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Grammar

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils that they are going to make cards for a matching game.

Teach How? Plurals matching game, as shown left.

Collect all the cards – you will need them later this week.

#### Whole class teaching

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the next three word/phrase cards and explain their meaning.

Together with the pupils, read the Tropical rainforests report on the chalkboard.

Ask the pairs to take turns to role play clearing the rainforest.

Ask, 'Why are the rainforests being cleared?'

#### **Group task**

Remind the pupils that they have been putting words in alphabetical order.

Ask if anyone knows when we need to arrange words in alphabetical order (school register, library books).

Write the following words on the chalkboard: 'soak', 'stupid', 'snail', 'sick', 'silly' and ask pupils to come out and arrange them in alphabetical order.

Explain that if some words have the same first two letters we need to look at the third letter.

Repeat with 'big', 'blue', 'black', 'book', 'bag'.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and B:**

Tell these pupils to play the alphabetical order game.

#### **Group C:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to write some of the foods that come from rainforests, eg: bananas, peppers, coffee.

#### **Group D:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to look at the text on the chalkboard.

Ask them to look for adjectives in the passage.

Write them on the chalkboard.

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Rules

### Week 6:

## Tropical rainforests

### Day 3:

## **Report writing**

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write some irregular plurals.

Say some rules for writing a report.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the report writing rules from this week's weekly page on to the chalkboard.

Read How? Checking rules for report writing, as shown below.

## How? Checking rules for report writing



What does the introduction tell us?



What does each paragraph tell us about?



Look for technical vocabulary, eg: 'region', 'scientists'.



Does the report use the present tense? Look for 'is' and 'are' in the report.



What did you learn from this report? Who do you think would write a report like this?

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minutes



10 minutes

20 minutes Report/Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Grammar

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Explain to the pupils that some words do not follow any rules and must be learned. These words are the same when they are singular and plural.

Write the following words on the chalkboard and say them in sentences: 'sheep', 'scissors', 'deer', 'trousers'.

Write the following words on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say their plurals: 'child', 'person', 'mouse', 'foot', 'tooth', 'woman', 'man'.

Write the singular and plural of each word and ask the pupils to come and underline the changes.

#### Whole class teaching

Show the first six word/phrase flash cards to the class and make sure the pupils understand them.

Show the next three word/phrase cards and explain their meaning.

Read the report from this week's weekly page and discuss how this writing is different from a story, eg: it tells us the facts.

Explain that this type of writing is called a 'report'.

Read the report writing rules on the chalkboard.

Teach How? Checking rules for report writing, as shown left.

#### Whole class teaching

Write the following names on the chalkboard: 'Nnenna', 'Bassey', 'Adamu', 'Ojo', 'Hassan', 'Agbo', 'Fatima', 'Zaki', 'Kullum', 'Yusuf'.

Ask the pupils to help you rewrite them in alphabetical order.

Write some of the pupils' names on the chalkboard and ask some pupils to help you rewrite them in alphabetical order.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and D:**

Tell these pupils to write six pupil names in alphabetical order in their exercise books. Then tell them to find six words from the rainforest report and write them in alphabetical order.

#### **Group B:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to write some of the foods that come from rainforests, eg: bananas, peppers, coffee.

#### **Group C:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils:

'What type of writing have we been reading?

'What are the rules for report writing?'

'Why do you think a report like this is important?' (It gives us information)

Ask them to think of other subjects a report could be about, eg: animals, food, cars.

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Rules/Paper/ Cards

### Week 6:

## Tropical rainforests

## **Day 4:**

### The rainforests

#### Learning outcomes

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write plurals of words ending with 'o'.

Make up some questions for a report.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read the report writing rules on this week's weekly page.

Have ready a piece of paper for each pair.

Have ready the cards from the plurals matching game from Week 6, Day 2.

Read How? Finding information, as shown below.

#### How? Finding information



Ask the pairs to look at the text and say one thing they have learned about rainforests.



Tell the pupils to discuss in pairs things they would like to know about rainforests.



Tell the pairs to write their questions on their piece of paper.



Choose some pairs to share their questions with the class.



Ask other pupils if they can answer the questions.

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15 minutes



10 minutes 20 minutes Matching game/ Snap game/Report

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### **Grammar**

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Explain to the class that to make words ending with 'o' plural we add 'es', eg: potatoes, tomatoes, mosquitoes.

Give each pupil a card from the plurals matching game.

Ask the pupils that have a singular word card to go to one side of the classroom and pupils with plurals to go to the other side.

Tell the pupils to show their card to the pupils next to them and say the word.

Tell the pupils to find the pupil with the card that matches theirs.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to read out and explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards. Read and explain them to the class.

Look together at the report on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to name this type of writing.

Ask if anyone can say some of the rules for report writing.

Teach How? Finding information, as shown left.

#### **Group task**

Remind the pupils that they have been learning about alphabetical order.

Remind them that yesterday they wrote names in alphabetical order.

Tell the pupils to stand in a circle and ask them to say their name to the group.

Ask them to arrange themselves in alphabetical order.

Tell them to say their names again and check if they are correct.

#### Supported group activities

#### **Group A:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups B and C:**

Tell these pupils to write six pupil names in alphabetical order in their exercise books. Then tell them to find six words from the rainforest report and write them in alphabetical order.

#### **Group D:**

Sit down with the pupils for guided reading. After reading, ask them to write some of the foods that come from rainforests, eg: bananas, peppers, coffee.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask, 'Where can we find information?' (Newpapers, radio, books, tv, internet.)

Remind the pupils that it is also important to ask questions.

Ask the pairs to share the questions they thought of during today's How? activity with the class.

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Word/phrase cards

### Week 6:

## Tropical rainforests

### Day 5:

## Questions about a report

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Say the rules for spelling plurals.

Answer questions about a report.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Make a set of word/phrase flash cards for each group.

Read How? Revise rules for writing plurals, as shown below.

#### How? Revise rules for writing plurals



To make most words plural we just add 's'. Ask, 'Can you show me an example?'



Ask, 'What do we do with words ending in 'f' and 'fe'?'



Ask, 'What do we do with words ending with 'o'?'



Ask, 'What do we do with words ending with 'y'?'



Remind the pupils that words ending in 'ch', 'sh', 'ss' or 'x' we add 'es'.

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10 minutes How

Game/Word/ phrase cards 10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes 20 minutes

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Writing

#### Comprehension

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Revise rules for writing plurals, as shown left.

Check that the pupils can circle the differences and say the words clearly.

Ask if they can tell you the rule.

Give each pupil a word/phrase flash card and play the find your friend game.

#### Whole class teaching

Give each group a set of word/phrase flash cards.

Read out some of the words and ask the groups to hold up the matching card.

Ask the pupils to make sentences with the words they are holding.

#### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that they have been reading a report.

Tell them that reports must have an introduction with a general statement about the topic and be written in the present tense.

Ask the pupils to look at the text on the chalkboard and check that this is true.

Ask them what the first paragraph is about. (It is the introduction giving information about rainforests.)

Choose some pupils to say any other rules for report writing.

#### Pair task

Ask the pairs to discuss the following questions:

'Where can tropical rainforests be found in Nigeria?'

'How many plants and animals die before we discover them?'

'Why are rainforests being cut down?'

Encourage them to look in the passage to check their answers.

Tell the pupils to answer the questions in their exercise books.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pairs to discuss what they have learned about rainforests with their partner.

Ask them to share their learning with the class.

Ask the pupils what they have learned about report writing.

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Weekly page
Primary 5,
literacy
lesson plans

Week 7:
Report writing

**Words/phrases** 

**Wow! words** 

Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week.

Make two flash cards for each word.

cabbage
melon
apple
customer
trader
price
learn
qualifications
literacy
geography
science
history

juicy fresh delicious interesting proud hard-working excellent conscientious Learning expectations

By the end of the week:

All pupils will be able to:

Contribute ideas to a piece of writing.

Most pupils will be able to:

Complete a short report, following some report writing rules.

Some pupils will be able to:

Complete a report including wow! words, correct punctuation and most report writing rules.

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#### **Shops prompt sheet**

Use the following to promote discussion and create ideas for shared writing:

#### Paragraph 1

Shops are \_\_\_\_\_ (What are shops for?)
In shops people can buy \_\_\_\_\_ (What can people buy in shops?)

#### Paragraph 2

The owner of a shop \_\_\_ (How do shop owners arrange their shop?)

#### Paragraph 3

When a customer comes, \_\_\_\_\_ (What happens? What do the owner and the customer say?)

Paragraph 4

Shops are open \_\_\_\_\_
(When are shops open?)

The owner has to \_\_\_\_\_
(Where do shop owners get things to sell?

What do they do with the money at the end of

the day?)

#### **School brainstorm**

Use the following questions to promote ideas for writing:

Why do we need schools?

What subjects do pupils learn in schools?

What does a school look like? What is a classroom like?

What time does school start? When does it finish? What time is breakfast? What do pupils do at break time?

Who goes to school? What age can you go to school?

What do pupils have to wear? What do pupils have to take to school?

#### **School writing frame**

Write the following structure on the chalkboard as a guide for pupils' writing:

Write the opening to the first paragraph:
Schools are places where
\_\_\_\_\_. School starts at \_\_\_\_\_ and finishes at \_\_\_\_.

Ask the pupils for ideas to complete the sentences.

Ask them to think of and say about four more sentences.

Write any difficult spellings for them on the chalkboard.

Do not write the sentences on the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to write
'A school' in their exercise
books, complete the
sentences and try to write
four more sentences.

Repeat this process for the next paragraph: Pupils go to school when \_\_\_\_\_. They have to wear \_\_\_\_\_. They take \_\_\_\_ to school.

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

## Week 7: Assessment

#### **Assessment task**

Carry out this assessment task with five pupils at the end of the week. This will help you find out whether they have met the learning expectations.

Next to the task, there is an example of a pupil's work, which shows what they can do if they have met the learning expectations.

If most pupils have not met the learning expectations, you may have to teach some of the week again.

For reading tasks, ask the pupils to write their answers in their exercise books so you can see what they can do.

#### **Instructions:**

Look at the pupils' finished piece of independent report writing from Week 7, Day 5.

Ask pupils to read you the report.

Discuss the rules of report writing with pupils.

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#### Example of a pupil's work

#### This pupil can:

Use the rules for report writing.

Use punctuation correctly and include plurals.

Use wow! words to make their report more interesting.

Include a range of connectives and conjunctions.

#### Schools

Schools are places where pupils learn useful things. Most schools have a classroom for each grade, including a rursery class, however sometimes there is more than one grade in a classroom.

Pupils are admitted to primary schools at the age of three and stay until they are eleven, then move on to secondary school. Each class will have their own teacher for one year, although often there can be more than one teacher to a class.

Each school has its own uniform that all pupils have to wear. The uniforms can be very colourful.

Most schools start at 7.45 and finish at 2.30pm. At 10.00 pupils take a short break, then at 12.00 they go for a longer break. During break pupils can play with friends and eat food.

hessons include learning to read write and do moths and if pupils have enthusiastic teachers, who make different topics interactive, interesting and fun, then they are more likely to enjoy their learning.

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Prompt sheet

## Week 7: Day 1: Report writing Shared writing

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words adding the suffix 'ly'.

Use the indefinite article 'a' or 'an' in their own writing.

#### Before the lesson:

Read the shops prompt sheet on this week's weekly page.

Read the report writing rules on the Week 6 weekly page.

Read How? Shops report prompt sheet, as shown below.

How? Shops report prompt sheet



Write the beginning of the sentences and ask the pupils to help you complete them.



Use Who?, Why?, What?, When?, Where? questions to prompt the pupils.



Write the end of the sentence using one of their ideas.



Repeat this process for each sentence.



Explain that reports are written in the third person, eq: 'they'.

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Word/phrase cards 10 15 minutes minutes minutes minutes minutes **Shared writing Spelling** Reading **Grammar Plenary** Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Pair task Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Read all of the words/ Ask the pupils what Write, 'I sell a cabbage, Ask pupils, in pairs, Choose some pupils a melon, an apple and an they can remember about phrases on the chalkto say sentences to say what they can buy about shops they have in a shop. nouns and verbs. board and ask the pupils egg.' on the chalkboard. been to. to say them with you. Explain that 'a' and 'an' are Write, 'cloud', 'chew', Tell them to use 'a' or Show the first three word/ called 'indefinite articles'. **Teach How? Shops** 'an', eg: 'I can buy a pen.' 'luck', 'bush', 'bump' on the chalkboard. phrase flash cards and 'I can buy an exercise book.' report prompt sheet, as Ask if the pairs can explain their meaning. shown left. Explain that with many notice when 'a' is used words you just add In pairs, ask the pupils and when 'an' is used. Keep the shared writing for the suffix 'y' to change to think of adjectives ('An' is used before words the rest of the week. the word into to describe food sold in starting with vowels.) a describing word. shops, eq: 'delicious', Say some things that 'tasty', 'juicy', 'fresh', 'ripe'. **Explain that for words** can be bought in ending with 'e', we drop Write these words on a shop and write them the 'e' and add 'y', eq: the wow! words wall and on the chalkboard. taste, juice, noise, shine. keep it for the next day.

Ask the pairs to say each word using 'a' or

'an' correctly.

Ask the pairs to say the words to each other

then write sentences using them in their exercise books, eq:

It is very tasty.

They like the taste of juice.

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Prompt sheet/Shared writing/ Wow! words

## Week 7: Day 2: Shared writing

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words adding the suffix 'ly'.

Use the indefinite article 'a' or 'an' in their own writing.

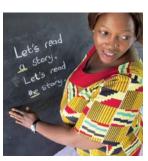
#### Before the lesson:

Read the shops prompt sheet on this week's weekly page.

Have ready the shared writing and wow! words from yesterday.

Read How? Indefinite articles, as shown below.

#### How? Indefinite articles



'A' book can be any book (indefinite). 'The' book is a specific book (definite).



Ask, 'What is the noun in this sentence?' Circle it.



Ask the pupils,
'Does the noun
start with a vowel
or a consonant?'



Ask the pupils which indefinite article they should use – 'a' or 'an'.



Tell the pupils to write the sentences using the correct indefinite article.

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Word/phrase cards 10 Shared writing minutes minutes minutes minutes minutes **Shared writing Spelling** Reading **Grammar Plenary** Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Pair task Whole class teaching **Group task** Explain to the pupils that Read the first three words/ Remind the pupils that Show the pupils the Ask each group of 5—6 'a' and 'an' are called adding 'ly' to a word phrases on the chalkshop report you started pupils to make a circle. writing yesterday changes the word to an board and ask the pupils indefinite articles. Tell the first person in adverb and describes and read it with them. to say them with you. Remind them to use 'an' each group to say, 'I went how something is done. Show the next three word/ if a noun starts with Tell them you are to the shop and I bought Write the following phrase flash cards and a vowel sound and 'a' if it going to complete the a/an .' words on the chalkboard: explain their meaning. starts with a consonant. report together. Tell the next person to say. 'fresh', 'proud', 'sad', Ask the pairs to say some **Teach How? Indefinite Use How? Shops prompt** 'I went to the shop and 'quick', 'loud', 'sudden', articles, as shown left, using objects in school and sheet, as shown in Week 7, I bought a (word from first 'quiet', 'clear'. write them on the chalkthe following sentences: Day 1 (vesterday). person) and a/an \_ Say the words and then board. Ask the pupils The shop has \_\_\_ Write the next two para-Tell the pupils to continue say them with the suffix 'ly'. for adjectives to describe umbrella so it is cool. graphs with the pupils. around the circle these objects. Write them Tell the pupils to write five Funmi puts carrots adding something you

in bowl.

buy \_\_\_ yam.

How much is \_\_ orange?

He eats \_\_ apple.

A customer wants to

can buy from a shop

a sentence.

until everyone has said

Check that the pupils are

using 'a' and 'an' correctly.

on the chalkboard.

A wooden desk.

it for the next day.

Ask the pupils to match

an adjective to a noun, eq:

Write these words on the

wow! words wall and keep

of the words in their exercise

books with and without

them in sentences, ea:

two of their sentences.

She walked quietly.

It was quiet in the house.

Choose some pupils to say

the suffix 'ly' and then use

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Shared writing/Wow! words wall/ Brainstorm/Paper

## Week 7: Day 3: Report writing Brainstorm

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words adding the suffix 'ily'.

Help to complete a brainstorm for a report.

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the shared writing and wow! words wall from yesterday.

Read the school brainstorm on this week's weekly page.

Have ready a large piece of paper.

Read How? Brainstorm ideas for report writing, as shown below.

## How? Brainstorm ideas for report writing



Ask the pupils:
'Why do we need schools?', 'What subjects do pupils learn in schools?'



'What does a school look like?', 'What is a classroom like?'



'What time are the breaks?', 'What do pupils do at break time?'



'What do pupils have to wear?', 'What do pupils have to take to school?'



'Who goes to school?',
'What age can
you go to school?'

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Word/phrase cards 10 **Shared writing** minutes minutes minutes minutes minutes **Shared writing Spelling** Reading Reading **Plenary** Whole class teaching Pair task Whole class teaching Whole class teaching Individual task Explain to the pupils that Tell the pupils that they Choose some pupils to Write 'A school' in the Read all the ideas from need to learn some if we add 'ilv' to a word read the shops report they middle of the chalkboard the brainstorm. or on the large piece it can change to an adverb interesting words for wrote with you yesterday Read the wow! words and to describe how things and the day before. their writing. of paper. this week's words/phrases. are done. Ask the pairs the meaning Discuss the type of writing **Teach How? Brainstorm** Ask the pupils to write Write the following words of the first six words/ they have been doing. ideas for report writing, as two sentences about on the chalkboard: 'easy', phrases on the chalkboard. shown left. Read How? Checking 'A school' using some of 'lazy', 'busy', 'sleepy', 'angry'. Show the next three rules for report writing, as Ask the pupils to say why these words and phrases. Demonstrate dropping word/phrase flash cards shown in Week 6, Day 3. schools are important. the 'y' and adding 'ily'. and read them with Choose someone from Ask the pupils to check the pupils, discussing that their report has Choose some pupils to each group to say their idea what they mean. followed all the rules say the words. and write it on the chalk-Ask the pairs to think of board or paper. Tell the pupils to write Tell them they are going words to describe pupils,

to write their own

report about school.

five of the words in their

and without the suffix 'ily',

exercise books with

eg: happy, happily.

eg: hard-working,

Add any new words to the wow! words wall.

eager, kind.

conscientious, interested,

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Brainstorm/
Wow! words wall

## Week 7: Day 4: Report writing Guided writing

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words with the suffix 'ful'.

Use a writing frame to write a report.

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from yesterday.

Read How? Using the school writing frame, as shown below.

## How? Using the school writing frame



Write a sentence on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to complete the sentence.



Ask the pupils: 'What happens at school?', 'What are the school times?'



Ask: 'Who goes to school?' Tell the pupils to write four more sentences.



Ask the pupils: 'What is the uniform like?'



Ask: 'What do pupils take to school every day?' Tell pupils to write four more sentences.

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10 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Wow! words wall

15 minutes



20 minutes

5 minutes

**Plenary** 

Wow! words wall

#### **Spelling**

#### Whole class teaching

Explain to the pupils that if you add 'ful' to a word, the new word becomes an adjective that means 'full of' or 'with lots of'.

Write the following words on the chalkboard: care, careful (full of care) help, helpful (full of help) use, useful (with lots of uses)

Tell the pairs to say the words with and without the suffix 'ful'.

Invite some pupils to say the following sentences:

Her scarf is \_\_\_\_\_

Your work is very \_\_\_\_\_ (care)

A knife is very \_\_\_\_\_ (use)

#### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pairs to read out and explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/ phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

Ask the pupils to discuss words that will make their report interesting.

Show them the wow! words wall.

### Group task

**Guided writing** 

Tell the groups that they are going to write their own report called 'A school'.

Choose pupils to say why going to school is important.

Teach How? Using the school writing frame, as shown left.

Ask the groups to say sentences about the different things they do at school – both study and play.

#### Individual task

Tell the pupils to write the title 'A school' in their exercise books.

**Independent writing** 

Ask them to complete the sentence on the chalkboard and write four more sentences.

Remind them that their report must be written in the third person.

Write any difficult spellings on the chalkboard to help the pupils. Do not write the sentences on the chalkboard.

Encourage the pupils to use wow! words. Remind the pupils to use capital letters and full stops.

Repeat this process for the next paragraph.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read the words on the wow! words wall.

Choose other pupils to say some of the wow! words in sentences.

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Brainstorm/Wow! words wall/ Sentences/Flash cards

## Week 7: Day 5: Report writing Guided writing

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Preparation**

### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words with the suffix 'less'.

Use wow! words in their writing.

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from yesterday.

Read How? Using more interesting words, as shown below.

Copy the 'good' sentences from the reading task, shown right, on the chalkboard or paper and prepare four blank flash cards for each pair.

## How? Using more interesting words



Ask pupils to read the 'good' sentences from the paper or the chalkboard.



Ask the pairs to replace 'good' with more interesting words.



Tell the pairs to write their best words on their flash cards.



Read the sentences again. If pairs have better words, ask them to hold them up.



Tell the pupils to read the sentence again using the new wow! word.

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15 minutes



15 minutes Writing frame

15 minutes

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### **Guided writing**

#### **Independent writing**

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Explain to the pupils that if you add 'less' to a word, the new word is an adjective meaning 'with no'.

Write the following words on the chalkboard: use, useless (with no use) care, careless (with no care) fear, fearless (with no fear)

Tell the pairs to say the words with and without the suffix 'less'.

Read the following sentences with the class:

Most spiders are \_\_\_\_\_. (harm)

He is \_\_\_\_\_ with his uniform. (care).

A flat tyre is \_\_\_\_. (use)

#### Pair task

Choose some pupils to help you write some of the new words/phrases on the chalkboard as you say them.

Teach How? Using more interesting words, as shown left, using the following sentences:

Good pupils go to school every day.

History is a good subject. There is good food to

There is good food to eat at breakfast.

Pupils learn good things at school.

Put the new words on the wow! words display.

#### **Group task**

Remind the pupils that they are writing a report about a school.

Ask them what the rules for report writing are.

Write the opening to the second paragraph on the chalkboard from the school writing frame on this week's weekly page.

Ask each group to try to complete the following sentences:
Pupils go to school \_\_\_\_\_.

Ask them to say some other sentences about school, eg: describing the buildings and the classrooms.

They take \_\_\_\_.

#### **Individual task**

Ask the pupils to open their exercise books where they were writing the report 'A school' yesterday.

Ask them to complete the sentences for paragraph two and write four more sentences.

Encourage them to use wow! words and remind them to use capital letters and full stops.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read an interesting part of their report to the class.

Encourage the pupils to tell you what they know about the rules for writing reports.

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

# Week 8: Where's my orange juice?

#### Words/phrases

## Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

wedding ceremony

party

relations

laughing

crowd

hide-and-seek

costume

busy

properly

draughts

confused

#### Learning expectations

#### By the end of the week:

All pupils will be able to:

Read a recount.

### Most pupils will be able to:

Recount a story in the correct order of events.

### Some pupils will be able to:

Recall the recount rules.

Passage from Nigeria Primary English 5, page 55, copyright Learn Africa Plc.

#### Where's my orange juice?

It was Bunmi's and Siji's wedding day. After the ceremony, their families went into the compound of Siji's mother, Mrs Adah, to have a party. There was a large crowd of people because both Bunmi and Siji had many friends and relations.

The grown-ups were talking and laughing together while some of the older children were playing hide-and-seek behind the paw paw trees.

Everyone was wearing their best clothes and Mrs Adah's costume and head-tie were particularly beautiful. Her husband also were a fine robe. It was a very hot afternoon and Mr Adah turned to his wife and asked, "Could you ask for a large glass of orange juice for me, please?" Mrs Adah called to her eldest daughter, Funmi, "Please fetch your father a glass of orange juice."

Funmi was busy talking to her sister Omotaya, and so she bent down to her younger brother, Olajide, and told him to get the orange juice. But he was not listening properly because he was playing draughts with his cousin, Olu. Olajide stood up and said to his aunt, "Aunty Boma, Omotayo wants some juice." "Your uncle is near the table," Aunt Boma replied, "Ask him to send someone with it."

So Olajide called out to his uncle, "Please Uncle Ene, can you send some juice to Omotaya? I think it is for Mrs Adah."

"OK," said his uncle, and he shouted to a boy standing near him, "Quickly, take this pineapple juice to Mrs Adah." As the boy was running with juice someone asked, "What are you doing, running with that juice?"
"I am taking it to Mrs Adah."
"But she doesn't like pineapple juice!"

Now the boy was confused.
"I'm sure I was asked
to take it to Mrs Adah."

Poor Mr Adah was very thirsty. "Where's my orange juice?", he asked.

#### **Recount writing rules**

Write the following rules on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week:

Answer the questions: Who?, What?, Where?, When?, How?

Use the past tense.

Write paragraphs in the order that events happened.

Write detailed descriptions.

Use a range of punctuation.

#### **Duty words**

Write the following words and phrases on to flashs cards for Day 3:

Must I
Do I have to
Should I
Ought I
go to
attend
the party?
school?
the wedding?

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Rules/ Questions

### Week 8:

## Where's my orange juice?

## Day 1: Wedding day

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write comparative words with the suffix 'er'.

Discuss and answer questions about a passage.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read the recount writing rules on this week's weekly page.

Copy the 'ought' questions from today's grammar task, shown right, on to the chalkboard.

Read How? Comparative words, as shown below.

### How? Comparative words



Ask the pupils to say each word and add the suffix 'er'.



Compare two balls. Are they the same? Say a sentence to describe their difference.



Compare two pupils. Are they the same? Say two sentences about their differences.



Ask a pupil to put the comparative word into the sentences on the chalkboard.



Remind the pupils to use 'than' after the comparative word.

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Whole class teaching

minutes

Word/phrase cards

15 minutes minutes

Matching game/ Snap game

minutes

#### **Spelling**

Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Read all of the words/ Explain that when we compare two things phrases on the chalkwe change the adjective by adding 'er'. This is called to say them with you. a 'comparative' word.

Write the following phrase flash cards and words on the chalkboard: 'tall', 'small', 'short',

Teach How? comparative words, as shown left, and write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

My mother is \_\_\_\_\_ than me.

'long', 'slow', 'warm'.

My bicycle is \_\_\_\_\_ than a car.

board and ask the pupils

Show the first three word/ explain them to the class.

Read the passage on the chalkboard to the pupils.

Explain that this type of writing is called a 'recount'.

**Grammar** 

#### Pair task

Write the word 'ought' on the chalkboard and explain that 'ought' shows something that is a duty but you do have a choice.

Ask, 'What is the right thing to do when you hurt someone?'

Tell the pupils to answer, 'I ought to \_\_\_\_\_.'

Repeat with the following sentences:

'When someone is late. what do you say?'

'What age do you expect children to read?'

'What did Father say when Ade did not go to school?'

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Group A:**

Reading

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw Bunmi and Siji's wedding day.

#### Group B:

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books. then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups C and D:**

Tell these pupils to answer the auestions on the chalkboard in their exercise books, using the word 'ought'.

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to act out the passage.

Tell them to read the words spoken by Mr and Mrs Adah.

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Questions/ Rules

### Week 8:

## Where's my orange juice?

### **Day 2:**

### **Ceremonies**

#### Learning outcomes

## By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words to show comparison using the suffix 'est'.

Write sentences using the word 'ought' correctly.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the 'ought' questions from today's grammar task, shown right, on to the chalkboard.

Copy the recount writing rules from this week's weekly page on to the chalkboard.

Read How? Wedding role play, as shown below.

## How? Wedding role play



It was Bunmi and Siji's wedding.



After the ceremony there was a party, where the adults talked and laughed.



Children played hideand-seek.



It was very hot and Mr Adah wanted a drink.



A boy ran with some juice for Mr Adah.

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Word/phrase cards

10 minutes Questions

20 minutes Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### **Grammar**

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Explain that we add the suffix 'est' to an adjective when we are comparing more than two things.

Write the following on the chalkboard: tall, taller, tallest small short long

Ask three pupils to the front of the class. Compare their heights by saying tall, taller and tallest.

Repeat with the other words and different objects.

Tell the pupils to write the words in their exercise books and read them to a partner.

#### Whole class teaching

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Show the next three word/ phrase flash cards and explain their meaning.

Ask the pairs what they remember about the passage they read yesterday.

Ask the pairs to discuss what happens at wedding ceremonies.

Choose pupils to take part in How? Wedding role play, as shown left.

#### **Group task**

Write, 'We ought to help the child' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils if anyone can remember what the word 'ought' means.

Read out the following questions and choose some pupils to say some answers using the word 'ought':

'What should you do before you come to school?' (Before I come to school I ought to \_\_\_\_\_\_.')

'What do you do when you find a N50 on the ground?'

'What should we do when we see an accident?'

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and B:**

Tell these pupils to answer the questions on the chalkboard in their exercise books using the word 'ought'.

#### **Group C:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw Bunmi and Siji's wedding day.

#### **Group D:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Pair task

Tell the pupils to take turns to retell events in the passage.

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Flash cards

### Week 8:

# Where's my orange juice?

### Day 3:

# Pineapple juice

#### Learning outcomes

#### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write words with the suffix 'est'.

Discuss and answer questions about a passage.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the duty words/phrases from this week's weekly page on to flash cards.

Read How? Using duty words, as shown below.

## How? Using duty words



Ask the pupils to look at the duty word flash cards.



Choose pupils to say some questions using the words on the flash cards.



Ask the pupils to think of answers to the questions. Ask them, 'Do you have a choice?'



Ask the pupils to discuss the answers.



Repeat with other pupils.

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Word/phrase cards

minutes

minutes

Matching game/ Snap game

minutes

**Plenary** 

#### **Spelling**

#### Whole class teaching

Explain that if an adjective ends with a 'y' we drop the 'y' and add 'i' before adding the suffix 'er' or 'est'.

Write the following words on the chalkboard. Ask the pupils to say the new words with the suffixes 'er' and 'est' and then write them in their exercise books: tiny, tinier, tiniest tasty heavy early

Tell the pupils to write the words in sentences and read them to their partner, eg: A man is heavy, a cow is but an elephant is \_\_\_\_\_.'

#### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils the meaning of the first six words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards to the class and discuss their meaning.

Choose pupils to read the text on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to discuss why the boy was confused.

Ask the pupils, 'What kind of writing is this?' (a recount).

#### **Grammar**

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils that the words 'have to' and 'must' are 'duty words', meaning there is no choice.

Explain that 'should' and 'ought' are duty words to use when there is a choice.

Ask the pupils to help you write the following sentences on the chalkboard:

'I have to go now.' 'I must go now.' 'I should go now.' 'I ought to go now.'

Ask. 'Which sentences give you a choice?'

Teach How? Using duty words, as shown left.

#### Reading

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and D:**

Tell these pupils to use the sentences on the chalkboard to write some questions and answers in their exercise books.

#### **Group B:**

Sit with the pupils for auided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw Bunmi and Siji's wedding day.

#### **Group C:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books. then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Ask the pairs to discuss things they 'have to'

Whole class teaching

and 'must' do at school. eg: I must listen, I have to work hard.

Ask them to discuss things they 'ought' and 'should' do at school, eq: I ought to help my teacher. I should come every day.

Record the pupils' answers on the chalkboard, underlining the duty word.

Ask them, 'Do you have a choice?'

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Flash cards

### Week 8:

# Where's my orange juice?

## **Day 4:**

# **Duty words**

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Use comparative words in sentences.

Use the words 'ought', 'have to', 'must' and 'should' in sentences.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the duty words/phrases flash cards from yesterday.

Read How? Whispers game, as shown below.

#### How? Whispers game



Ask the pupils to stand in lines of eight or less.



Whisper a sentence to the first pupil in each line. This pupil then whispers it to the next pupil.



Repeat until the whisper reaches the last pupil in the line.



Ask the last pupil, 'What was the message?'



Ask, 'Is it the same message we started with?', 'Was there some confusion?'

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Word/phrase cards

15 minutes Flash cards

15 minutes Matching game/ Snap game/Chart

o minutes



#### **Spelling**

### Reading

#### Grammar

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Pair task

Explain that when adding the suffixes 'er' and 'est' to words ending in a vowel and a consonant, we double the consonant before adding the suffix, eg: big, bigger, biggest.

Ask the pupils to write the following words in their exercise books with and without the suffixes 'er' and 'est': fat, sad, hot.

Tell the pupils to use the words to write sentences in their exercise books and read them to a partner.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pairs to read out and explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

Ask pupils what they remember about the passage they have been reading.

Choose pupils to retell the events in the text.

#### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that they have been writing sentences with 'have to', 'should', 'must' and 'ought'.

Show them the duty words/phrases flash cards and choose some pupils to ask questions using them, eg: 'Should I go to school?' (answer: I \_\_\_\_\_ go to school.)

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Group A:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap.

#### **Groups B and C:**

Tell these pupils to use the sentences on the chalkboard to write some questions and answers in their exercise books.

#### **Group D:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw Bunmi and Siji's wedding day.

#### Pair task

Explain that when messages get passed from one person to another the message can change, as in the story.

Teach How? Whispers game, as shown left.

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Rules/ Word/phrase cards

### Week 8:

### Where's my orange juice?

## Day 5:

# Comprehension

#### Learning outcomes

#### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write comparative words in sentences.

Discuss and answer questions about a recount.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Ensure the recount writing rules from this week's weekly page are on the chalkboard.

Make a set of word/phrase flash cards for each group.

Read How? Comparative spelling rules, as shown below.

#### How? Comparative spelling rules



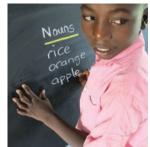
Demonstrate the following comparative with 'y', drop the rules. For simple words, just add 'er' or 'est'.



For words ending 'y' and add 'i' before 'er' or 'est'.



For words ending in a vowel and consonant, double the consonant and add 'er' or 'est'.



Ask the pupils to choose three nouns.



Tell them to make up their own sentence comparing the nouns.

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Word/phrase cards/ Rules/Recount

20 minutes

minutes

**Plenary** 

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Pair task

**Teach How? Comparative** spelling rules, as shown left.

Write the following nouns on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to read them: 'girl, orange, apple, pencil, bicycle, cup, boy, cow, rice, elephant, car, plane, man'.

Ask the pupils to work in pairs to write as many comparative sentences as they can using these words in their exercise books.

Choose some pairs to read their sentences to the class.

#### Whole class teaching

Give each group a set of word/phrase flash cards.

Read out some of the words and ask the groups to hold up the matching word/ phrase flash card.

Remind the pupils that they have been reading a recount.

Choose some pupils to read out the recount writing rules on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to look for the recount writing rules in the recount Where's my orange juice?

Ask the pupils what the first paragraph is about. Tell them this is the introduction to the recount.

Explain that the following paragraphs are in the order that the events happened.

#### Comprehension

#### Pair task

Read and discuss the following questions with the pupils:

'Why did Mr Adah ask for orange juice?'

'What is Siji's father's name?'

'Why did Mr Adah never get his juice?'

'What game was Olajide playing?'

Tell the pupils to write the answers in their exercise books.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to share their answers with the class.

Ask, 'Does anyone have different answers?'

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

# Week 9: Responsible citizen

#### Words/phrases

#### **Wow! words**

# Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

unhappy noticed tired worried upset grateful scattered ditch injured hospital bandage bleeding miserable weary sobbing anxious desperate urgent wounded

#### **Learning expectations**

#### By the end of the week:

# All pupils will be able to:

Contribute to a brainstorm and shared writing.

## Most pupils will be able to:

Write a recount using wow! words.

## Some pupils will be able to:

Write a recount using wow! words and interesting sentences using conjunctions.

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#### **Recount prompt sheet**

Use the following to promote discussion and create ideas for shared writing:

Paragraph 3

Paragraph 4

Mrs Ibrahim took the

woman's bag. She

(Where did she go?

How did she get there?)

The poor woman was

(What was she doina?

What happened next?

How did she feel?

Did the woman get

What did she say?)

her bag back?

#### Paragraph 1

Mrs Ibrahim went shopping.
A poor woman was
in the shop buying \_\_\_\_\_
(What was she buying?)

#### Paragraph 2

The woman had very little money. She said, "\_\_\_\_"
(What did she say?)

The poor woman gave her money and left the shop without taking her bag.

Mrs Ibrahim bought \_\_\_\_\_ (What did she buy?)

#### Recount brainstorm

Use the following questions to promote ideas for writing:

Explain to the pupils that they are going to write a recount about a child who saw a woman fall into a ditch.

What was the child's name?
How old was the child?
How did the child feel?

Where was the child going? What was he/ she doing? (eg: going shopping, playing)

What did the woman look like? What was she carrying?

What happened to the woman?

What did the child do? What did the woman say?

#### **Recount writing frame**

Write the following structure on the chalkboard as a guide for pupils' writing:

The opening to the first paragraph:
(Name) was \_\_\_\_\_.
He/she went \_\_\_\_.
A woman was \_\_\_\_.

Ask the pupils for ideas to complete the sentences.

Ask them to think of and say about four more sentences (do not write them on the chalkboard).

Write any difficult spellings for them on the chalkboard.

Tell them to write 'A responsible citizen' in their exercise books, complete the sentences and try to write two more sentences.

#### **Recount writing rules**

Write the following rules on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week:

Answer the questions: Who?, What?, Where?, When?, How?

Use the past tense.

Write paragraphs in the order that events happened.

Write detailed descriptions.

Use a range of punctuation.

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

# Week 9: Assessment

#### **Assessment task**

Carry out this assessment task with five pupils at the end of the week. This will help you find out whether they have met the learning expectations.

Next to the task, there is an example of a pupil's work, which shows what they can do if they have met the learning expectations.

If most pupils have not met the learning expectations, you may have to teach some of the week again.

For reading tasks, ask the pupils to write their answers in their exercise books so you can see what they can do.

#### Instructions:

Look at the pupils' finished piece of independent recount writing from Week 9, Day 5.

Ask pupils to read you the recount.

2
Discuss the rules of recount writing they have used.

Ask the pupils to answer the following questions about their recount:

'Who are the main characters in your recount?'

'What is the main event in your recount?'

'Which wow! words did you use?'

'Why did you choose those words?'

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#### Example of a pupil's work

#### This pupil can:

Use the rules for recount writing.

Include a range of punctuation.

Use wow! words to make their recount more interesting.

Include a range of connectives and conjunctions.

#### The responsible citizen

Musa was a young, bright, seven year old bay. He often went to meet his friends and play in the field close to his house.

While they were playing hide and seek, an old woman walked by the field. The woman was carrying many large, heavy bags. All of a sudden one of the bags split and oranges were scattered all over the ground. One of Musa's friends shouted, "Quick, let's get some oranges to eat!"

Musa did not agree with him, "That's not the right thing to do because the oranges are not ours."

Then he went to help the woman collect her oranges and his friends helped too. It did not take long before all oranges were gathered up.

"Thank you very much, you are lovely children," said the woman and she gave them each a big, juicy orange.

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Prompt sheet/Rules/ Sentences

### Week 9:

### Responsible citizen

# Day 1: **Shared writing**

#### Learning outcomes

#### By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write sentences using comparative words.

Use the conjunctions 'and', 'so', 'but', 'because' and 'while'.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read the recount prompt sheet and the recount writing rules on this week's weekly page.

Write the conjunction sentences from today's grammar task, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Responsible citizen prompt sheet, as shown below.

#### How? Responsible citizen prompt sheet



Paragraph 1: What was the woman she said? buying? What did she look like?



What do you think



Paragraph 2: Where did the poor woman go?



Paragraph 3: How did she get there?



Paragraph 4: What was the poor woman doing? How did she feel?

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Word/phrase cards 10 15 minutes minutes minutes minutes minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### **Grammar**

**Shared writing** 

#### Pair task

Explain to the pupils that we can use 'comparative adjectives' to explain differences and compare things.

Draw a goat, a cat and a mouse on the chalkboard.

Choose some pupils to say sentences that compare the three animals.

Ask the pupils, in pairs, to say sentences comparing one of these sets of things: aeroplane, bicycle, car girl, boy, baby rice, orange, apples

#### Whole class teaching

Read out the words/ phrases on the chalkboard and choose some pairs to read them.

Hold up the first three word/phrase flash cards and explain their meaning to the class.

Ask the pupils, in pairs, to think of interesting adjectives to describe a poor woman, eq: miserable, weary, anxious, desperate.

Write these words on the wow! words wall and keep them for the next day.

#### Pair task

Explain that to make sentences more interesting we use conjunctions.

Write: 'and', 'so', 'but', 'because' and 'while' on the chalkboard.

Ask the pairs, 'What do we call these words?', 'What do we use them for?'

Write the following conjunction sentences on the chalkboard. Grace ran fast in the race... We went to the village...

Ask the pairs to write the longer sentences, using conjunctions, in their exercise books, ea: Grace ran fast in the race so she would win.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to retell the passage 'Where's my orange juice?' from last week.

Explain that you are going to write a recount together.

Tell the pupils that they will write a recount about Mrs Ibrahim who went shopping and found a poor woman's bag of food.

Write the first two paragraphs with the class, as shown left in How? Responsible citizen prompt sheet (photographs 1, 2 and 3).

Ask, 'Have you ever been a responsible citizen?', 'How?'

## Whole class teaching

**Plenary** 

Read the recount you have written together.

Ask the pupils to help you make some of the sentences longer using conjunctions.

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Prompt sheet/Shared writing/ Wow! words/Sentences

### Week 9:

# Responsible citizen

# Day 2: Shared writing

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write sentences using comparative words.

Use the conjunctions 'and', 'so', 'but', 'because' and 'while'.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the recount prompt sheet, the shared writing and the wow! words from yesterday.

Write the conjunction sentences from the grammar task, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Conjunctions join sentences, as shown below.

#### How? Conjunctions join sentences



Explain that we use 'and' to join two sentences. Underline the conjunction.



Explain that we use 'because' to explain things. Underline the conjunction.



Explain that we use 'but' to show contrast (difference). Underline the conjunction.



Explain that we use 'so' to give a reason. Underline the conjunction.



Finally, explain that we use 'while' to link time. Underline the conjunction.

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15 minutes **Spelling Group task** Explain to the pupils that they will work in groups of three Tell them to make as many sentences as they can comparing each other, using the following phrases: and

lives close to school lives closer but lives closest to school. has a big family...

gets up early...

Choose some groups to share their sentences with the class.

minutes

Word/phrase cards/ Wow! words

minutes



minutes

Shared writing

minutes

#### Reading

#### Pair task

Show the first three word/phrase flash cards to the class and make sure the pupils understand them.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards. read and explain them to the class.

Read the wow! words from yesterday.

Ask the pairs if they can think of any interesting words to describe someone who is hurt, eq: wounded, bleeding. Add these to the wow! words wall.

**Grammar** 

#### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that we use conjunctions to make sentences more interesting.

**Teach How? Conjunctions** join sentences, as shown left, using the following sentences: I was late for school The man was hunary \_ We did our sums \_\_\_\_\_

Rub out the conjunctions in the sentences on the chalkboard.

Tell the pupils to write the sentences in their exercise books. putting in the correct conjunctions.

### Individual task

**Shared writing** 

Read the shared writing recount the pupils started with you yesterday, about Mrs Ibrahim who found a poor woman's bag.

Write the third and fourth paragraphs (photographs 4 and 5) with the class, as shown in How? Responsible citizen prompt sheet on Week 9, Day 1 (yesterday).

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to role play the recount.

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Prompt sheet/Shared writing/ Wow! words wall/Paper

### Week 9:

# Responsible citizen

# Day 3:

# **Brainstorm**

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Understand that some comparative words follow no rules.

Write sentences using wow! words.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the recount prompt sheet, the shared writing and the wow! words from yesterday.

Have ready a large piece of paper.

Read How? Group task brainstorm, as shown below.

#### How? Group task brainstorm



Ask: 'What was the child's name?', 'How did the child feel?'



'Where was the child going?', 'What were they doing?'



'What did the woman look like?', 'What was she carrying?'



'What happened to the woman?'



'What did the child do?', 'What did the woman say?'

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10 minutes **Spelling** Write the following on the chalkboard: good, better, best old, older, eldest bad, worse, worst Ask the pairs to say sentences using the following comparatives and write them in their

exercise books 'I am good at football, David Beckham is but Jay-Jay is the \_

'My father is old, his brother is \_\_\_\_\_ but his father is the .'

minutes

Word/phrase cards

minutes

Shared writing/ Rules

minutes

**Brainstorm** 

minutes

#### Reading

Pair task

#### **Shared writing**

#### **Brainstorm**

#### **Plenary**

#### Whole class teaching

Explain to the pupils Remind the pupils that some words do not that it is important to use follow the rules when interesting words and phrases in their writing. it comes to comparing.

> Show the first six word/ phrase flash cards and make sure the pupils understand them

> > Show the next three word/phrase cards, read and explain them.

Ask the pairs to think of interesting adjectives to describe a responsible citizen, eg: caring, kind, generous.

Add any new words to the wow! words wall.

#### Whole class teaching

Read the shared writing recount the pupils wrote with you yesterday and the previous day.

Ask the pupils to help you to write the recount writing rules on the chalkboard.

Ask them to check that their recount has followed all the recount writing rules on this week's weekly page.

#### **Group task**

Write, 'The responsible citizen' in the middle of the chalkboard or on a large piece of paper.

Tell the pupils they are going to write a recount about a child who helps Mrs Ibrahim on her way home.

Teach How? Group task brainstorm, as shown left.

Choose a pupil from each group to say their idea and write it on the chalkboard.

Repeat with the other questions in the recount brainstorm on this week's weekly page.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read some ideas from the brainstorm.

Read out this week's words/phrases and any wow! words that the pupils suggested.

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Writing frame/Brainstorm/ Wow! words wall

### Week 9:

# Responsible citizen

## Day 4:

# **Guided writing**

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Use 'more' or 'most' to compare things.

Use a writing frame to write a recount.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Read the recount writing frame in this week's weekly page.

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from yesterday.

Read How? Responsible citizen writing frame 1, as shown below.

# How? Responsible citizen writing frame 1



Look at yesterday's brainstorm to promote ideas for writing.



Using the brainstorm, ask: 'What was the child's name?', 'How old was the child?'



'Where was the child going?', 'What was he/she doing?'



'What did the woman look like?', 'What was she carrying?'



Ask pupils to role play the old woman carrying heavy bags.

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10 minutes Word/phrase cards

15 minutes Rules/ Brainstorm

20 minutes How

Wow! words wall

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Whole class teaching

Say the following words and clap the syllables: 'beau-ti-ful' 'im-port-ant' 'ex-pen-sive' 'hand-some'

Explain that these words do not follow the rules. They use 'more' and 'most' when making comparisons, eg: beautiful, more beautiful, most beautiful.

Ask the pupils to say the following sentence using 'more' and 'most': Samson is handsome, Femi is \_\_\_\_\_ handsome, but Bode is the \_\_\_\_\_ handsome.

Tell the pupils to draw the boys and label them in their exercise books.

#### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pairs to explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing what they mean.

Ask the pupils to suggest other words for 'said' and write them on the wow! words wall.

#### **Guided writing**

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils they are going to write their own recount called 'The responsible citizen'.

Read through the recount writing rules on the chalkboard.

Read through the brainstorm from yesterday with the class.

#### Independent writing

#### **Individual task**

Tell the pupils to write 'The responsible citizen' in their exercise books.

Teach How? Responsible citizen writing frame 1, as shown left, and keep the writing on the chalkboard to continue tomorrow.

Write any difficult spellings on the chalkboard but do not write pupils' ideas in sentences on the chalkboard.

Encourage the pupils to use words from the wow! words wall.

Check that the pupils are using speech marks and full stops correctly.

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read out the sentences they have written.

Discuss any wow! words they have used.

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Writing frame/Grid/Brainstorm/ Wow! words wall

### Week 9:

# Responsible citizen

## Day 5:

# **Guided writing**

Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Correctly spell comparative words.

Finish writing a recount.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Have ready the writing frame from yesterday and the comparative grid from today's spelling task, on the chalkboard.

Have ready the brainstorm and wow! words wall from earlier this week.

Read How? Responsible citizen writing frame 2, as shown below.

# How? Responsible citizen writing frame 2



Look at the brainstorm to promote ideas for writing.



Ask: 'What happened to the old woman?'



'What did the child do?', 'Who else came to help?'



'What did the old woman say?'



Ask pupils to role play the child helping the old woman.

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10 Grid minutes

10 minutes 15 minutes How

20 minutes Wow! words wall/ Brainstorm

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

### Pair task

Ask the pupils to look at this week's work in their exercise books.

Tell them to discuss and explain, in pairs, some of the rules for spelling comparative words they have learned.

Tell them to complete the comparative grid, shown below.

#### Comparative grid

adjective	add 'er'	add 'est'
short	shorter	shortest
early		
	sadder	
		tiniest
big		
happy		

#### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to write some of this week's words/phrases on the chalkboard as you say them.

Ask the pupils to say some sentences with the new words/phrases.

Read and explain the wow! words.

Remind the pupils that they can use the wow! words when they are writing their recounts.

#### **Guided writing**

#### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that they are writing a recount about a responsible citizen.

Remind them of the rules for recount writing.

Teach How? Responsible citizen writing frame 2, as shown left.

#### Independent writing

#### Individual task

Ask the pupils to open their exercise books where they started writing 'The responsible citizen' yesterday.

Ask them to complete paragraphs 3 and 4.

Encourage them to use the wow! words wall and the brainstorm.

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to read part of their recounts to the class.

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# Weekly page Primary 5, literacy lesson plans

# Week 10: How to clean a house

#### Words/phrases

# Write these words on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week. Make two flash cards for each word.

disease
wise
advice
frequently
thoroughly
remembered
taught
furniture
gather
cobweb
polish
disinfectant

#### **Learning expectations**

#### By the end of the week:

# All pupils will be able to:

Read and follow a set of instructions.

# Most pupils will be able to:

Write a set of clear instructions using a prompt sheet.

# Some pupils will be able to:

Write clear instructions independently.

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Write this **passage** on the chalkboard or a large piece of paper and leave it there for the week.

#### Keeping the house clean

Mrs Dala lives in a town with her husband now, but she used to live in a village. Before she was married her mother gave her some wise advice.

"You must always keep your house clean," her mother told her. "It isn't good to live in a dirty house. Dust and dirt spread disease."

Mrs Dala remembered what her mother had told her and always kept her house thoroughly clean. She taught her children how to keep the house clean too. She taught them to tidy and put things away where they belong first. Then to gather together all the equipment they would need before they started to clean: a broom, cleaning cloths, a bucket, disinfectant and polish.

"Take cobwebs down with a broom first," she told them. "Don't sweep round the mats. Remove the mats, shake them outside, then sweep the whole room."

She sometimes told her children to carry the furniture outside too. She also told them to wash floors frequently because this removes dust better than sweeping.

#### **Rules for instructions**

Write the following rules on the chalkboard and leave them there for the week:

Write a title and explain what is going to be made or done.

List the equipment, materials, tools or ingredients needed.

Use numbers or bullet points and write in the correct order.

Write in clear sentences.

Use imperative verbs.

Use time connectives, eg: first, second, next, then.

Include diagrams if they are helpful.

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Sentences/Passage/ Paper

# Week 10: How to clean a house

# Day 1: Wise advice

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell high frequency words quickly.

Use conjunctions to join sentences.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Write the joining sentences from today's grammar task, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Copy Keeping the house clean from this week's weekly page on to a large piece of paper or the chalkboard.

Read How? Learning high frequency words, as shown below.

How? Learning high frequency words



Write the high frequency words on the chalkboard.



Give the pupils blank cards to write some high frequency words on.



Tell the pupils to read the words to each other, then write them in their exercise books.



Tell the pupils to exchange exercise books to check their spellings.



Pupils should write out incorrect words five times using 'look, say, hide, write, check'.

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10 How minutes

15 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Passage

10 minutes Sentences

20 minutes Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Grammar

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Learning high frequency words, as shown left, using the following words: water

water away good want over how did

man

going

#### Whole class teaching

Read out the words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Hold up the first three word/phrase flash cards and explain their meaning.

Tell the pupils that this week they are going learn to write clear instructions.

Ask the pairs to think about when instructions are useful.

Read and explain the passage, Keeping the house clean, on the chalkboard.

Ask the pupils to say what they do at home to help their mother.

#### Pair task

Choose some pairs to say what a conjunction is (a word that joins two short sentences together).

Remind the pupils that 'and' joins two ideas, 'because' explains things and 'but' contrasts things.

Read out the following joining sentences:

'Mrs Dala remembered her mother's words. She always kept her house clean.'

'Wash the room frequently. This removes dust better.'

Ask the pairs to say one long sentence, joining the two sentences using a conjunction.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Group A:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw and label pictures to explain the work the children do.

#### **Group B:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups C and D:**

Tell the pupils to join the sentences on the chalkboard with a conjunction, in their exercise books.

#### Pair task

Ask the pairs to discuss the following question: 'Why should you keep the house clean?'

Tell the pairs to reply in sentences using the conjunction 'because'.

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Sentences

# Week 10: How to clean a house

# Day 2: Keeping the house clean

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell high frequency words quickly.

Use conjunctions in sentences.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Write the joining sentences from today's grammar task, shown right, on the chalkboard.

Read How? Joining sentences, as shown below.

## How? Joining sentences



Ask some pupils to write the conjunctions on the chalkboard.



Choose some pupils to join sentences with a conjunction.



Invite some pupils to join sentences with a conjunction.



Ask the pupils to join sentences with a conjunction.

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10 minutes



Word/phrase cards

15 minutes Sentences

20 minutes Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

again

#### Reading

#### **Grammar**

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Learning high frequency words from Week 10, Day 1 (yesterday) using the following words: would or took school think home who ran know

#### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Joining sentences, as shown opposite.

Read the first three words/ phrases on the chalkboard and ask the pupils to say them with you.

Hold up the next three word/phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

#### Pair task

Ask the pairs to read the following joining sentences and choose the right conjunction to join them:

'You must always keep your house and surroundings clean. Dust and dirt spread disease.'

'Mrs Dala lives in a town now. She used to live in a village.'

Ask the pairs to say one long sentence, joining the two sentences using a conjunction.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and B:**

Tell the pupils to join the sentences on the chalkboard with a conjunction, in their exercise books.

#### **Group C:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw and label pictures to explain the work they do at home.

#### **Group D:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Whole class teaching

Choose some pupils to role play the work they do at home.

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Rules/ Passage

### **Week 10:**

# How to clean a house

# Day 3: Instructions

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Spell high frequency words quickly.

Write simple instructions.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Make sure the rules for instructions from this week's weekly page are on the chalkboard.

Have ready the passage Keeping the house clean.

Read How? Instructions prompt sheet – how to clean a room, as shown below.

# How? Instructions prompt sheet – how to clean a room



Write the title – The purpose of writing instructions.



Explain that you need an equipment list – things you need to do the job.



Next, begin writing instructions in the order they need to be done.



Explain that instructions contain time connectives, eg: 'then', 'next'.



Remind the pupils that instructions use imperative verbs, eg: 'gather', 'sweep'.

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10 minutes Word/phrase cards/ Passage

15 minutes



Rules

20 minutes

| Matching game/

5 minutes

#### **Spellling**

everyone

through

our

#### Reading

#### Writing

#### Reading

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Teach How? Learning
high frequency words,
from Week 10, Day 1
(earlier in the week), using
the following words:
cat
long
things
new
after
wanted
eat

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils the meaning of the first six words/ phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

Ask the class what they remember about the passage they have been reading this week. Read the passage with the pupils again.

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the class they are going to learn how to write instructions.

Read out the rules for instructions.

Teach How? Instructions prompt sheet – how to clean a room, as shown left.

Read the instructions together and check they make sense.

Rub them off the chalkboard.

#### **Supported group activities**

#### **Groups A and D:**

Tell these pupils to write
'How to clean a room' in
their exercise books. Tell
them to list the equipment
needed and write a
numbered set of instructions
explaining what to do.

#### **Group B:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw and label pictures to explain the work they do at home.

#### **Group C:**

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils what happens when a visitor is expected in their homes. Do they clean and tidy?

Ask them to name some of the tasks involved in cleaning the house.

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Rules/ Flash cards

# Week 10:

# How to clean a house

# Day 4: Instructions

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write some high frequency words in sentences.

Write simple instructions.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the rules for instructions from this week's weekly page on to the chalkboard.

Prepare three blank flash cards for each pair.

Read How? Imperative verbs, as shown below.

# How? Imperative verbs



Invite a pupil to read through the list of equipment from yesterday.



Choose a pupil to read the instruction writing from yesterday.



Choose some pupils to find imperative verbs, eg: 'tidy', 'remove', 'shake'.



Ask the pupils to look for time connectives in the writing, eg: 'first', 'finally'.



Ask some pupils to role play a cleaning task.

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Word/phrase cards

15 minutes

**Grammar** 

15 minutes Matching game/ Snap game

5 minutes

#### **Spelling**

Whole class teaching

Ask the pupils to copy

using the high frequency

\_\_\_ to clean the house.'

words from Days 1—3:

Mrs Dala said 'We are

I like to e\_\_\_\_ mango

I go to s\_\_\_\_ every day.

Tell them to make three

the words from this week.

more sentences using

Ask them to read their

sentences to a partner.

and drink w .'

these sentences

and complete them

### Reading

#### Whole class teaching

Ask the pairs to explain the first nine words/phrases on the chalkboard.

Show the next three word/phrase flash cards and read them with the pupils, discussing their meaning.

Explain that 'imperative' or 'bossy' verbs are the words that tell you what to do. We use them when writing instructions.

Teach How? Imperative verbs, as shown left.

#### Whole class teaching

Remind the pupils that they have been learning how to write instructions.

Ask them to say some of the rules for writing instructions.

Use How? Instructions prompt sheet from Week 10, Day 3 (earlier in the week), to write instructions on 'How to clean a room' with the pupils.

Choose some pupils to come and point to the verbs.

Ask them to discuss with a partner which verbs are used to write instructions (imperative verbs).

### Supported group activities

#### **Group A:**

Reading

Tell these pupils to choose three new words/phrases and draw each word in their exercise books, then play the matching game/snap game.

#### **Groups B and C:**

Tell these pupils to write 'How to clean a room' in their exercise books. Tell them to list the equipment needed and write a numbered set of instructions explaining what to do.

#### **Group D:**

Sit with the pupils for guided reading. After the reading, ask them to draw and label pictures to explain the work they do at home

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Choose one or two pupils to read out the instructions they have written in their exercise books.

Ask the class to put up their hands when they hear an imperative verb.

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Questions/ Word/phrase cards

### **Week 10:**

# How to clean a house

### Day 5:

# Mrs Dala cleans her house

#### Learning outcomes

# By the end of the lesson, most pupils will be able to:

Write some high frequency words in sentences.

Answer questions about a passage.

#### **Preparation**

#### Before the lesson:

Copy the questions from the comprehension task, shown opposite, on the chalkboard.

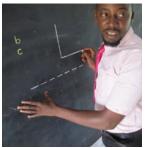
Make a set of word/phrase flash cards for each group.

Read How? Hangman, as shown below.

#### How? Hangman



Choose a word, count the letters in the word and draw a dash for each letter.



Ask the pupils to find the word by guessing one letter at a time.



Every incorrect letter builds part of the scaffold to 'hang the man'.



Every correct letter goes on to the dashes in the right place to help spell the word.



Pupils have to guess the word before the scaffold is completed.

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15 How minutes

15 minutes Word/phrase cards

20 minutes Passage/ Questions 10 minutes

#### **Spelling**

#### Reading

#### Comprehension

#### Plenary

#### Whole class teaching

Tell the pupils that they are going to play a word guessing game.

Teach How? Hangman, as shown left.

When the pupils understand the rules they can play in pairs or small groups.

#### **Group task**

Give each group a set of word/phrase cards.

Read out some of the words/phrases and ask the groups to hold up the matching card.

Choose some pupils to say sentences using the words they are holding.

Ask the class to explain what happened in the passage they have been reading this week.

Ask them what equipment is needed to clean a room.

Choose some pupils to say some of the rules for writing instructions.

#### Individual task

Read out the passage Keeping the house clean.

Explain and discuss the following questions on the chalkboard:

'What did Mrs Dala's mother give her before she got married?'

'How should you clean mats?'

'What removes dust better than sweeping?'

'What did Mrs Dala tell her children to do first?'

Tell the pupils to answer the questions in their exercise books.

#### Pair task

Ask the pairs to take turns giving instructions, using imperative verbs, for their partner to role play.

Ask the class to say what imperative verbs they used in their role play.

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#### **Credits**

Many different stakeholders have contributed to the development and production of these lesson plans.

Much of the work was done by the Kwara State School Improvement Team.

#### Special thanks go to

Honourable Commissioner of Education and Human Capital Development (MOEHCD), Alhaji Mohammed Atolagbe Raji, the Executive Chairman of the State Universal Basic Education Board (SUBEB), Alhaji (Barr) Lanre Daibu and their staff for their time and valuable input.

The Teacher Development Division School, MOEHCD, School Improvement Unit, SUBEB and the State School Improvement Team (SSIT) for their contributions.

Thanks also go to all the teachers who have used these plans and started to bring about change in their classrooms.

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